

2025

ANNUAL REPORT

National Intellectual Property Authority

The State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for
Intellectual Property and Innovations"



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For UANIPIO, 2025 was a year of testing not only operational resilience but also managerial maturity. Under martial law, the institution continued to perform its functions as the National Intellectual Property Authority, ensured the high quality of services and strengthened its role in shaping economic policy based on knowledge, technology and creative potential.

For the Supervisory Board, three dimensions of performance are fundamental: trust in procedures, measurability of management and economic utility of the intellectual property system. In 2025, these dimensions acquired practical significance. The maintenance of the quality management system in accordance with ISO 9001:2015, the high level of KPI implementation, the convenience of electronic filing of applications indicate that the Office operates in a predictable, controlled and applicant-oriented manner. For businesses, this means lower transaction costs, faster access to legal protection, and certainty when investing in intangible assets.

At the same time, UANIPIO is increasingly functioning beyond its role as a registration authority. The development of the IP4R Index, a methodology for assessing the economic contribution of IP-intensive industries, regional profiles and analytics on industrial parks lays the groundwork for data-driven solutions. Currently, patent-intensive industries already account for 4.13% of Ukraine's GDP and 6.79% of employment. This is a signal for industrial, innovation, and regional policies: intellectual property must be integrated into recovery programs as consistently as infrastructure, financing, or human capital.

Particular emphasis should be placed on the European dimension. UANIPIO's participation in the preparation of Ukraine's negotiating position under Chapter 7 "Intellectual Property Law", the integration of approximately 600 thousand Ukrainian trademarks into TMview, the development of cooperation with EUIPO, EPO and WIPO increase Ukraine's visibility for investors, applicants and the professional community. This brings the national system of intellectual property protection closer to European standards, strengthens the ability of Ukrainian companies to work in foreign markets.

The task of the next stage is to consolidate this transition: from formal protection of rights to the economic use of intellectual assets. The Supervisory Board will support decisions that strengthen the quality of examination, integrity, digitalization, financial discipline, European compatibility and commercialization of Ukrainian developments. In this model, intellectual property contributes to the recovery of Ukraine: through investments, jobs, technological autonomy, exports and competitiveness of the economy.

Anatolii KODYNETS

Chairman of the Supervisory Board of UANIPIO,
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2025 reconfirmed that in the modern economy, intellectual property is not a peripheral legal category, but one of the key indicators of the quality of the state's development, the maturity of its institutions and the ability of the economy to create its own added value. In a world where competition is increasingly driven not only by resources, but also by technology, brands, data, creative content, engineering solutions and jurisdictional credibility, the role of IP is growing systematically and irreversibly.

For Ukraine, this role is even broader. Intellectual property today is simultaneously an issue of economy, security, European integration, innovative capacity and national subjectivity. A country striving to be not only a sales market or a production site, but a full-fledged participant in the global technological and creative turnover, should be able not only to create an intellectual product, but also to identify it as Ukrainian, protect it, commercialize and localize its economic effect in Ukraine.

That is why, in 2025, UANIPIO proactively exercised its powers and performed the functions of the National Intellectual Property Authority. We worked to ensure that the Ukrainian IP system was not only sustainable, but also consistent with the logic of the modern world economy: transparent for the applicant, predictable for the investor, suitable for the innovator, relevant for the creative industries and compatible with the European legal and institutional framework.

The results of the year provide a strong basis for this. In 2025, UANIPIO received about 40,000 applications for industrial property rights, more than 30,000 of which were trademark applications. The share of electronic filing of applications reached 85.7%, and the number of consultations provided exceeded 11,000. These are not only indicators of operational activity, this is evidence that even under conditions of war, the demand for legal protection of intangible assets persists, and therefore a request for formalization of law, technological competition, investment predictability and the development of a legal market for intellectual assets remains strong.

2025 was also the year of closer alignment of Ukraine with the European IP ecosystem. UANIPIO contributed to the preparation of Ukraine's negotiating position under Chapter 7 "Intellectual Property Law" as part of the EU accession negotiation process. This involves improving the quality of examination, deepening professional integration, expanding opportunities for Ukrainian applicants and integrating Ukraine in the European space of technological protection as a full-fledged participant. For a state that aims at an innovation-driven recovery, this is not only a matter of legal adaptation, but also of long-term economic architecture, as well as the preparation of measures to implement the EU acquis in this area. The integration of nearly 600 thousand Ukrainian trademarks into TMview was not only a technical achievement, but also an important signal to the international professional community and business: the Ukrainian IP system is becoming more visible, open and compatible with the European data infrastructure. Equally as important was the deepening of cooperation with the European Patent Office, which opens up new opportunities for the development of patent examination and strengthens Ukraine's preparation for accession to the European Patent Convention, which in this context is viewed not as an isolated international legal step, but as a part of a broader transformation of the Ukrainian patent system.

At the same time, it is fundamentally important for us that integration into the European space does not mean the dissolution of the Ukrainian intellectual product in external jurisdictions. One of the key challenges of the coming years is precisely the national intellectual identification of Ukraine: the ability to clearly indicate the Ukrainian origin of innovations, technologies, brands, creative outputs and traditional products; to strengthen their legal protection; to create conditions under which the economic value arising from the Ukrainian idea, knowledge or creativity works as much as possible for Ukraine. This applies to high technologies, cultural and creative industries, geographical indications, national brands, and new export products.

That is why, in 2025, UANIPIO strengthened not only the registration, but also the analytical capacity of the state in the IP sphere. The development of the IP4R Index methodology and the methodology for assessing the economic contribution of IP intensive industries to the economy of Ukraine made it possible to move beyond general statements about intellectual property, using instead the language of data, industries and solutions. The study showed that patent-intensive industries alone account for 4.13% of Ukraine's GDP and 6.79% of employment, while pharmaceuticals, mechanical engineering, medical equipment, electronics and biotechnology emerging as key sectors with stable patent intensity today. This means that IP increasingly becomes a marker of the investment attractiveness of sectors and regions, as well as an instrument of more accurate industrial policy.

This is of particular importance for those areas in which the competitiveness of Ukraine will be determined in the coming decade: miltech, agrotech, medtech, metallurgy, IT and other technological areas of the real sector of economy. For these industries, intellectual property is no longer merely optional legal support, but part of the value creation cycle: from research and design to production scaling, partnership development, entering foreign markets and protecting against unauthorized copying. After all, if the state aims to strengthen its own technological base, IP should be viewed as an element of industrial, defense and innovation policy at the same time.

In 2025, we also consistently invested in the development of an environment in which intellectual property becomes an accessible tool for those driving innovation. During the year, more than 120 events were held for over 10,000 participants, 6 new TISC centers were established, bringing their total network to 48. The development of practice-oriented support programs was continued, including Lab2Market MedTech, Neuro Impact Challenge and Lab2Market Veterano. For us, these are not separate projects, but a part of an approach according to which IP should work not only for large players, but also for a researcher, a startup team, a university, a veteran, an engineer, a creator, a small enterprise.

The development of the professional community remained an equally important area. Since the quality of the national IP system is determined not only by laws or digital services, but, first of all, by the people who manage legal practice, examination, search, evidence and law enforcement on a daily basis. In 2025, more than 100 examiners were engaged in UANIPIO's patent examination activities, with an average professional experience of 18 years. At the same time, 100% of the examiners took part in at least one external specialized course or training, including those organized by the WIPO Academy and the EPO Academy. After all, in times of rapid technological change, the professional community is as strategic an asset as the regulatory framework itself.

The significance of artificial intelligence merits special emphasis. In 2025, it became abundantly clear that artificial intelligence in the field of IP is no longer an experiment, but a new operational framework for risk management, data analysis, infringement monitoring and content evaluation. It is important for Ukraine not just to observe this process, but to develop its own ability to use such tools in law enforcement, services for applicants, analytics and protection of rights in the digital environment. In the coming years, it is the combination of human expertise with intelligent digital tools that will determine the new quality of IP administration.

2025 showed one fundamental thing: intellectual property in Ukraine can no longer be perceived only as a technical procedure for the registration of rights. It becomes a language in which the country describes its innovative capacity, cultural heritage and modern achievements; a tool with which the economy protects the value it creates; and a space in which a recognizable Ukrainian intellectual product is formed – from invention and technology to design, music, brand, and regional, local product.

That is why, for UANIPIO, 2025 was a year not only of resilience, but also of a meaningful rethinking of the role of IP in the development of the state. Our task is not only to administer the system. Our task is to help create a model in which Ukrainian inventors, innovators, creators, scientists, business and the professional community will have more opportunities to create, protect, scale and capitalize the Ukrainian intellectual product in Ukraine and together with Ukraine.

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1. OVERVIEW OF THE KEY RESULTS

In 2025, the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office of Intellectual Property and Innovations" (UANIPIO, IP office, Office) ensured high institutional stability, effective implementation of strategic tasks and further integration into the European IP (Intellectual Property) space. The key results of the year indicate the systemic nature of the Office's development.

The implementation of the strategic goals in 2025 was practical and covered both the internal development of the institution and the strengthening of its external capacity. UANIPIO has maintained the compliance of the quality management system with the requirements of ISO 9001:2015.

According to the results of the audit report No. Z-A 677423/GC/9001, a certificate of compliance of the quality management system with the requirements of the international standard **ISO 9001:2015**, certificate registration number 32072300505 (DEKRA Certification Sp. z o.o. Stuttgart) was issued. The certificate is valid until July 03, 2026.

On May 13, 2025, a contract was concluded with "GLOBAL CERTIFIK" LLC for the second supervisory audit of the Quality Management System (QMS) of UANIPIO, which was successfully conducted on June 10-11, 2025.

In 2025, 4 meetings of the Coordination Council were held, at which the Quality Objectives, the Internal Audit Program, the Results of the functioning of the quality management system of UANIPIO for the II half of 2024 and the I half of 2025 were considered. Two QMS audits were conducted under the internal audit program.

In October 2025, a report on the quality management system of UANIPIO for 2025 was sent to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) in accordance with Chapter 21 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) International Search and Preliminary Examination Guidelines in accordance with the circular of the International Bureau (IB) of WIPO, which received a positive assessment.



At the same time, the analytical, innovative and international capacity of the institution was strengthened: the Regional Intellectual Property Development Index (IP4R Index), the methodology for assessing the economic contribution of IP intensive industries to the economy of Ukraine were developed, the network of Technology and Innovation Support Centers (TISC) was expanded to 48 centers, professional support for creative industries was continued and participation in key European and international initiatives was ensured.

Among the main achievements of the year is the combination of institutional stability with the modernization of services, the development of analytical support for public policy, the expansion of access to knowledge in the field of IP and the strengthening of Ukraine's international presence. At the same time, among the key challenges remained work under martial law, the need to maintain a stable quality of services under a significant load, as well as further increasing the effectiveness of individual units.

The priorities for the next year should be the successful completion of the recertification audit for compliance with ISO 9001:2015, the further implementation of the Strategic Development Plan for 2024-2028, the deepening of the digitalization of services, increasing the efficiency of the Office's units, the development of tools to support the field of intellectual property, innovation and creative sectors of Ukraine, the commercialization of intellectual property and technology transfer, as well as further integration into the European IP ecosystem in the context of adaptation to the EU *acquis* and the development of cooperation with the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO) and the European Patent Office (EPO). Among our priorities, further active cooperation with the World Intellectual Property Organization remains unchanged.

2. SUSTAINABILITY, SOCIAL IMPACT AND INSTITUTIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY

■ Role of Intellectual Property in Economic Recovery

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to build the analytical and institutional foundations for integrating intellectual property into Ukraine's economic recovery, regional development and innovation transformation policies. The Office's activities in this area focused on developing tools to assess the role of intellectual property in the economy, identify growth drivers and support the development of more targeted public policy measures.

One of the key outcomes was the development of the IP4R Index methodology as a tool for monitoring innovation and intellectual property activity across the regions of Ukraine. Developed with the involvement of an interdisciplinary expert working group, the methodology provides for a composite assessment of indicators related to the creation, legal protection and use of intellectual property objects, taking into account agreed weighting coefficients. This approach covers the industrial, commercial and creative dimensions of intellectual property, ensures comparability among regions over time and enables the identification of structural imbalances in the development of the innovation economy.

The IP4R Index has practical significance for economic policy, as intellectual property is regarded as a fundamental asset for the commercialization of innovations, technology transfer and business scaling in the real sector of the economy. Based on the IP4R Index, interactive regional economic and innovation profiles and the IP4R dashboard have been developed, providing prompt access to analytical information and supporting their use by national and local authorities in the preparation of management decisions, development programs and post-war recovery measures.

Another important analytical area was the development of a methodology for assessing the economic contribution of IP-intensive industries to Ukraine's economy, based on the approaches of the EUIPO and the EPO and adapted to Ukraine's institutional and statistical realities. One of the key adaptations was the consideration of the specific nature of patent activity in Ukraine, where a significant proportion of patents is formally concentrated in the fields of higher education and scientific research, although the economic value generated by their use is primarily realized in the real sector of the economy. To address this distortion, the working group developed a mapping between the International Patent Classification (IPC) and the Classification of Types of Economic Activity (KVED) codes, enabling a more accurate attribution of patents to the industries in which they are actually implemented and generate economic value.

The study's findings showed that in 2024, patent-intensive industries accounted for 4.13% of Ukraine's GDP and 6.79% of total employment, which is significantly lower than the corresponding

European Union (EU) averages of 17.4% of GDP and 11% of employment. At the same time, specific KVED classes within the real sector were identified, particularly in the fields of pharmaceuticals, machinery manufacturing, medical devices, electronics and biotechnology, which demonstrate sustained patent intensity and may be regarded as potential drivers of economic growth. This provides an analytical basis for more targeted sectoral support, better targeting of public policy instruments, the stimulation of investment, and economic recovery driven by innovation and technology.



A practical continuation of this work was UANIPIO's action taken towards the development of the innovation dimension of industrial parks as one of the instruments for the structural transformation of Ukraine's economy. The Office views industrial parks as platforms for concentrating innovative production, technology transfer, the commercialization of research results, and attracting investment to priority sectors. As part of this work, UANIPIO provided methodological, expert, and analytical support for the development of the innovation infrastructure of industrial parks and facilitated the integration of intellectual property and innovative solutions into the activities of their residents.

In 2025, 26 consultation events and working meetings were held on the development of innovation activities in industrial parks and regional economic development. In particular, this work was carried out in cooperation with the Ministry of Economy, Environment and Agriculture of Ukraine, the Kyiv Regional Military Administration (KRMA), and representatives of industrial enterprises, universities, and industrial parks. A separate Strategic Session on the concept for the development of innovation activities in industrial parks was also held. As a result, a draft Roadmap for the Development of Innovation Activities in Industrial Parks was prepared.

In parallel, 56 working meetings were held with innovation stakeholders on the development of the innovation ecosystem and innovation infrastructure. UANIPIO also participated in events organized within the framework of the National Platform "Government-Business Dialogue" for entrepreneurs from the Kyiv, Lviv, Kirovohrad and Zaporizhzhia regions, as well as in meetings of the Committee on Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises of the Donetsk Chamber of Commerce and Industry. These activities were aimed at strengthening cooperation between government, business, academia, research institutions and investors, which is essential for the implementation of high-tech solutions, the development of start-ups and the scaling of innovative projects.



UANIPIO also prepared an information and analytical report on the activities of industrial parks based on data from the Ministry of Economy as of the end of the first quarter of 2025. The report is intended for investors, businesses, central and local authorities, think tanks and the academic community, and may be used to support decisions on the location of production facilities, the assessment of public policy effectiveness, and the preparation of regional development programs. The report is available at: <https://nipo.gov.ua/industrialni-parky-analitychna-dovidka/>.

Thus, in 2025, UANIPIO not only continued to perform its functions in the field of intellectual property protection, but also consistently developed the analytical and institutional foundations for integrating intellectual property into Ukraine's economic recovery policy. Through the development of indices, sectoral approaches and support for innovation infrastructure, the Office contributed to the transition towards a more competitive, innovation-driven and resilient model of economic development.

■ Access to Knowledge and Innovation

In 2025, UANIPIO continued its systematic efforts to ensure access to knowledge in the field of intellectual property and to foster an environment conducive to innovation. Through advisory support, infrastructure development and the implementation of practice-oriented programs, the Office consistently strengthened the capacity of researchers, inventors, entrepreneurs and higher education institutions to manage research outcomes as economically valuable intellectual property assets. During the year, 125 events were organized for more than 10,000 participants from different regions of Ukraine.

The development of innovation support infrastructure remained an important component of this work. In 2025, Lutsk National Technical University joined the national network of innovation hubs. At the same time, the network of Technology and Innovation Support Centers (TISCs) was expanded: six new centers were established during the year, bringing the total number of TISCs in Ukraine to 48 by the end of the year, including the TISC Focal Point of the Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations.

Particular attention was paid to practical tools for the commercialization of research outcomes. In 2025, the Lab2Market MedTech acceleration program was implemented to support researchers and inventors in the medical field. It was followed by the Neuro Impact Challenge project, implemented jointly with the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine (MESU) and YURIA-PHARM LLC, which became an example of the development of public-private partnership in the field of innovative medicine.

A separate area of focus was expanding access to innovation activities for socially vulnerable groups. In 2025, the second season of the Lab2Market Veterano program was implemented, aimed at supporting veterans, military personnel and their family members through entrepreneurship, as well as the effective protection and commercialization of intellectual property.

The volume of advisory support remained an indicator of the practical accessibility of intellectual property services. In 2025, UANIPIO provided 11,053 consultations on the registration of industrial property rights, including 577 consultations delivered during in-person appointments with citizens. This demonstrates sustained public demand for knowledge and practical assistance in the field of intellectual property.

■ Institutional Resilience

In 2025, UANIPIO's institutional resilience under martial law was demonstrated primarily through its ability to ensure the continuity of its functions as the National Intellectual Property Authority, maintain the quality of services, and preserve the effectiveness of its internal processes. Despite wartime risks and overall uncertainty, the Office ensured the stable receipt and examination of applications, as well as a high level of service accessibility. In 2025, 37,698 applications were received, 85.7% of which were filed electronically. This demonstrates not only operational continuity but also the institution's ability to adapt to crisis conditions through digital solutions.

Quality management remained an important component of institutional resilience. UANIPIO continued to operate a quality management system in accordance with DSTU ISO 9001:2015, ensuring the maintenance of appropriate management standards even during wartime. Thus, the Office's resilience in 2025 was defined not only by its ability to continue operating, but also by its capacity to do so in a controlled, standardized and predictable manner.

■ Responsible Governance

In 2025, responsible governance at UANIPIO was reflected primarily in management by objectives and results. To implement the Strategic Development Plan for 2024–2028, a work plan for 2025 was approved, comprising 144 tasks and 410 activities, 400 of which were completed in full. In addition, the KPI system demonstrated a high level of organizational performance management: the average level of KPI achievement across structural units was 97%, while 47% of units achieved 100% performance. This confirms the transition from formal administration to a governance model based on planning, monitoring and performance evaluation.

Another manifestation of responsible governance was a strong focus on the public interest and support for users of the intellectual property system. Advisory services, educational programs, the development of the TISC network, and support for researchers, entrepreneurs, veterans and other target groups demonstrate that the Office views its activities not merely as the execution of administrative procedures, but as the fulfilment of a broader public mandate – promoting knowledge, innovation and access to intellectual property tools. It is this combination of effective management, responsiveness to public needs and a results-oriented approach that forms the foundation of the institution's responsible governance under wartime conditions.

3. PERFORMANCE AND QUALITY OF SERVICE INDICATORS

In order to implement the UANIPIO's Strategic Development Plan for 2024-2028 and in accordance with Paragraph 7.4 of Section 7 of the Charter of UANIPIO, Order No. 49, dated February 25, 2025 "On the implementation of the Goals and Key Results and Key Performance Indicators" was approved. The implementation of key performance indicators (KPIs) and objectives and key results (OKRs) in the activities ensures the successful implementation of strategic directions, which are outlined by the statutory tasks of the Office.

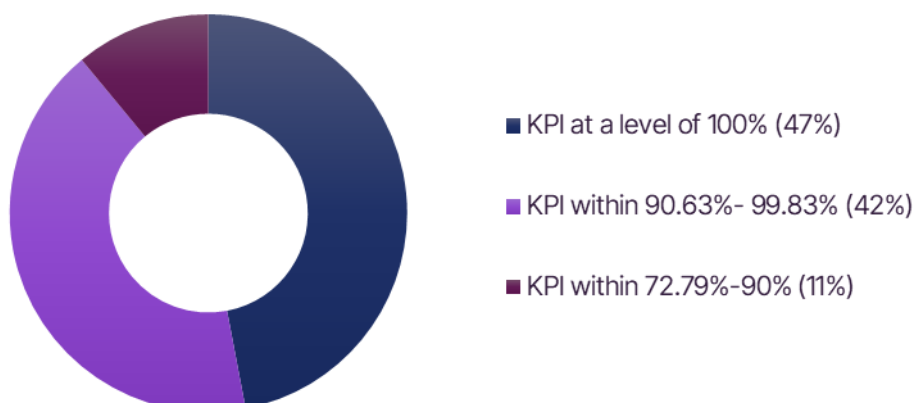
The comprehensive method of implementing the OKR and KRI system in UANIPIO forms a holistic approach to managing and measuring the achievements of strategic success in the conditions of modern adaptability of the business environment and the situation in Ukraine as a whole. The implemented system plays a significant role in increasing the productivity and orderliness of processes at different levels.

Using the OKR and KPI system, UANIPIO has transparent management of team performance, which is fully consistent with UANIPIO values and allows to constantly monitor progress and strive for self-improvement.

According to the annual reports submitted by the heads of separate structural units, the level of KPI implementation varies from 72.79 to 100%, with an average value of 97%. Most units have achieved a high level of KPI implementation – more than 81%.

47% of units achieved the highest performance level of 100%, demonstrating leadership and sustainable efficiency; 42% of units met KPIs within 90.63-99.83%, confirming the stability of work and efficiency of task implementation; only 11% of units provided KPI indicators within 72.79-90%, which indicates the potential for improving the efficiency of these structural units (Fig. 3.1).

Figure 3.1. KPI performance indicators in 2025

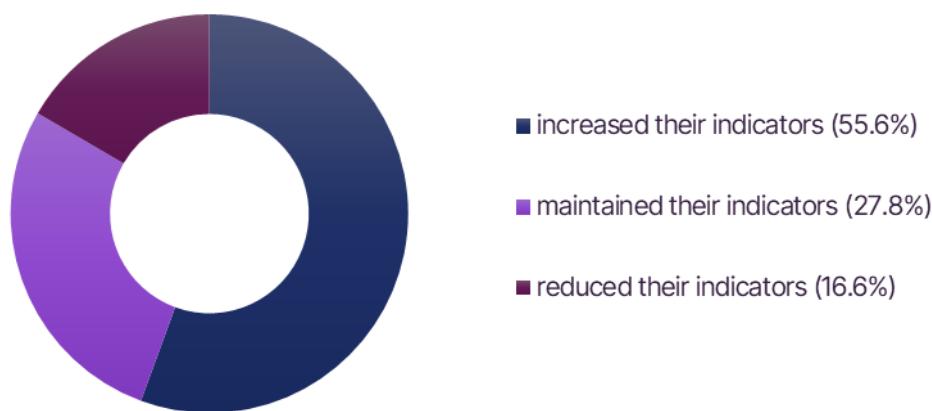


Comparing the indicators for 2025 and 2024 (indicators for the third and fourth quarters of 2024 are taken as average for the year), some units not only maintained the maximum level of performance, but also increased their indicators to 100%. At the same time, the number of units in which a decrease in results was recorded is insignificant and not systematic. This indicates an overall improvement in the efficiency of the units and a positive trend in the implementation of KPIs in 2025 compared to 2024.

Among 100% of the units, according to the reports of 2024 and 2025, 55.6% of the units showed an improvement in performance (in particular, from 87.8-98% in 2024 to 100% in 2025). At the same time, 27.8% of units maintained a stable level of task completion, of which 24.1% remained in the leading positions with a KPI performance indicator of 100% (Fig. 3.2).

At the same time, 16.6% of units have reduced their performance, while the minimum KPI implementation rate is 72.79%, which generally corresponds to the appropriate level.

Figure 3.2. Comparative analysis of KPI performance for 2024 and 2025



The obtained results indicate a high level of efficiency of the activities of most structural units and the successful implementation of the KPI system within the framework of the implementation of the Strategic Development Plan for 2024-2028. The majority of units demonstrate consistently high or maximum performance, and the positive dynamics compared to 2024 confirms the increase in performance and high-quality performance of the tasks. At the same time, a small share of units with lower indicators demonstrates the availability of reserves for further efficiency improvement and the need for targeted management decisions.

■ Quality Control of Examination and Application Processing

Quality control of examination and application processing is divided into internal and external control.

Internal quality control is carried out on a continuous basis by officials of the Department for Examination of Applications for Industrial Property Objects (hereinafter referred to as the Department), using the functional capabilities of automated technological systems (the "Inventions" AIS and the "Marks" AIS) and other information technology resources through full or selective sampling of applications for quality control purposes and recording its results.

Quality control of the work performed by an employee who does not have signing authority is exercised, at the lowest level of subordination, through full review of the results of such employee's work. The proportion of applications subject to review is determined by the official responsible for quality control at the relevant management level.

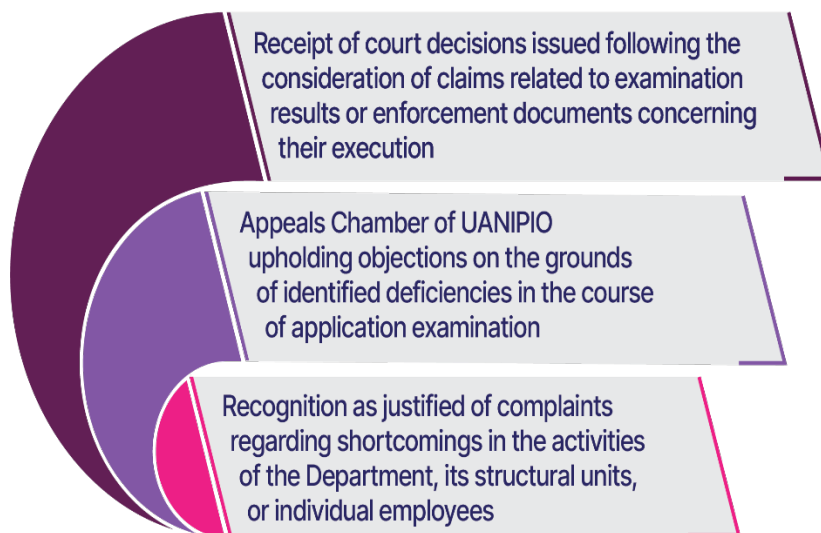
The primary purpose of internal quality control is to identify and eliminate deficiencies committed by examiners and specialists in the course of their work. Internal control is predominantly preventive in nature

and is conducted with respect to documents that have not yet been dispatched to the correspondence addresses indicated for the applications.

External quality control is carried out by the Director or, upon the Director's instruction, by individual officials of UANIPIO who are not employees of the Department.

The purpose of external control is to identify deficiencies and errors in the examination and application processing procedures that were not detected during internal control, as well as to verify the proper organization of internal control and assess its effectiveness.

External quality control of examination and application processing is carried out during inspections of the Department, its structural units, and individual employees in connection with:



■ Methodological Principles of Control

During quality control of examination and application processing, compliance by employees of the Department's units with the requirements of the legislation of Ukraine and the provisions of internal regulatory and methodological documents is verified.

Officials responsible for control classify identified deficiencies according to their nature, assess the quality of the work performed by describing the aggregate of identified errors, provide recommendations on how to eliminate them, and communicate the results of the control to the examiner (or other performer of the work) and the examiner's immediate supervisor, including a description and codes of the errors and recommendations for their correction, while providing them with an opportunity to submit substantiated comments or objections.

When assessing the quality of the reviewed work, the causes of identified deficiencies are, where possible, established and analyzed in order to determine whether they are subjective or objective in nature.

When determining the nature and significance of the causes of deficiencies for assessing the quality of the work performed, account is taken of the qualification requirements applicable to the performer's position; at the same time, any bias or lack of objectivity toward individual employees is not permitted.

In the event of disagreements between an examiner (or other performer of the work) and the examiner's immediate supervisor or the person conducting the control regarding the presence of deficiencies and the methods for their elimination, the relevant issues shall be resolved by a higher-level manager and, in certain cases, with the involvement of the UANIPIO Expert Council.

The overall quality level of the work of employees and structural units is determined by analyzing the deficiencies identified during the reporting period, taking into account whether they are subjective or objective in nature.

■ Maintenance and Development of the Professional Competence of Examiners

UANIPIO ensures the performance of the full range of activities related to patent examination through the Division for Examination of Applications for Inventions, Utility Models and Layouts of Semiconductor Products, which employs more than 100 examiners (102 examiners in 2025).

The allocation of applications for substantive examination is carried out according to the main technical fields. In 2025, the largest share of applications under examination related to organic chemistry, medicine and pharmaceuticals, accounting for 25%. These were followed by biotechnology and the food industry (19%), metallurgy and inorganic chemistry (16%), instrumentation, measuring technology and light industry (14%), construction, mining and transport technologies (10%), information technologies, telecommunications and electrical engineering (9%), and energy and energy-efficient technologies (7%).

The examiner staff of UANIPIO is quantitatively distributed in accordance with the subject matter of incoming applications and possesses an appropriate level of professional qualification. All examiners hold a complete higher education degree (Bachelor's/Master's) in relevant technical specialties and a second higher education degree in the field of intellectual property (Specialist's/Master's degree). Some examiners in technical divisions hold a Candidate of Sciences degree. Examiners possess English-language proficiency sufficient for conducting searches, examinations and preparing documents; certain specialists are also proficient in other foreign languages, including German, French, Spanish and Polish.

The average professional experience of examiners is 18 years; approximately 23% of examiners have between 1 and 5 years of experience, while about 73% have more than 15 years of experience. The existing level of experience and expertise enables the conduct of high-quality searches and examinations across a wide range of technical fields.

Internal training is conducted in the form of seminars (workshops) covering search methodologies, examination practices, preparation of examination documents, and the review of practical cases. In particular, in 2025 internal training was provided in several areas:

- training on specific aspects of examination procedures (including procedures, patent searching, and examination at various stages with respect to particular subject matter claimed as inventions or utility models);

- training concerning the preparation, processing, and technological workflow of examination and document management records;

- analysis of amendments to international treaties (to which Ukraine is a party), as well as examination procedures and approaches;

- analysis of problematic issues identified through external and internal quality control activities and review of errors for corrective purposes;

- exchange of experience relating to the examination of specific industrial property objects, including discussions of international practices;

- dedicated lectures on cybersecurity and cyber hygiene (organized by the Security Division).

The system for maintaining and developing the professional competence of examiners provides for regular participation in internal training programs, distance-learning courses offered by WIPO and the EPO, as well as other events held in Ukraine and within the framework of international cooperation. One hundred percent of the examiner staff participated in at least one external specialized course, training program, seminar, or similar event during the year. In 2025, examiners participated in 10 different distance-learning activities organized by the WIPO Academy and in 18 activities organized by the European Patent Academy, as well as in other professional events.

The maintenance of a high professional standard is also ensured through the regular participation of examiners in training courses, seminars, and webinars dedicated to improving the use of search resources and search tools.

In addition, examiners are provided with opportunities to maintain and improve their foreign language skills through specialized language courses. Furthermore, a mentoring system has been implemented for newly recruited examiners, under which experienced specialists provide guidance and support.

4. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN THE FIELD OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

In 2025, international cooperation remained one of the key instruments for the development of the national intellectual property system, ensuring its resilience amid Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine, accelerating European integration, and implementing international best practices.

UANIPPO's activities focused on three interconnected areas: strengthening strategic partnerships with international organizations, deepening integration into the European IP ecosystem, and expanding the network of bilateral and regional cooperation.



Bogdan Paduchak, First Deputy Director of UANIPPO

4.1. Cooperation with the World Intellectual Property Organization

In 2025, cooperation with WIPO was systematic and strategic in nature and aimed both at developing the national IP system and at ensuring the proper representation of Ukraine's position at the international level.

A key event was the [signing](#) of the Memorandum of Understanding between the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine and WIPO for 2025–2027, which established an updated framework for technical assistance, institutional capacity building, and support for Ukraine’s innovation ecosystem.



Oleksandr Tsybort and Daren Tang during the signing of the Memorandum on 7 July 2025.
Copyright: WIPO. Photo: Emmanuel Berrod

Throughout the year, the participation of the Ukrainian delegation was ensured in more than 20 sessions and working bodies of WIPO, including committees on copyright, patent law, geographical indications, and development and intellectual property (CDIP). This enabled Ukraine to participate directly in shaping international IP policy.

Of particular importance was Ukraine’s participation in the 66th Series of Meetings of the Assemblies of the Member States of WIPO, during which Ukraine was [elected](#) to three key governing bodies of WIPO for the next biennium (July 2025 – July 2027), namely the WIPO Coordination Committee, the Executive Committee of the Paris Union, and the WIPO Program and Budget Committee.



Vladyslav Bilotskyi, Olena Oriuk and Bogdan Paduchak at the 66th Series of Meetings of the WIPO Assemblies
Copyright: WIPO. Photo: Emmanuel Berrod

An important element of cooperation was the implementation of the decision of the WIPO General Assembly on assistance and support for Ukraine’s innovation and creative sectors. In 2025, the WIPO

International Bureau [presented](#) an updated assessment of the impact of the war on Ukraine’s IP system, innovation and creativity sector (document [A/66/8](#)). The assessment confirmed the deep negative impact of the war on innovation and creative activities, while also highlighting the resilience of the national IP system and its capacity to adapt.

A separate priority was work aimed at preventing the misrepresentation of applicants’ addresses and blocking applications containing addresses from the temporarily occupied territories of Ukraine in WIPO systems and on WIPO platforms, which is an important element of protecting state sovereignty.

4.2. Cooperation with the European Institutions and the Promotion of European Integration

In 2025, the European vector of international cooperation was central to UANIPIO’s international activities and was directly linked to the fulfilment of Ukraine’s commitments under the negotiation process for accession to the EU.

In 2025, UANIPIO contributed to the preparation of Ukraine’s negotiating position under Chapter 7 “Intellectual Property Law” within Cluster 2 “Internal Market”. In addition, UANIPIO contributed to the preparation of the draft National Program for the Adaptation of Ukrainian Legislation to the Law of the European Union, in particular in terms of developing detailed measures for the implementation of the EU acquis to ensure the full fulfilment of commitments under the negotiation process for Chapter 7.

The EU4IP project, funded by the European Union and implemented by EUIPO, played an important role. The project helped UANIPIO strengthen legislative alignment, develop analytical materials, and move forward with deeper integration into the European Union Intellectual Property Network (EUIPN).



Edyta Demby-Siwiek, Bogdan Paduchak, Olena Orliuk and João Negrão during the announcement of the integration of national trademarks into TMview
Copyright: EUIPO

A defining achievement of 2025 was [integration](#) into the TMview system. In October 2025, around 600,000 Ukrainian trademarks were integrated into TMview, increasing the transparency, accessibility and attractiveness of the Ukrainian IP system for international users.

Another key achievement was the [signing](#) of the updated Memorandum on Reinforced Technical and Strategic Partnership with the EPO, which opens up new opportunities for the development of patent examination and UANIPIO's institutional capacity on the path towards accession to the European Patent Convention.



The Ukrainian delegation and the EPO delegation during the signing of the Memorandum
Copyright: LinkedIn EPO

Ukrainian experts also actively participated in a wide range of activities supported by European institutions. In particular, this included participation in the Natolin4Capacity Building program, the creation of opportunities for national universities within the framework of the Pan-European Seal program, as well as long-term internships for UANIPIO experts at EUIPO under the Seconded National Expert (SNE) program.



NATOLIN4
CAPACITY BUILDING
PHASE II



Funded by
the European Union

Participation of UANIPIO experts in the Natolin4Capacity Building program

4.3. Regional and Bilateral Cooperation Network

In 2025, UANIPIO significantly expanded the geography of its international cooperation, ensuring active participation in events held in EU Member States, the United Kingdom, the United States and other countries.

Throughout the year, representatives of UANIPIO took part in numerous international conferences, training programs and working meetings covering key areas of intellectual property development, including patent examination, copyright, geographical indications, enforcement and alternative dispute resolution.

Special attention was paid to deepening cooperation with EU Member States, in particular Poland, the Baltic States and Germany, which consistently support Ukraine in its European integration processes.



Olena Orliuk at the IV EU-Eastern Partnership Legal Forum in Warsaw

An important element in developing professional capacity was the study visit to Munich, which took place in May 2025. The visit included familiarization with the work of leading European institutions in the field of intellectual property, in particular the EPO, DPMA, the Munich local division of the UPC, the Federal Patent Court in Munich, and the Max Planck Institute for Innovation and Competition, as well as discussions on practical aspects of examination, enforcement and the functioning of the EU IP system.

This study visit, as well as a number of other support activities in the field of intellectual property, was organised within the framework of the TIPSTER project under the international cooperation project ReACT4UA, funded by the Government of Germany and implemented by the German federal company Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH.



Representatives of UANIPIO and the EPO during the study visit to Munich

Cooperation with international enforcement networks also developed actively, in particular with the REACT Anti-Counterfeiting Network. In April 2025, a Memorandum of Understanding was signed between

UANIPIO and REACT, providing for the development of cooperation in the field of intellectual property rights enforcement.

A separate area of work was the strengthening of cooperation with business associations and the innovation ecosystem, in particular through working meetings with representatives of AmCham Ukraine and AHK Ukraine. This contributed to the development of a more comprehensive approach to the advancement of the intellectual property field.



Meeting of UANIPIO's management with representatives of AHK Ukraine

Overall, international, regional and bilateral cooperation in 2025 ensured substantial knowledge transfer, strengthened partnerships and enhanced Ukraine's role as an active participant in the international IP community.

4.4. Expansion of International Cooperation in the Field of Intellectual Property Commercialization and Technology Transfer

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to integrate international experience in the field of intellectual property commercialization and technology transfer. A representative of the Office participated in the training program Paving the Way for Effective IP Commercialization, implemented with the support of the Intellectual Property Office of Singapore.

The program focused on international best practices in intellectual property protection and commercialization, licensing, franchising, technology transfer, and intellectual property policy development. Additional practical value was provided by visits to innovative companies (NanoFilm Technologies, Smith+Nephew Pte Ltd and Mighty Jaxx), which demonstrated how innovations protected by intellectual property rights can be scaled to global markets.



Olha Kronka and other participants in the international training program Paving the Way for Effective IP Commercialization

In 2025, UANIPIO joined the implementation of the international project DWR/ADM 2024/002/3 "Support for the Development of Entrepreneurship and Competitiveness of Ukrainian Regions – Continuation" (2024–2026), implemented under the Polish Aid international assistance program coordinated by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Poland. UANIPIO participates in the project as a full-fledged partner in the development of innovation infrastructure and smart specialization. UANIPIO representatives participated in meetings of the project Steering Group, as well as in a series of study and working visits to the Republic of Poland, during which the results of the activities of the National IP & Innovations Hub and UANIPIO's achievements in the field of intellectual property and innovation were presented.

As part of the project, study visits were carried out to several cities in the Republic of Poland (Warsaw, Mielec, Lublin, Rzeszów-Jasionka and Wrocław) to examine practical experience in the development of innovation infrastructure, the operation of special economic zones, cluster development and the implementation of smart specialization approaches. Particular attention was paid to the role of public institutions in supporting innovative entrepreneurship, attracting investment and integrating intellectual property into regional development strategies. This format of cooperation facilitated the exchange of practical tools and management approaches relevant for adaptation in the Ukrainian context.



Darya Chayka and other participants in the meeting with representatives of the Łódź Special Economic Zone and the Regional Development Agency of the Łódź Voivodeship.

The experience gained through the project is highly valuable for Ukraine in the context of post-war recovery and European integration, particularly with regard to the implementation of smart specialization, the development of regional innovation ecosystems, and strengthening the role of intellectual property as an economic asset. UANIPIO's participation in the project confirms its capacity to act as a reliable partner in international programs and as a key center of expertise in the field of innovation policy and innovation infrastructure development in Ukraine.

5. EXAMINATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Ukraine has been resisting the full-scale armed aggression of the Russian Federation for more than four years. During this difficult period for the state, Ukraine's economy has suffered significant losses and operates under increased risks and uncertainty.

Despite these difficult conditions, UANIPIO, in accordance with its statutory tasks, ensures the performance of the functions of the National Intellectual Property Authority (NIPA), in particular the examination of applications for industrial property rights (IPRs).



In 2025, more than 37,000 applications for IPRs were filed with UANIPIO, including: 2,620 for inventions, 4,032 for utility models, 1,029 for industrial designs, 30,016 for trademarks (including 24,704 applications under the national procedure), and 1 for layouts of semiconductor products (Table 5.1).

Table 5.1. Filing of applications for IPRs¹

Industrial property rights	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Total received	49,127	29,053	38,315	36,454	37,698
Inventions	3,390	2,758	2,908	2,558	2,620
Utility models	4,427	2,378	3,505	3,749	4,032
Industrial designs	1,836	825	1,112	1,059	1,029
Trademarks	39,467	23,092	30,790	29,084	30,016
under the national procedure	31,346	16,173	25,224	23,817	24,704
under the Madrid System	8,121	6,919	5,566	5,267	5,312
Geographical indications	7	–	–	1	–
Layouts of semiconductor products	–	–	–	3	1

In 2025, 27,752 applications for IPRs were filed through the electronic filing system for industrial property rights, representing 85.7% of the total number of applications (Table 5.2).

Table 5.2. Applications filed through the electronic filing system

Industrial property rights	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total received	24,468	13,099	26,791	26,085	27,752
Inventions	1,099	941	2,299	2,014	1,999
Utility models	977	714	1,342	1,548	1,973
Industrial designs	972	455	912	957	950
Trademarks	21,420	10,989	22,238	21,563	22,830
Layouts of semiconductor products	–	–	–	3	–
Percentage of the total number of applications filed	49.8%	45.2%	81.8%	83.6%	85.7%

5.1. Inventions

In 2025, 2,620 applications for inventions were received (Table 5.3, Fig. 5.1). The number of applications filed under the national procedure increased both from resident applicants, by 11.0%, and from non-resident applicants, by 22.3%.

Table 5.3. Filing and examination of applications for inventions¹

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Applications received	3,390	2,758	2,908	2,558	2,620
under the national procedure	1,574	1,017	1,187	1,155	1,303
from resident applicants,	1,294	792	1,002	967	1,073
including from legal entities	749	510	560	560	624
from non-resident applicants	280	225	185	188	230
under the PCT procedure,	1,816	1,741	1,721	1,403	1,317
including resident applicants	6	3	7	3	2
Preliminary conclusions and examination requests prepared	*	2,311	2,858	3,533	4,519

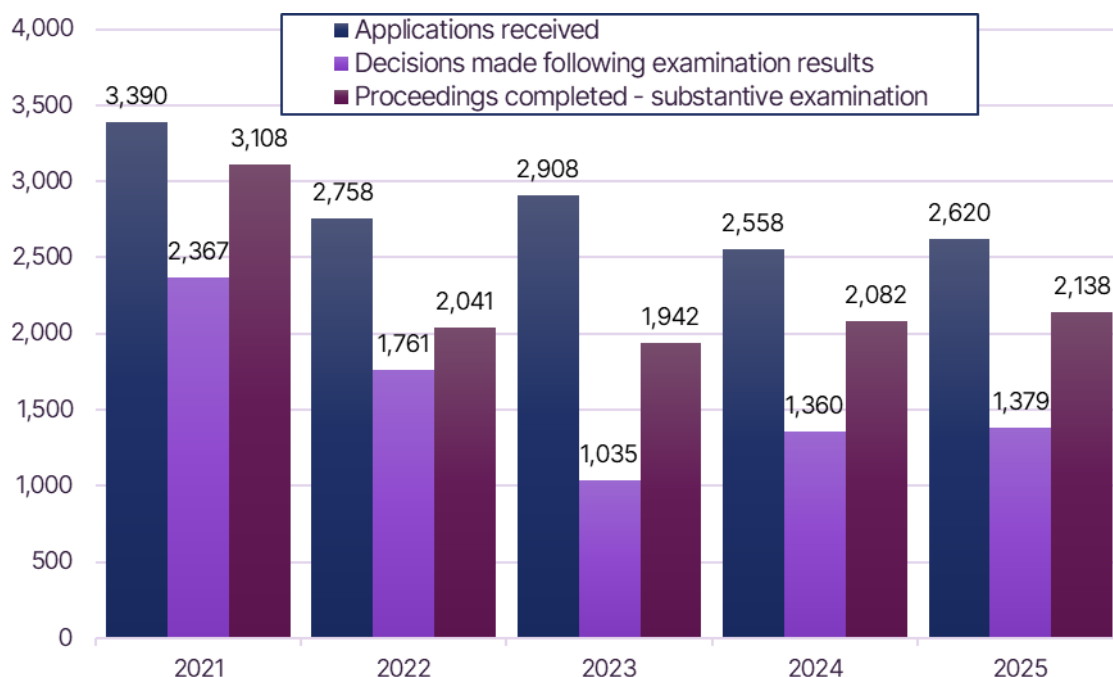
¹ Data for previous years have been revised

² Preliminary data

* Not calculated

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Other documents prepared and sent following examination	*	11,338	14,644	14,719	13,217
Proceedings completed					
formal examination	3,332	2,436	2,716	2,858	2,483
substantive examination	3,108	2,041	1,942	2,082	2,138

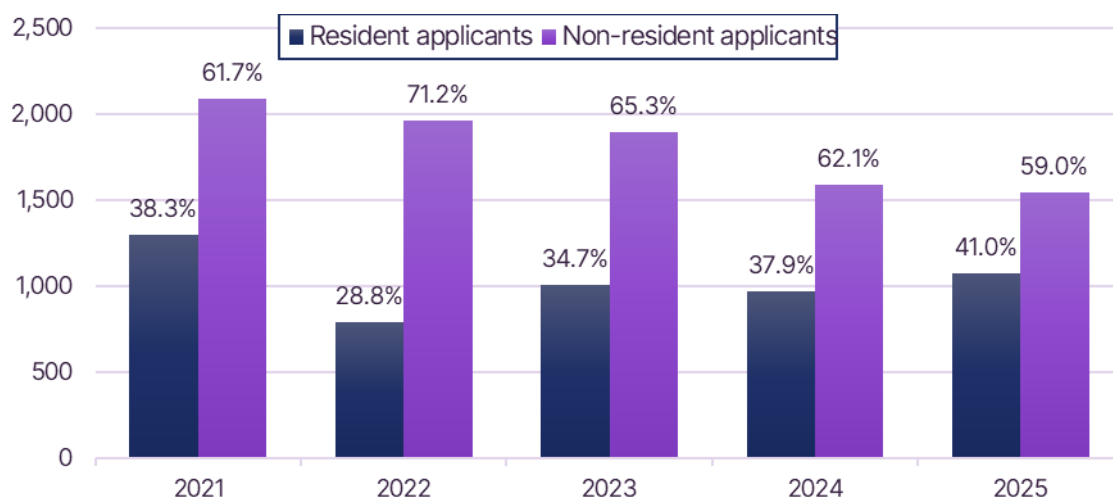
Figure 5.1. Trends in filing and examination of applications for inventions



In the reporting year, 1,379 decisions were made following the examination of applications for inventions, increased by 1.4% compared to 2024, including 1,370 decisions on registration of an invention and 9 decisions refusing registration.

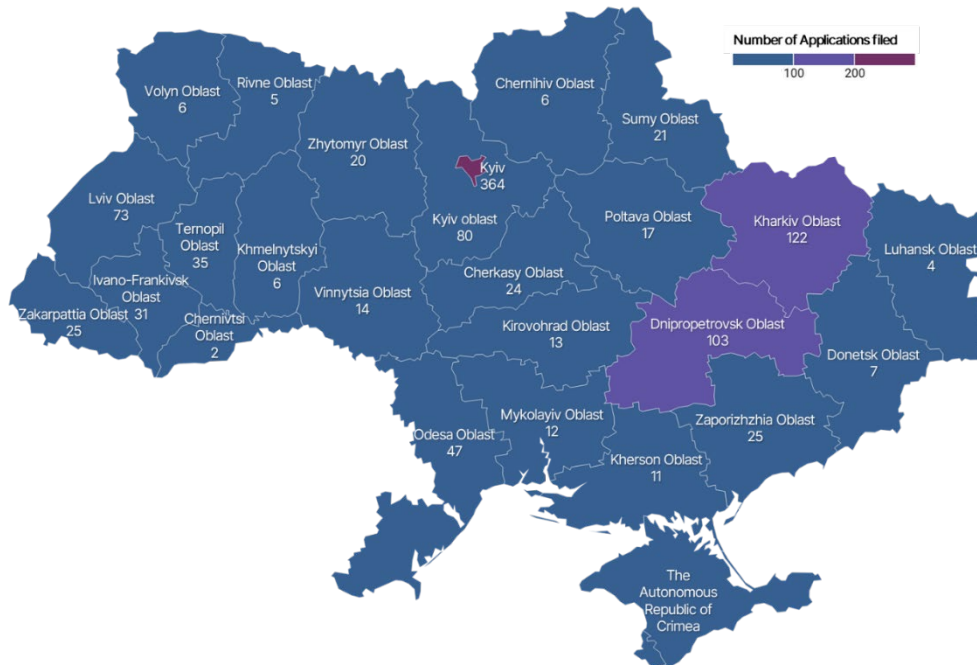
The trends in filing applications for inventions by resident and non-resident applicants is shown in Figure 5.2.

Figure 5.2. Trends in filing applications for inventions



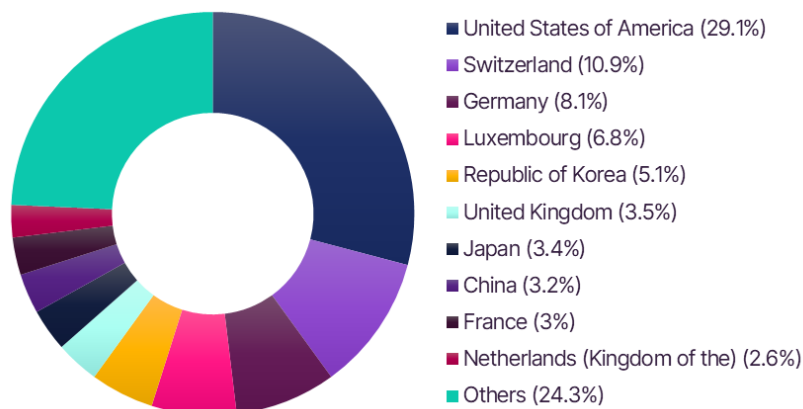
In 2025, resident applicants filed 1,075 applications for inventions. By regional distribution, the largest number of applications came from applicants in Kyiv City (33.9%), Kharkiv (11.3%), Dnipropetrovsk (9.6%), Kyiv (7.4%), Lviv (6.8%), Odesa (4.4%), Ternopil (3.3%), Ivano-Frankivsk (2.9%), Zakarpattia and Zaporizhzhia regions (2.3% each) (Fig. 5.3).

Figure 5.3. Distribution of applications for inventions by regions of Ukraine



The share of applications for inventions filed by non-resident applicants in the total number of applications was 59.0%. More than 85% of applications from non-resident applicants were filed under the PCT procedure. The most active applicants were from the United States of America (449 applications), Switzerland (169), Germany (125), Luxembourg (105), the Republic of Korea (78), the United Kingdom (54), Japan (53), China (50), France (47), Netherlands (Kingdom of the) (40), Sweden (39), and Finland (34) (Fig. 5.4).

Figure 5.4. Distribution of applications for inventions filed by foreign applicants by country of origin



Data on applications for inventions in 2025 indicate that, despite wartime conditions, Ukraine's economy retains innovative and technological capacity, but is not in a phase of full recovery; rather, it is in a phase of partial stabilization. The increase in the total number of applications for inventions to 2,620

(+2.4% compared with 2024), the increase in applications filed under the national procedure to 1,303 (+12.8%), and the growth in national applicants' activity (+10.8%) show that the economy maintains domestic demand for technological solutions, commercialization of developments, and legal protection for R&D results. This is an important indicator that part of the business community, scientific sector, and engineering environment continues to operate not only in survival mode, but also in a mode of investment in future competitiveness.

At the same time, the structure of these indicators shows that recovery is uneven. Positive dynamics are driven mainly by the national segment, while the number of PCT applications decreased to 1,317 (-6.1%). This may indicate that domestic economic actors have gradually adapted to operating in wartime conditions, whereas international patent activity, which is more closely linked to long-term investment, export orientation, and global chains for the commercialization of technologies, is recovering more slowly. In other words, the economy demonstrates internal resilience, but has not yet returned to full external innovation integration.

It is also significant that in 2025, the number of preliminary conclusions and examination requests prepared increased to 4,519, and the number of decisions made increased to 1,379. This shows not only the functional capacity of the institution, but also the presence of a stable flow of technological solutions requiring legal assessment. For the economy, this means that even under high uncertainty, there are still sectors in which new technical results are being created, and therefore a basis remains for industrial renewal, import substitution, and post-war modernization.

At the same time, these data do not justify speaking of full-scale innovation growth. Compared with 2021, the number of applications for inventions in 2025 is still significantly lower, and the high share of the foreign component - 59.0% of all applications - means that Ukraine's patent landscape continues to be shaped largely by external players. Thus, Ukraine's economy still retains scientific and technological potential, but has not yet restored the pre-war intensity of innovation activity.

5.2. Utility Models

In 2025, 4,032 applications for utility models were received, 7.5% more than in the previous year. More than 98.8% of the total number of applications for utility models were filed by resident applicants (Table 5.4, Fig. 5.5).

Table 5.4. Filing and examination of applications for utility models¹

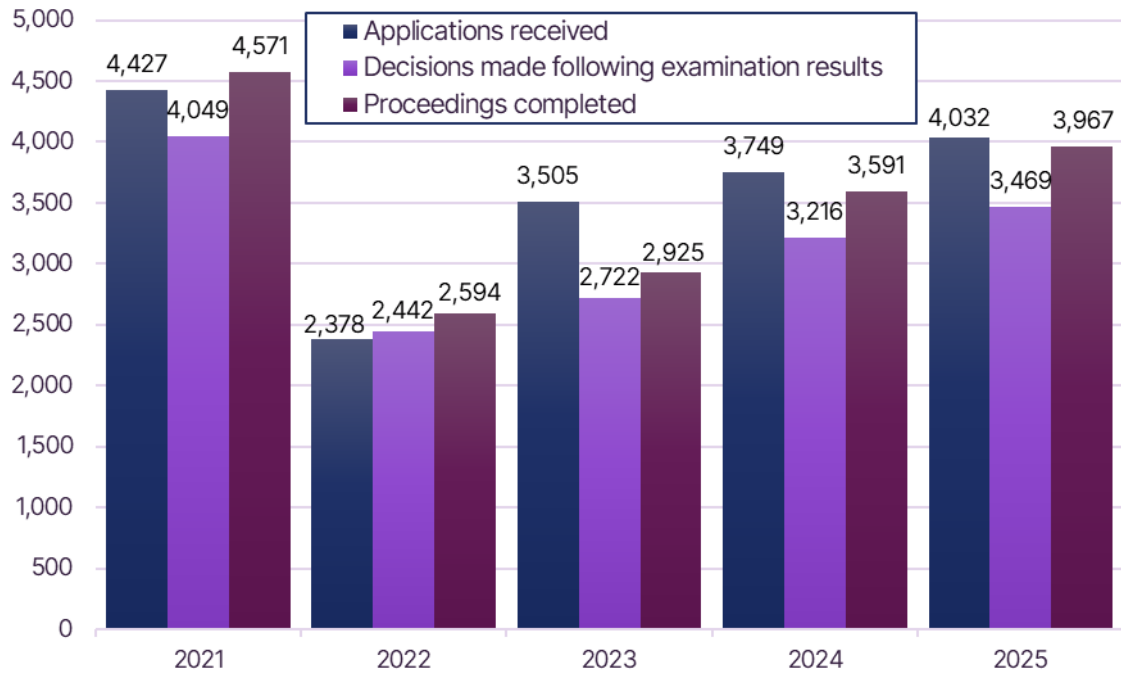
Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Applications received	4,427	2,378	3,505	3,749	4,032
under the national procedure	4,419	2,374	3,500	3,747	4,030
from resident applicants,	4,335	2,326	3,430	3,686	3,984
including from legal entities	2,838	1,496	2,147	2,501	2,680
from non-resident applicants	84	48	70	61	46
under the PCT procedure,	8	4	5	2	2
including from resident applicants	-	-	2	-	1
Preliminary conclusions and examination requests prepared	*	671	1,013	1,855	2,596
Decisions made following examination	4,049	2,442	2,722	3,216	3,469
Other documents prepared and sent following examination	*	4,249	7,224	8,318	8,623
Proceedings completed	4,571	2,594	2,925	3,591	3,967

¹ Data for previous years have been revised

² Preliminary data

* Not calculated

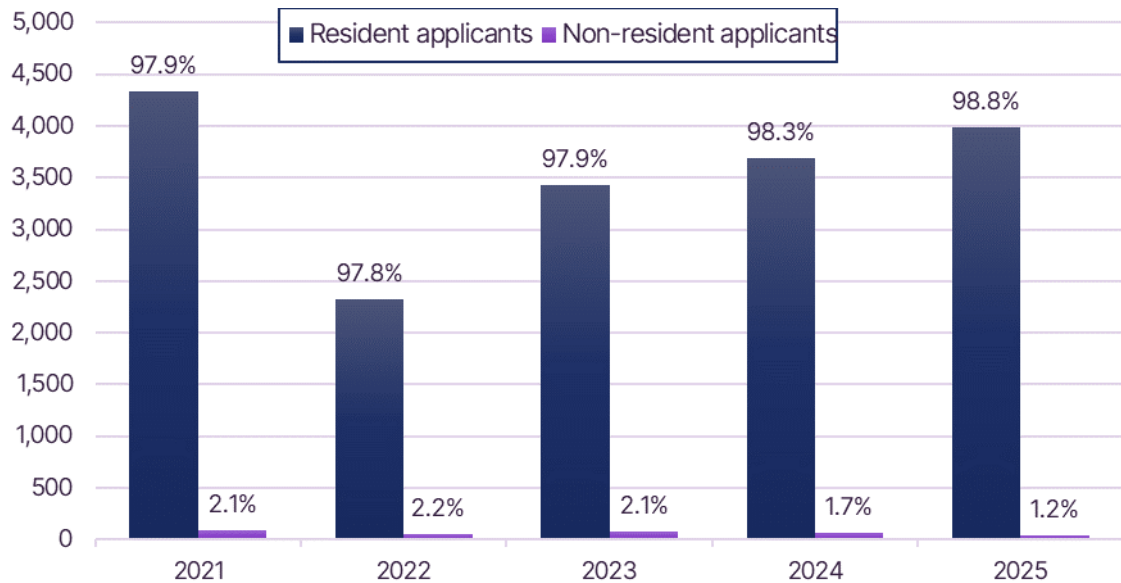
Figure 5.5. Trends in filing and examination of applications for utility models



In 2025, proceedings were completed for 3,967 utility model applications, 10.5% more than the previous year's figure. Following the examination of utility model applications, 3,453 decisions on registration of a utility model and 16 decisions refusing registration were taken, exceeding in total the number of decisions made following examination in 2024 by 7.9%.

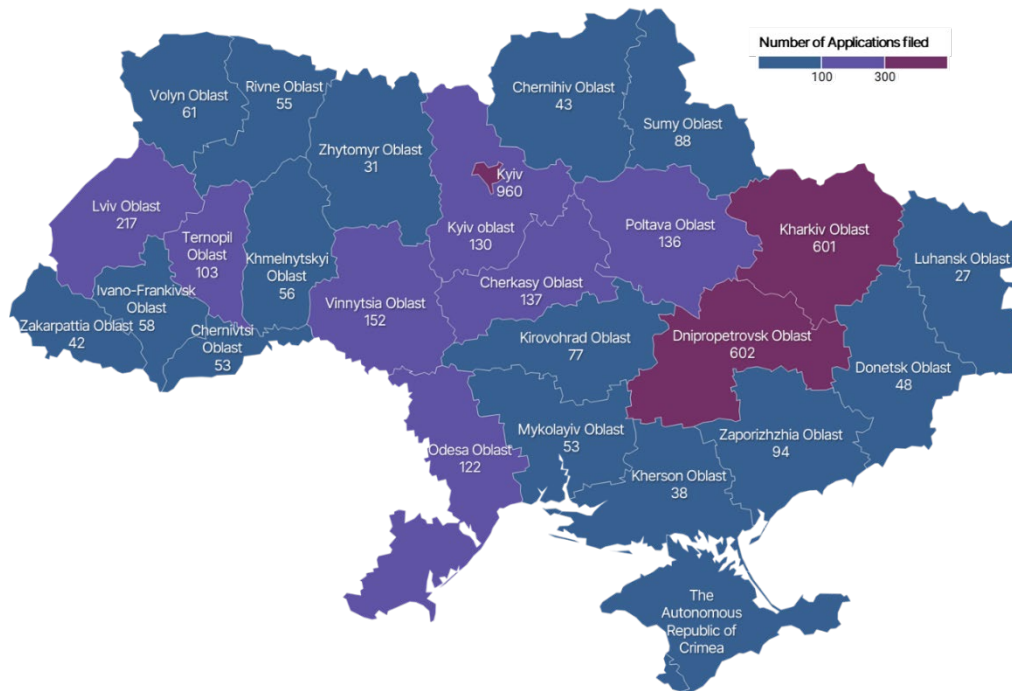
The trends in filing applications for utility models by resident and non-resident applicants is shown in Figure 5.6.

Figure 5.6. Trends in filing applications for utility models



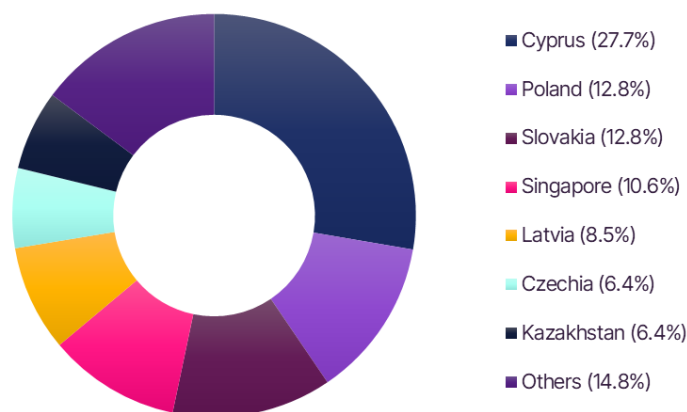
Among resident applicants, the largest number of applications for utility models came from applicants in Kyiv City (24.1%), Dnipropetrovsk and Kharkiv regions (15.1% each), Lviv (5.4%), Vinnytsia (3.8%), and Poltava and Cherkasy regions (3.4% each) (Fig. 5.7).

Figure 5.7. Distribution of applications for utility models by regions of Ukraine



Non-resident applicants filed 47 applications for utility models, 27.7% of which were filed by applicants from Cyprus, 12.8% each from Poland and Slovakia, 10.6% from Singapore, 8.5% from Latvia, and 6.4% each from Czechia and Kazakhstan (Fig. 5.8).

Figure 5.8. Distribution of applications for utility models filed by non-resident applicants by country of origin



Data on utility models in 2025 indicate that, despite wartime conditions, Ukraine's economy retains high domestic applied innovation activity, production flexibility, and a regionally dispersed capacity for technical adaptation. The number of applications for utility models increased to 4,032, which is 7.5% more than in 2024; at the same time, 4,030 applications were filed under the national procedure and 3,984 by resident applicants. Thus, more than 98.8% of this segment is formed within the country, indicating internal economic and technological resilience rather than externally imported activity.

Unlike inventions, where the international component is significant, the utility model segment almost entirely reflects the behavior of the national economy. This gives grounds to believe that in 2025 Ukrainian business, the engineering sector, manufacturing enterprises, and the applied technical sphere not only continued to function, but also actively formalized the results of technical improvements in legal form. Such growth is typical of an economy that is not in a phase of innovation breakthrough, but demonstrates mass adaptation through local technical solutions, production modernization, repair engineering, technological adjustment, and rapid applied improvements.

The structure of the regional distribution of applications reinforces this conclusion and shows that applied technical activity is concentrated not only in the capital, but also in industrial and research-and-production regions that historically have a strong engineering, machine-building, defense, metallurgical, technical, and university base. The high shares of Dnipropetrovsk and Kharkiv regions are especially indicative: despite proximity to a zone of heightened security risk and substantial wartime pressure, these regions retain the capacity to generate technical solutions. This is an important indicator that part of Ukraine's industrial economy is not merely surviving, but continues to produce technical results suitable for legal protection.

At the same time, Kyiv's dominance in the structure of applications indicates the preservation of centralization of innovation and corporate activity, which is typical for an economy under stress: financial, managerial, research, and legal functions are concentrated in the capital. The presence of Lviv, Vinnytsia, Poltava, and Cherkasy regions among the leaders shows that economic recovery is not limited to traditional metropolitan areas, but has a broader territorial base, although an uneven one. This allows us to speak not only of individual "points of resilience" in Ukraine, but also of a network of regional centers of applied technological activity.

The trends in application examination also confirm that this is not an accidental spike. In 2025, the number of decisions made following examination increased to 3,469 (+7.9%), and completed proceedings to 3,967 (+10.5%). This means that not only the incoming flow of applications is increasing, but also the actual progression of technical solutions through the system of legal protection. For the economy, this is important because it indicates the presence of a relatively stable pool of applied developments that have economic value for applicants.

At the same time, this data set should be interpreted with restraint. Growth in the number of utility model applications does not, by itself, prove growth in high-tech or radical innovations. On the contrary, it more likely indicates that, in wartime conditions, the economy is oriented mainly toward incremental, rapid, and practical technical solutions that are easier to implement in production, logistics, energy, equipment recovery, defense, and civilian applied needs. In other words, Ukraine's economy in 2025 looks like an economy of adaptive engineering endurance.

Indicators for utility models show that in 2025 Ukraine's economy remained internally active, technologically adaptive, and regionally viable. The main source of this activity was national applicants, while its geographic structure shows the preservation of applied engineering potential both in the capital and in key industrial and research-and-production regions, primarily Dnipropetrovsk and Kharkiv regions. At the same time, the nature of this activity primarily indicates incremental technical adjustment of the economy to crisis conditions, rather than a full transition to a model of breakthrough innovation growth.

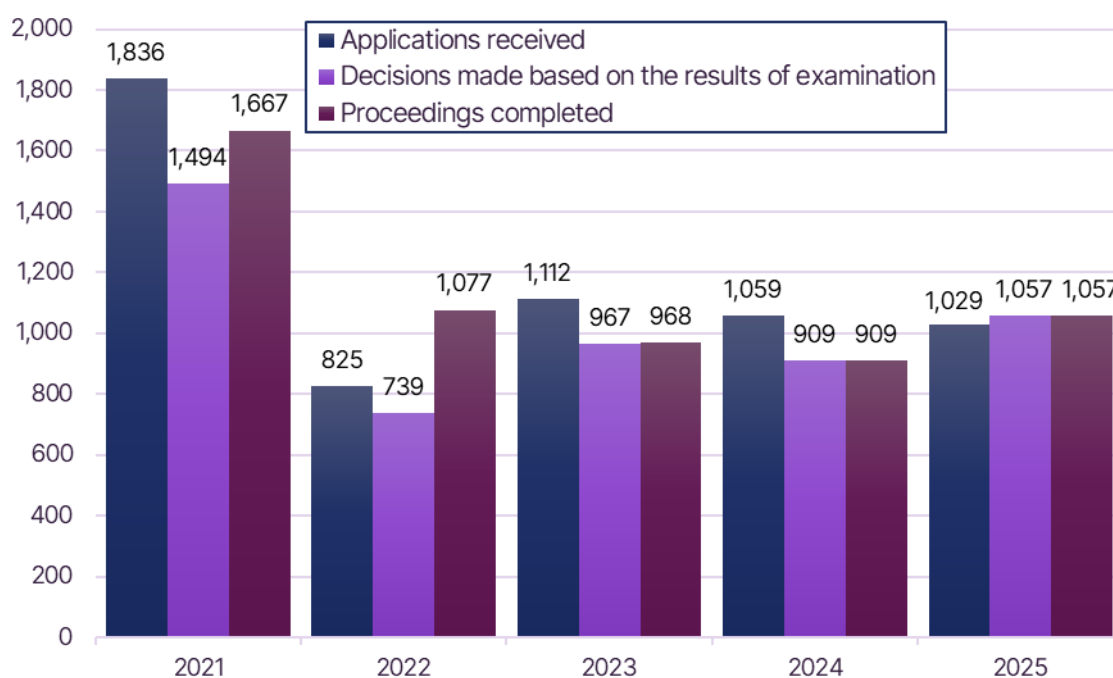
5.3. Industrial Designs

In 2025, 1,029 applications for industrial designs were received, 91.5% of which were from resident applicants. The number of decisions taken on industrial design applications increased in the reporting year by 16.3% and amounted to 1,057 (Table 5.5, Fig. 5.9).

Table 5.5. Filing and examination of applications for industrial designs¹

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Applications received	1,836	825	1,112	1,059	1,029
from resident applicants	1,679	735	958	964	941
from non- resident applicants	157	90	154	95	88
Preliminary conclusions and examination requests prepared	*	208	142	173	156
Decisions made following examination	1,494	739	967	909	1,057
Other documents prepared and sent following examination	*	587	842	1,077	1,086
Proceedings completed	1,667	1,077	968	909	1,057

Figure 5.9. Trends in filing and examination of applications for industrial designs



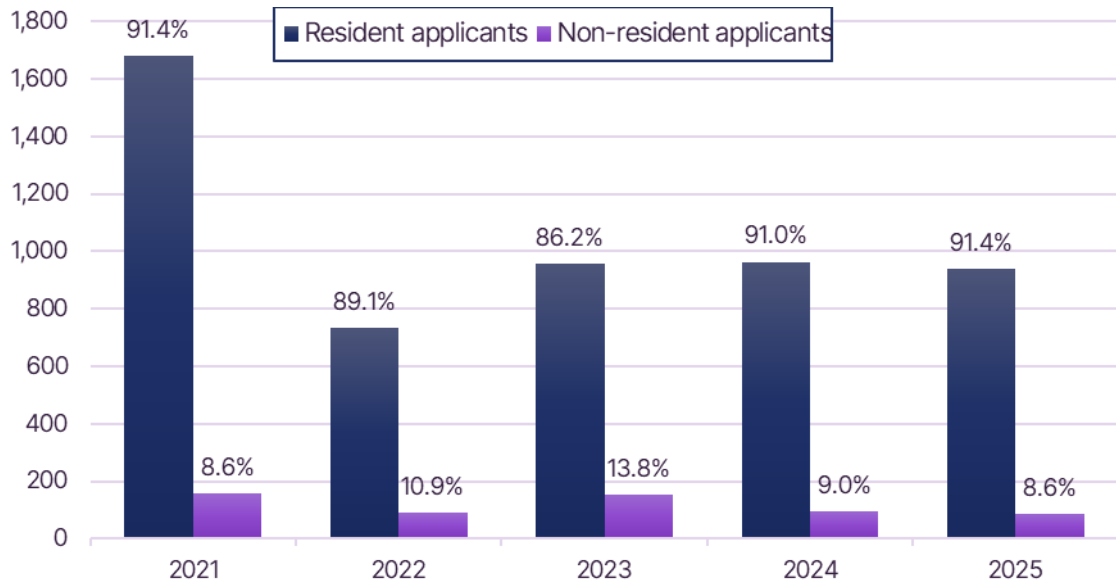
The trends in filing applications for industrial designs by resident and non-resident applicants is shown in Figure 5.10.

¹ Data for previous years have been revised

² Preliminary data

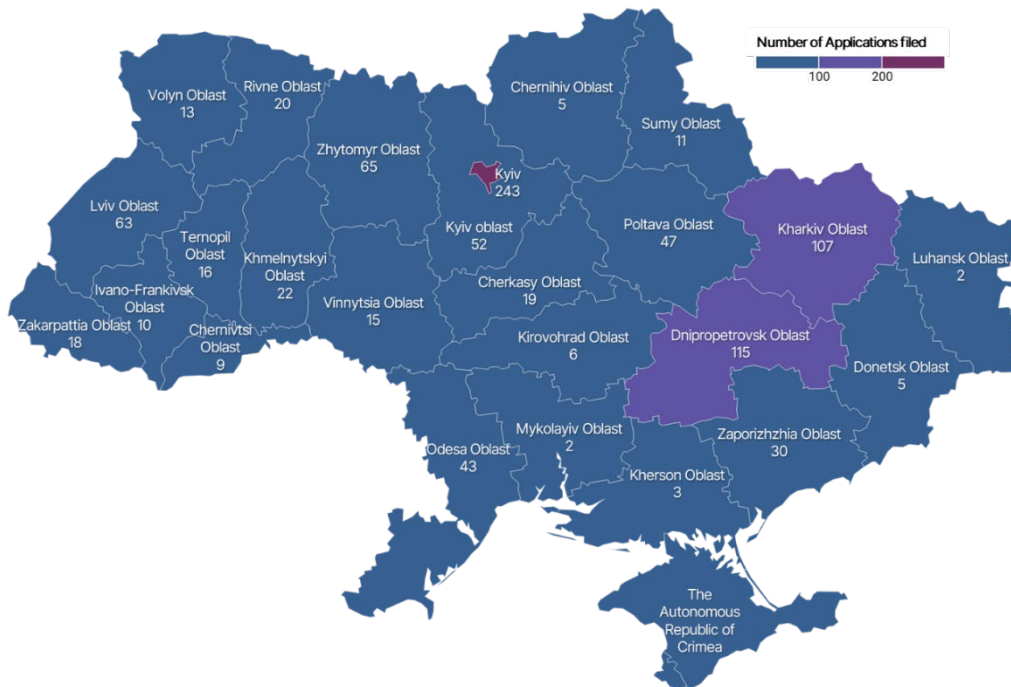
* Not calculated

Figure 5.10. Trends in filing applications for industrial designs



Among national applicants, the largest number of applications for industrial designs came from applicants in Kyiv City (25.8%), Dnipropetrovsk (12.2%), Kharkiv (11.4%), Zhytomyr (6.9%), Lviv (6.7%), Kyiv (5.5%), and Poltava (5.0%) regions (Fig. 5.11).

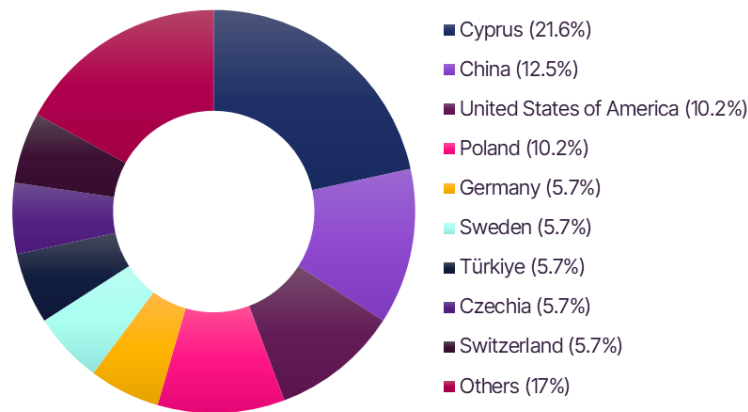
Figure 5.11. Distribution of applications for industrial designs by regions of Ukraine



In 2025, among non-resident applicants, the largest number of applications for industrial designs came from applicants from Cyprus (19 applications, or 21.6%), China (11, or 12.5%), the United States and

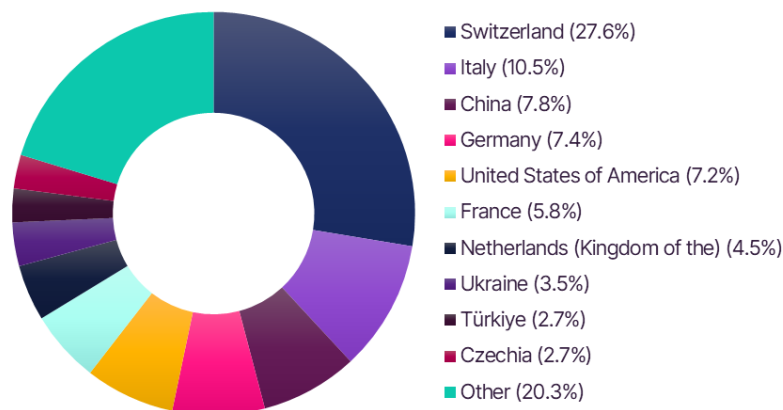
Poland (9 each, or 10.2% each), and Germany, Sweden, Türkiye, Czechia, and Switzerland (5 each, or 5.7% each) (Fig. 5.12).

Figure 5.12. Distribution of applications for industrial designs filed by non-resident applicants by country of origin



During 2025, under the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Industrial Designs, the International Bureau of WIPO published information on 514 international registrations designating Ukraine for the purposes of granting legal protection. The largest numbers of such registrations were from the following countries: 142 (27.6%) - Switzerland, 54 (10.5%) - Italy, 40 (7.8%) - China, 38 (7.4%) - Germany, 37 (7.2%) - the United States of America, 30 (5.8%) - France, 23 (4.5%) - Netherlands (Kingdom of the), 18 (3.5%) - Ukraine, and 14 each (2.7%) - Türkiye and Czechia (Fig. 5.13).

Figure 5.13. Distribution of registrations under the Hague Agreement by country of origin



The largest number of international registrations belong to the following classes of the International Classification for Industrial Designs (Locarno Classification): 10 (Clocks and watches and other measuring instruments, checking and signaling instruments) - 86 registrations; 12 (Means of transport or hoisting) - 62 registrations; 9 (Packages and containers for the transport or handling of goods) - 53 registrations; 11 (Articles of adornment) - 40 registrations; 7 (Household goods, not elsewhere specified) - 40 registrations;

14 (Recording, telecommunication or data processing equipment) - 24 registrations; 2 (Articles of clothing and haberdashery) - 23 registrations; and 3 (Travel goods, cases, parasols and personal belongings, not elsewhere specified) - 20 registrations.

Data on industrial designs show that in 2025, despite wartime conditions, Ukraine's economy retained the capacity for market-oriented renewal of products, design, and consumer solutions; however, this activity remained restrained and did not demonstrate full recovery to the pre-war level. In 2025, 1,029 applications for industrial designs were received compared with 1,059 in 2024, i.e. a slight decrease of 2.8%. At the same time, 91.5% of applications were filed by resident applicants, indicating the predominantly domestic nature of demand for the protection of design and the appearance of products. This means that even in wartime, Ukrainian business continued to invest in visual, structural, and product solutions related to manufacturing and placing goods on the market.

Unlike utility models, which more strongly reflect applied technical adaptation, industrial designs are an indicator of market activity in areas where design, packaging, product shape, consumer appeal, and product competitiveness are important. Therefore, even a relatively stable volume of applications in this segment can be regarded as a sign that part of Ukraine's economy is working not only for basic survival, but also to maintain product differentiation, branding, consumer value, and commercial positioning of products. At the same time, the fact that the 2025 figure remains significantly lower than the 2021 figure (1,836 applications) means that sectors of the economy oriented toward design and new product lines have not yet fully recovered.

The structure of the regional distribution of applications confirms that this activity has a distinct spatial distribution and indicates that demand for design protection is concentrated in the capital, the area around the capital, and key industrial and manufacturing regions. On the one hand, such concentration in Kyiv reflects the centralization of business, management, marketing, and product functions. On the other hand, high activity in Dnipropetrovsk and Kharkiv regions shows that even regions under significant wartime pressure retain entrepreneurial and production capacity to create new products or update their appearance. The presence of Zhytomyr, Lviv, Kyiv, and Poltava regions among the leaders indicates that this activity is not limited to the capital but has several regional centers of economic potential.

A positive signal is also the trends in application examination. In 2025, the number of decisions made on industrial design applications increased to 1,057, increased by 16.3% compared to 2024, and completed proceedings also amounted to 1,057. This means that, despite a slightly lower incoming flow of new applications, the institutional system continued to process this segment actively. For the economy, this is important because it indicates the maintenance of circulation of design and product solutions that have commercial value and are associated with the production of goods, packaging, equipment, or consumer products.

At the same time, it should be noted that the industrial design segment does not show pronounced growth, as utility models do; rather, it demonstrates cautious stabilization at a lower level. This may indicate that in 2025 Ukraine's economy focused more on functional adaptation and technical maintenance of production than on large-scale expansion of consumer goods markets or the active launch of new design products. In other words, demand for design protection remained, but it is not yet a sign of a full consumer or industrial upswing.

The international context should also be considered separately: in 2025, non-resident applicants filed 88 applications for industrial designs, and under the Hague Agreement information was published on 514 international registrations designating Ukraine for the purposes of granting legal protection. This means that Ukraine remains a relevant jurisdiction for design protection, although the domestic segment still prevails. This is important for economic assessment because it indicates continued interest in the Ukrainian market as a space for commercial presence, albeit without signs of sharp growth.

Indicators for industrial designs show that in 2025 Ukraine's economy retained its internal capacity for product renewal, design-oriented competition, and market adaptation, although this activity remained

restrained and had not yet reached the pre-war level. The regional structure of applications confirms that the centers of such activity are not only Kyiv but also key industrial and manufacturing regions, including Dnipropetrovsk, Kharkiv, Zhytomyr, Lviv, Kyiv, and Poltava regions. This indicates the preservation in Ukraine of several territorial centers of economic viability and entrepreneurial capacity to create competitive goods, although the overall trends for this segment currently indicate stabilization rather than full-fledged growth.

5.4. Trademarks

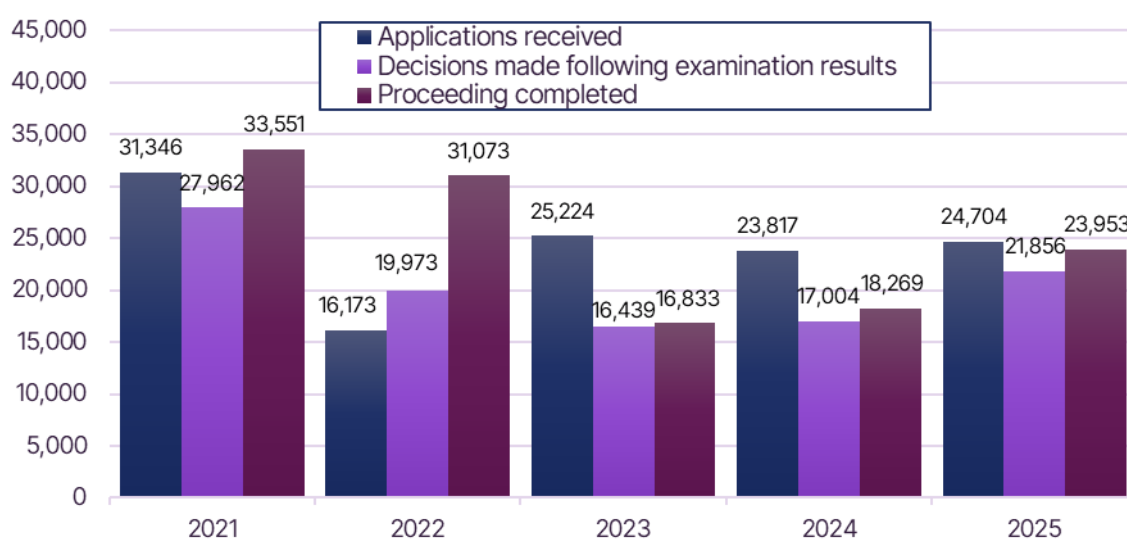
■ National Procedure

The number of trademark applications received in the reporting year was 24,704, increased by 3.7% compared to the previous year. In 2025, the number of decisions made on trademark applications increased by 28.5% and amounted to 21,856. Also in 2025, proceedings were completed for 23,953 applications, exceeding the 2024 figure by 31.1% (Table 5.6, Fig. 5.14).

Table 5.6. Filing and examination of trademark applications under the national procedure¹

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 ²
Applications received	31,346	16,173	25,224	23,817	24,704
from resident applicants	27,025	13,857	22,474	20,974	22,081
from non-resident applicants	4,321	2,316	2,750	2,843	2,623
Preliminary conclusions and examination requests prepared	*	*	21,366	33,895	49,733
Decisions made following examination	27,962	19,973	16,439	17,004	21,856
Other documents prepared and sent following examination	*	*	379	2,533	4,314
Proceedings completed	33,551	31,073	16,833	18,269	23,953

Figure 5.14. Trends in filing and examination of trademark applications under the national procedure



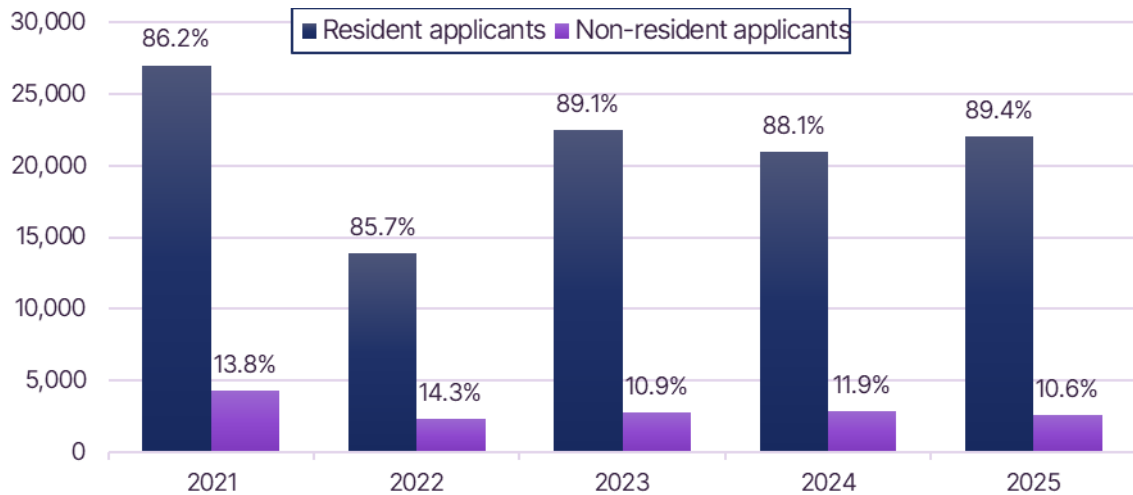
¹ Data for previous years have been revised

² Preliminary data

* Not calculated

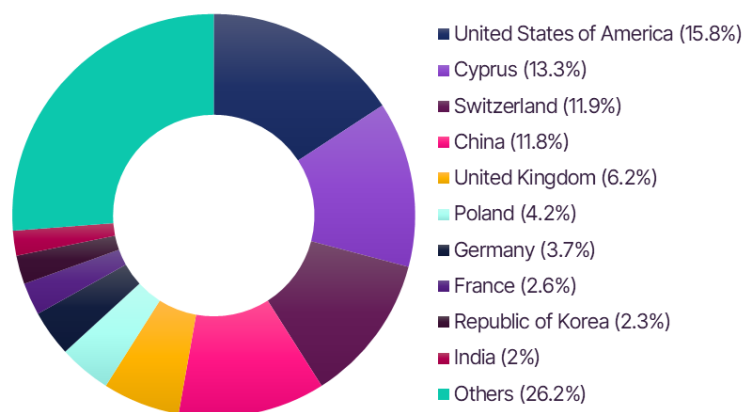
The trends in filing trademark applications by national and foreign applicants under the national procedure is shown in Figure 5.15.

Figure 5.15. Trends in filing trademark applications under the national procedure



Among non-resident applicants, the most active in filing trademark applications were applicants from the following countries: the United States of America (413 applications, or 15.8%), Cyprus (349, or 13.3%), Switzerland (313, or 11.9%), China (309, or 11.8%), the United Kingdom (162, or 6.2%), Poland (111, or 4.2%), Germany (97, or 3.7%), France (67, or 2.6%), the Republic of Korea (61, or 2.3%), and India (53, or 2.0%) (Fig. 5.16).

Figure 5.16. Distribution of trademark applications under the national procedure filed by foreign applicants by country of origin



International Procedure

In 2025, 5,312 notifications were received from the WIPO International Bureau concerning international trademark registrations extended to the territory of Ukraine. Legal protection was granted to 5,126 trademarks under the Madrid System (Table 5.7, Fig. 5.17).

Table 5.7. International trademark registrations under the Madrid System extended to the territory of Ukraine

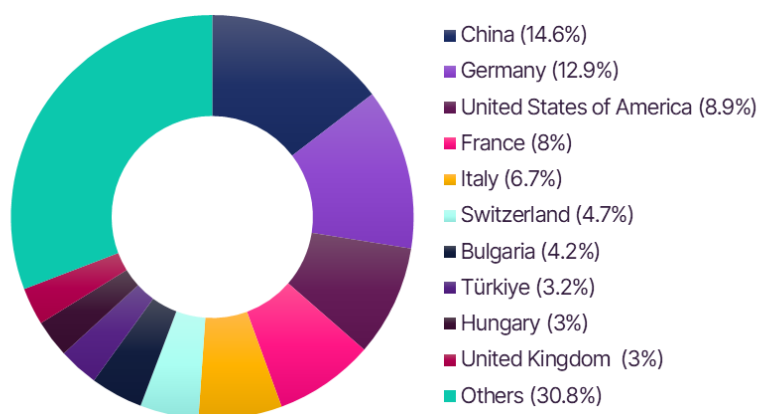
Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Number of international registrations received for examination	8,121	6,919	5,566	5,267	5,312
Number of international trademark registrations granted legal protection in the territory of Ukraine	8,159	7,035	6,911	5,451	5,126

Figure 5.17. Trends in international trademark registrations under the Madrid System extended to the territory of Ukraine



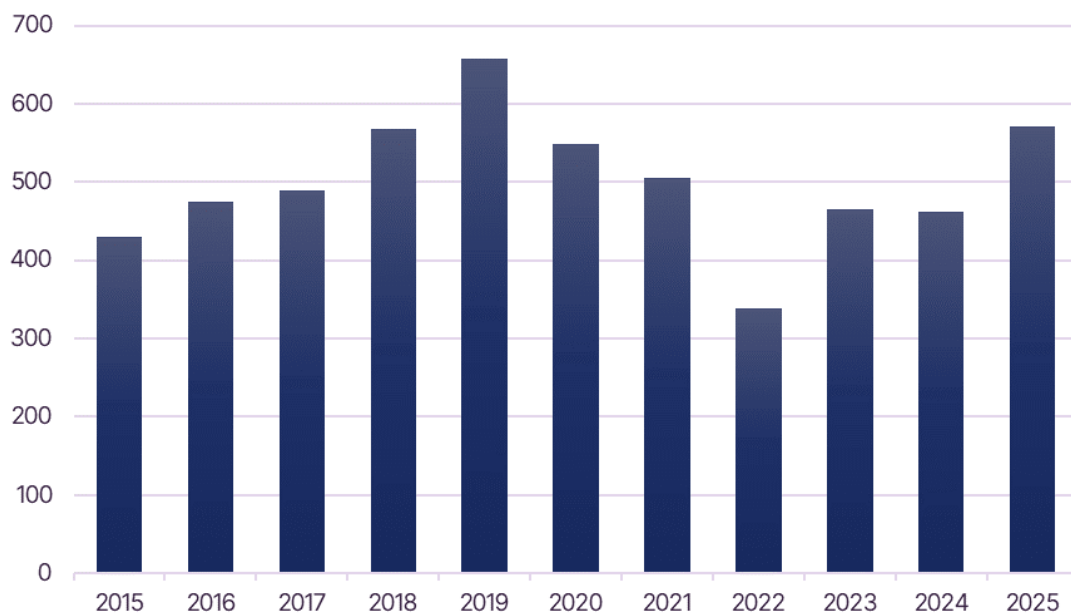
The distribution of international registrations received for examination by country of origin is shown in Figure 5.18.

Figure 5.18. Distribution of international registrations received for examination by country of origin



In 2025, 571 applications for international registration of trademarks were sent to WIPO from resident applicants (Fig. 5.19).

Figure 5.19. Trends in resident applicants' activity regarding international trademark registration



Data on trademarks show that in 2025, despite wartime conditions, Ukraine's economy retained high entrepreneurial activity, domestic market turnover, commercial dynamics, and the capacity of business to invest in brands and market identification of goods and services. The total number of trademark applications was 30,016, 24,704 of which were under the national procedure, increased by 3.7% compared to 2024. This means that Ukrainian business entities continued to enter the market with new goods, services, trademark designations, and commercial projects; consequently, the economy was not limited to a mode of simple survival, but retained signs of active economic turnover.

Unlike inventions and utility models, trademarks are not so much an indicator of technological activity as of market, entrepreneurial, and consumer activity. The number of national applications filed increased to 24,704, 22,081 of which were filed by resident applicants. This indicates that in 2025 domestic business continued to develop new products, services, networks, franchises, digital services, and commercial initiatives. Such a situation is characteristic of an economy that retains not only a production base, but also demand for market positioning, competition, and formalization of intangible assets.

It is especially indicative that in 2025 examination indicators increased significantly: the number of decisions taken on trademark applications rose to 21,856 (+28.5%), and completed proceedings to 23,953 (+31.1%). This gives grounds to believe that the issue is not only active demand from business, but also a high level of institutional processing of applications in this sector, which is important for market certainty. For the economy, this means that the sphere of commercial circulation of trademarks continued to function intensively, and therefore the basis for the circulation of goods, services, licensing, franchising, marketing investments, and brand protection was preserved.

At the same time, these data should be interpreted critically. Growth in trademark applications alone does not mean proportional growth in industrial production or the high-tech sector. It primarily indicates activity in trade, services, consumer markets, small and medium-sized businesses, e-commerce, and commercial relaunch of brands. In other words, one can speak of the relative resilience of the market economy and business environment, but not automatically of a structural upswing in all sectors.

The structure of the indicators allows the conclusion that in 2025 the Ukrainian economy demonstrated a fairly high level of domestic commercial potential. The fact that national applicants filed 22,081 applications under the national procedure indicates the preservation of a broad base of business activity within the country. The fact that 5,312 international registrations under the Madrid System were received for extension to the territory of Ukraine means that Ukraine also retained its significance as a

market where non-resident companies consider it advisable to ensure legal protection for their brands. This is an important indicator that even during the war the Ukrainian market has not lost commercial relevance.

Indicators for trademarks show that in 2025 Ukraine's economy remained commercially active, entrepreneurially vibrant, and attractive for market presence by both resident and non-resident entities. The increase in the number of national trademark applications, as well as the substantial rise in the number of decisions and completed procedures, indicates the preservation in Ukraine of a significant domestic market for goods and services, activity of small and medium-sized businesses, the services sector, and brand-oriented entrepreneurship.

5.5. Geographical Indications

Over the last five years, a total of 8 applications have been filed for legal protection of a geographical indication (a place name that identifies a product originating from a specific geographical place and having a particular quality, reputation or other characteristics essentially attributable to that geographical place of origin, with at least one stage of its production (manufacturing/extraction and/or processing and/or preparation) taking place in the defined geographical territory) (Table 5.8, Fig. 5.20).

Table 5.8. Filing of applications for geographical indications

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Applications received	7	–	–	1	–

UANIPIO works systematically and comprehensively to develop intellectual property tools aimed at supporting the local economy and promoting authentic Ukrainian products. One such tool is geographical indications.



Liubov Maidanyk, Deputy Director of UANIPIO, at the conference on geographical indications, organized by the European Commission and EUIPO

To promote and raise awareness of geographical indications, UANIPIO actively advances the idea of their registration as a factor in regional economic growth. The UANIPIO team conducts information

events in communities and meets with local producers, artisans, craft enterprises, and their associations. The purpose of this work is to improve understanding of the competitive advantages provided by registration of geographical indications, to help initiative groups go through the registration procedure, and to demonstrate through practical examples the benefits of this tool for business development.

5.6. Layouts of Semiconductor Products

The number of applications for layouts of semiconductor products traditionally remains insignificant compared with other IPRs due to the narrow specialization of this field. Over the last two years, UANIPIO has received 4 applications for legal protection of layouts of semiconductor products. The filing of applications for such objects reflects the presence of scientific and technical potential in the field of microelectronics and integrated circuit design. At the same time, such applications indicate the development of high-tech areas of research and engineering development, as well as the preservation of scientific potential and the ability of domestic developers to create competitive technological solutions even under difficult economic conditions.

Table 5.9. Filing of applications for layouts of semiconductor products

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Applications received	–	–	–	3	1

5.7. Performance of the Functions of the International Searching Authority and International Preliminary Examining Authority

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to perform the functions of the International Searching Authority (ISA) and the International Preliminary Examining Authority (IPEA) under the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

International search and international preliminary examination were conducted for international applications filed by applicants with UANIPIO as receiving Office and with the WIPO International Bureau as receiving Office. In 2025, 72 applications were filed with UANIPIO as receiving Office (Table 5.10). The share of applications filed in English increased.

Table 5.10. Filing of international applications with UANIPIO as receiving Office

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Applications received	103	73	65	73	72

In 2025, UANIPIO received 74 search copies, increased by 34.5% compared to the previous year, and 2 requests for supplementary international search. 64.9% of the search copies received in 2025 were in English.

UANIPIO transmitted to applicants and to the WIPO International Bureau international search reports and written opinions of the ISA for 73 applications, increased by 43.1% compared to 2024, and 1 supplementary international search report (Table 5.11).

Table 5.11. ISA performance indicators

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Number of search copies received	70	40	46	55	74
Number of international search reports and written opinions of the ISA transmitted to applicants and to the WIPO IB	67	51	37	51	73
Number of requests for supplementary international search	–	1	–	–	2
Number of supplementary international search reports transmitted to applicants and to the WIPO IB	–	–	1	–	1

As part of UANIPIO's performance of IPEA functions, in 2025 it received 4 demands for international preliminary examination and transmitted to applicants and to the WIPO International Bureau 6 international preliminary reports on patentability (Table 5.12).

Table 5.12. IPEA performance indicators

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Number of demands for international preliminary examination	8	7	2	4	4
Number of international preliminary reports on patentability transmitted to applicants and to the WIPO IB	7	9	2	4	6

Ongoing work was carried out to ensure the quality of international searches and international preliminary examinations; full quality control was ensured for international search reports, written opinions of the ISA, and international preliminary reports of the IPEA on patentability.

To comply with ISA/IPEA status standards and to improve the functioning of the state system of legal protection of intellectual property, a quality management system operates in accordance with DSTU ISO 9001:2015.

In addition, experts use updated regulatory documents concerning the PCT system in their work in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations under the PCT. Experts continuously study and analyze materials of WIPO, the European Patent Office, and the European Union Intellectual Property Office regarding their compliance with national intellectual property legislation and the possibility of applying the experience of these offices in examining applications for industrial property rights.

In particular, the results of this activity have been largely implemented in the development of the draft Methodological Recommendations for the examination of applications for inventions and utility models. Research and analysis are also systematically carried out on modern commercial and free patent information databases and search systems that provide experts with access to sources of information included in the PCT minimum documentation during patent information searches, contribute to improving the quality of examination, and ensure compliance with standards under Chapter 21 of the PCT International Search and Preliminary Examination Guidelines.

UANIPIO experts regularly participate in the work of bodies of international and regional organizations, standing committees and working groups, and international and interregional seminars and conferences.

5.8. Participation in the Implementation of Sanctions Policy in the Field of Intellectual Property

In 2025, UANIPIO's activities in the field of sanctions policy were aimed at preventing the use of intellectual property tools to finance aggression, circumvent international and domestic sanctions, and participating in the recovery of assets, including property and non-property rights to certain IPRs, into state revenue. Compliance with the sanctions regime was ensured on the basis of the Law of Ukraine "On Sanctions" and relevant decisions of the National Security and Defense Council (NSDC) of Ukraine.

Implementation of the sanctions policy strengthens the system of protection of intellectual property rights because it:

- integrates it into the national security system, treating IPRs as an economic asset subject to control and restriction under sanctions;

- prevents the legalization and use of IPRs by sanctioned persons, making it impossible to acquire, maintain, or commercialize rights to these objects as a form of sanctions circumvention;

- ensures the cleansing of state registers in the field of intellectual property from risky rights, which increases trust in the legal regime for intellectual property protection in Ukraine;

- ensures a balance between the protection of rights and the principle of legal certainty by verifying, confirming, or lifting sanctions exclusively on the basis of valid decisions of competent authorities.

As part of addressing these tasks, UANIPIO specialists carried out extensive work in 2025, including:

Processed **61 NSDC** of Ukraine decisions concerning **4,486 ENTITIES**
(including 1,745 legal entities, 2,029 natural persons and 712 vessels)

Identified **227 APPLICATIONS** for registration of intellectual property rights objects
and **633 TITLES OF PROTECTION** concerning 92 legal entities
and 198 natural persons flagged for review

Blocked **287 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OBJECTS**
belonging to 61 sanctioned persons

Restrictions were lifted or suspicions were not confirmed for **229 PERSONS**
(217 not confirmed; 12 due to expiry of sanctions), which made it possible
to avoid unjustified restrictions on the rights of bona fide entities

In addition, UANIPIO provides information and analytical support to the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine for the proper identification of rights to IPR for their subsequent recovery.

The process of implementing sanctions was accompanied by a high level of accountability, namely targeted quarterly monitoring of the implementation of NSDC decisions of Ukraine for each separate sanctions package; based on the results, 95 notifications were sent to responsible public authorities regarding the restrictions applied.

6. DEVELOPMENT OF THE INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY PROTECTION

6.1. Legal and Methodological Support for the Field of Industrial Property



Mykola Pototskyi, Deputy Director of UANIPIO

In 2025, UANIPIO, acting as the National Intellectual Property Authority, summarized national and international practices regarding the application of intellectual property legislation, prepared proposals for improving the legislation, and submitted them to the Ministry of Economy.



Mykola Pototskyi, Liubov Maidanyk, and Bogdan Paduchak

In the context of adapting Ukrainian legislation to EU law and implementing the European Commission's recommendations presented in the 2024 Report on Ukraine's progress within the framework of the EU Enlargement Package, draft Laws of Ukraine "On Trademarks", "On Patents and Utility Models" and "On the Protection of Trade Secrets" were developed and finalized with the participation of specialized scientific institutions and state bodies, and were sent to the European Commission for comments. The draft Law of Ukraine "On the Protection of Trade Secrets" has received a positive assessment from the European Commission and is being prepared for submission to the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine. Recommendations from experts of the international technical assistance project "EU4IP: Strengthening Intellectual Property Rights in Moldova and Ukraine" have been incorporated into the draft Laws of Ukraine "On Patents and Utility Models" and "On Trademarks." Preparation of proposals for the draft Law of Ukraine "On Industrial Designs" has begun.

In 2025, UANIPIO prepared proposals for a number of regulatory acts. Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 1052 dated November 5, 2025, registered with the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine on November 24, 2025 under No. 1741/45147, introduced amendments to the Rules for the Preparation, Submission, and Examination of Applications for the Registration of Geographical Indications, taking into account the requirements of the Law of Ukraine No. 2073-IX dated February 17, 2022, "On Administrative Procedure," and the Law of Ukraine No. 3928-IX dated August 22, 2024, "On Grapes, Wine, and Viticultural Products" (effective as of January 1, 2026).

Proposals were submitted to the draft resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Approval of the Procedure for Restricting Access to Information in the State Registers of Ukraine in the Field of Intellectual Property Related to Ensuring National Security and Defense" for the implementation of Law of Ukraine No. 4576-IX dated August 21, 2025. The following drafts have been finalized: an order on the Procedure for maintaining the State Register of Ukraine of Geographical Indications; a resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine on amendments to the Procedure for payment of fees, taking into account Law of Ukraine No. 4563-IX of July 31, 2025, "On Veteran Entrepreneurship"; orders regarding the examination of applications for the layout of a semiconductor product (currently under review by the relevant authorities) and regarding additional protection of rights to invention (Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 1803 dated March 19, 2025, effective as of June 6, 2025).

UANIPIO participated in drafting legislation in the field of intellectual property in the defense-industrial complex in connection with the entry into force of the Law of Ukraine No. 4585-IX dated August 21, 2025 regarding intellectual property rights to objects created in connection with military service.

During the reporting period, UANIPIO submitted proposals for draft laws on the recodification of the Civil Code of Ukraine. To ensure methodological support, [Methodological Recommendations](#) were approved regarding the examination of applications for trademarks (Order No. 249/2025 dated October 17, 2025) and for inventions and utility models (Order No. 102/2025 dated May 6, 2025).

UANIPIO participated in the preparation of proposals for the draft Law of Ukraine "On the Support and Development of Innovative Activity" and the draft Law of Ukraine "On Amendments to the Tax Code of Ukraine and Other Laws of Ukraine Regarding Support for Enterprises of the Defense-Industrial Complex" ("Defense City"). As part of European integration processes, proposals were submitted regarding plans to implement the European Commission's recommendations, the National Program for the Adaptation of Ukrainian Legislation to EU Law, materials for the Ukraine - EU Dialogue on Intellectual Property Law, as well as on intellectual property issues in the semiconductor sector.



Representatives of UANIPIO participated in WIPO events (Standing Committee on Trademarks, Industrial Designs, and Geographical Indications, the Lisbon and Madrid systems), as well as in a study visit to Munich (Germany).

6.2. Providing Information and Clarifications Regarding the Implementation of State Policy in the Field of Industrial Property Rights Protection

In 2025, UANIPIO provided information and clarifications regarding the implementation of state policy in the field of industrial property rights protection. In particular, UANIPIO Order No. 149/2025 dated June 20, 2025, approved the Explanatory Note on the practice of applying the Procedure for the payment of fees for actions related to the protection of intellectual property rights. The relevant clarifications are

published on the UANIPIO website in the “Public Information” section. Over 300 inquiries from applicants, patent attorneys, holders of titles of protection, and other interested parties regarding information on industrial property legislation were reviewed.

In 2025, measures to develop the industrial property sector ensured the systematic alignment of national legislation with EU law, thereby enhancing legal certainty and regulatory predictability for businesses and investors. The drafting of legislation on trademarks, patents, trade secrets, and industrial designs, with the involvement of international expertise, contributed to reducing regulatory gaps and improving the quality of legislative drafting.



Tetyana Terekhova, Head of the Department for Industrial Property Development

Updating procedures in the field of geographical indications and specialized regulatory frameworks for complex objects (in particular, semiconductor technologies and supplementary protection of rights to invention) have enhanced the efficiency of administrative processes, reduced the risks of procedural appeals, and strengthened the institutional capacity of the intellectual property legal protection system.

The implementation of intellectual property management measures in the defense-industrial complex, the regulation of rights to objects created during military service, as well as support for innovation and veteran entrepreneurship have created conditions for accelerated commercialization of technologies and a reduction in legal risks in critical sectors.

Methodological support for expert reviews, active international cooperation, and service support for applicants have improved the consistency of practices, the quality of decisions, and user confidence in the industrial property system, forming the basis for the sustainable growth of innovation activity.

6.3. State Registration of Industrial Property Rights

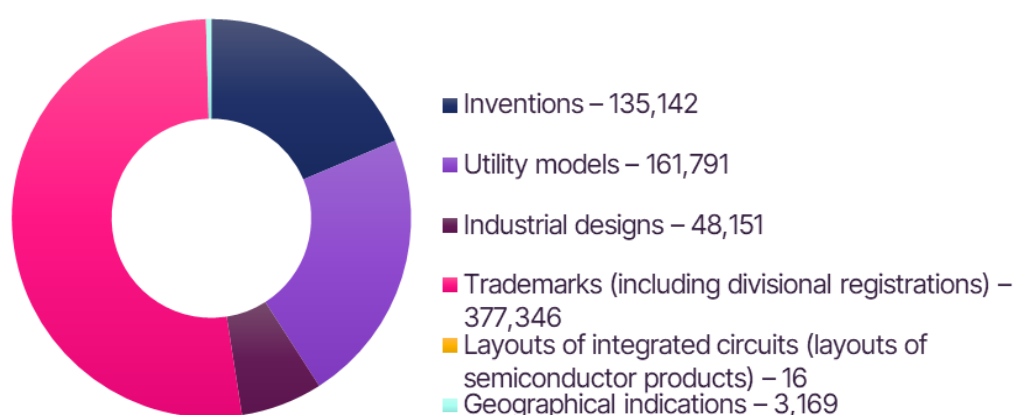
■ IPR Registrations

UANIPIO exercises delegated statutory authorities regarding the maintenance of the State Register of Certificates of Ukraine for Trademarks, the State Register of Ukraine for Inventions, the State Register

of Ukraine for Secret Inventions, the State Register of Ukraine for Utility Models, the State Register of Ukraine for Secret Utility Models, the State Register of Ukraine for Industrial Designs, the State Register of Ukraine for Layouts of Semiconductor Products, and the State Register of Ukraine for Geographical Indications.

As of December 31, 2025, a total of 725,615 industrial property rights have been registered since 1992 (Figure 6.1).

Figure 6.1. IPR registrations (since 1992), as of December 31, 2025



The state registration indicators for the period of 2021–2025 are presented in Table 6.1.

Table 6.1. Registration of industrial property rights

Industrial Property Rights	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total registered	30,870	20,325	19,182	20,095	26,326
Inventions	2,298	1,566	1,158	1,262	1,224
filed by national applicants	990	630	429	386	386
filed by foreign applicants	1,308	936	729	876	838
Utility models	4,363	2,074	2,712	3,174	3,718
filed by national applicants	4,214	2,031	2,675	3,099	3,666
filed by foreign applicants	149	43	37	75	52
Industrial designs	1,751	656	778	911	1,099
filed by national applicants	1,538	601	687	774	1,010
filed by foreign applicants	213	55	91	137	89
Trademarks	22,455	16,029	14,530	14,743	20,281
filed by national applicants	19,166	13,072	12,128	12,438	17,651
filed by foreign applicants	3,289	2,957	2,402	2,305	2,630
Geographical indications	3	–	4	5	1
Layouts of semiconductor products	–	–	–	–	3

On April 23, 2025, UANIPIO registered layouts of semiconductor products for the first time in over a decade. Following a prolonged hiatus in the filing of applications for this intellectual property asset, positive decisions were granted regarding three applications filed by ND Production LLC.

Trademarks account for the largest share of registered rights, which demonstrates that economic activity is focused on commercialization, brand development, and consumer market competition. It also reflects rational business behavior amid elevated economic uncertainty and the growing importance of marketing-oriented intangible assets.

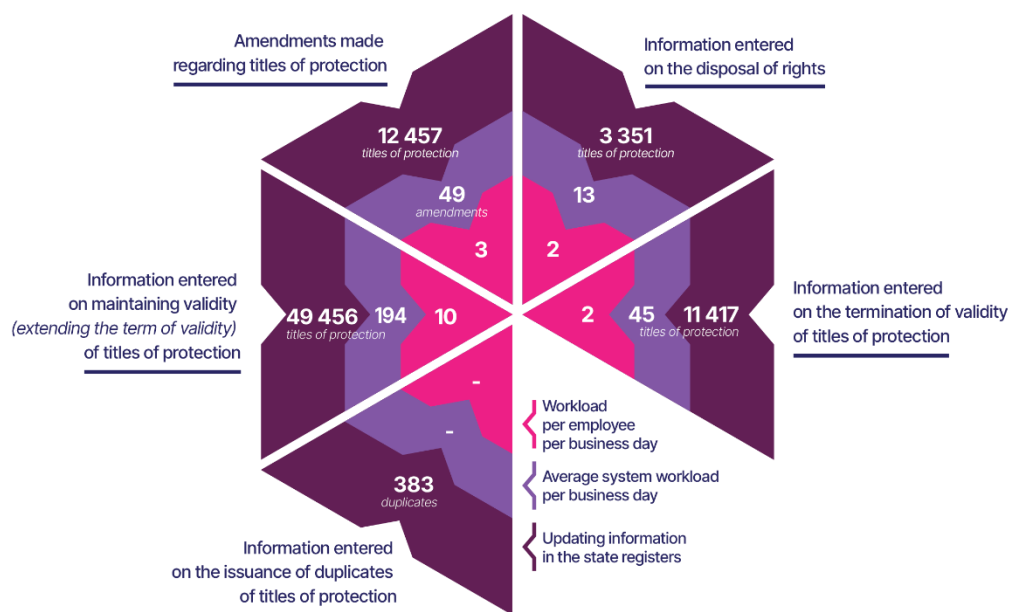
The overwhelming volume of state registrations for trademarks indicates that this asset remains a key tool for businesses to attract consumer attention. This further demonstrates the adaptation of entrepreneurs to new market conditions, where the brand serves as the primary intangible asset.

At the same time, the state registration of 1,224 inventions compared to 3,718 utility models indicates that innovation activity is concentrated on applied, technical solutions. This reflects applicants' pursuit of rapid and cost-effective legal protection, as well as cautious investment behavior by businesses under conditions of elevated uncertainty.

The presented structure of the industrial property rights portfolio indicates that the economy of Ukraine currently:

- demonstrates a revival of commercial activity yet remains technologically underinvested;
- is primarily oriented toward brands and markets rather than large-scale technological breakthroughs;
- possesses significant potential for transitioning to an innovative model, provided that technology transfer is developed, invention patenting is incentivized, and the integration of intellectual property into industrial policy is deepened.

The primary operational workload of the industrial property protection system is focused on the subsequent administration of registered assets. Throughout 2025, the entry of legally significant information into the state registers was ensured:



During the reporting period, the processing and dispatch of 139,864 official notifications was ensured. These notifications pertained to the state registration procedures for industrial property objects, the maintenance of the relevant state registers, and the payment of fees for maintaining the validity (extending the term of validity) of titles of protection. On average, this amounted to approximately 550 outgoing notifications per business day, or roughly 30 notifications per employee of the respective structural unit of UANIPIO.

Detailed information on the maintenance of state registers of titles of protection for industrial property objects by category is presented in Table 6.2.

Table 6.2. Maintenance of state registers of titles of protection for industrial property objects

Updating information in the state registers	Total titles of protection	For inventions	For utility models	For trademarks	For industrial designs
Making amendments	12,457	1,436	3,371	4,352	3,298
Maintaining validity / extending the term of validity	49,456	14,308	15,097	9,425	10,626
Disposal of rights	3,351	190	177	2,881	103
Termination of validity	11,417	2,095	3,580	5,149	593
Preparation and dispatch of letters regarding registration, maintenance of registers, and payment of fees for maintaining validity (extending the term of validity)	139,864	20,495	33,684	65,670	20,015

■ Maintaining the Validity of IPRs

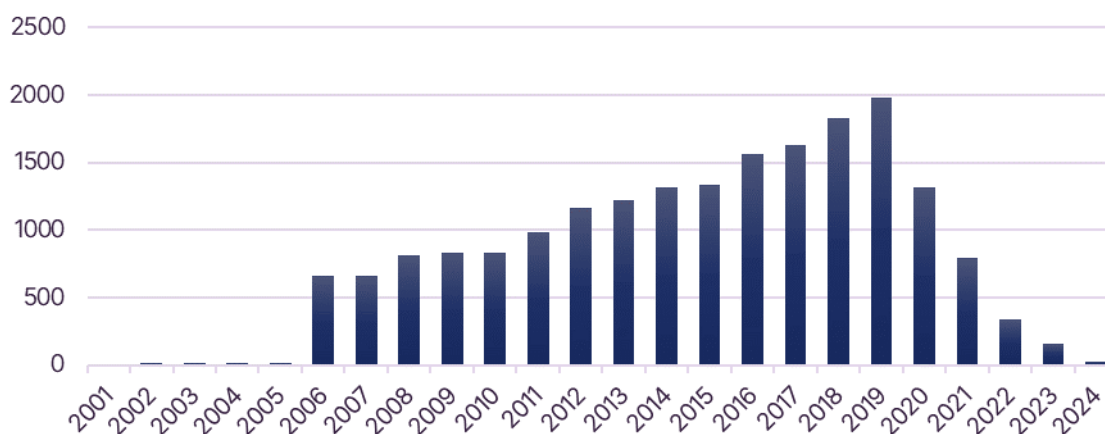
Within the scope of analyzing the operation of the state registers for industrial property rights, particular attention is dedicated to the volume of valid titles of protection (Table 6.3).

Table 6.3. Valid titles of protection for industrial property rights

Industrial Property Rights	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Inventions	18,478	18,806	19,618	20,445	19,516
Utility models	19,632	19,112	21,133	23,643	23,788
Industrial designs	13,626	13,730	14,485	15,398	15,105
Trademarks	211,732	224,188	238,273	253,020	267,602
Geographical indications	3,124	3,124	3,128	3,133	3,134
Layouts of semiconductor products	1	–	–	–	3

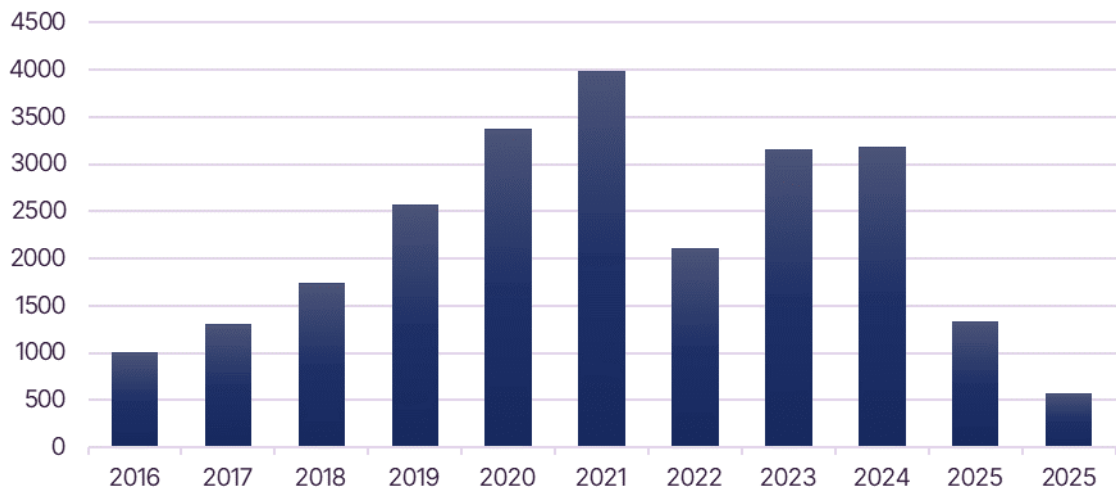
As of December 31, 2025, there are 19,516 valid patents for inventions (Figure 6.2).

Figure 6.2. Distribution of valid patents for inventions by year of application submission



As of December 31, 2025, there are 23,802 valid patents for utility models (Figure 6.3).

Figure 6.3. Distribution of valid patents for utility models by year of filing applications



The distribution of valid titles of protection for IPRs by region of Ukraine is presented in Figures 6.4-6.7.

Figure 6.4. Distribution of valid patents for inventions by region of Ukraine

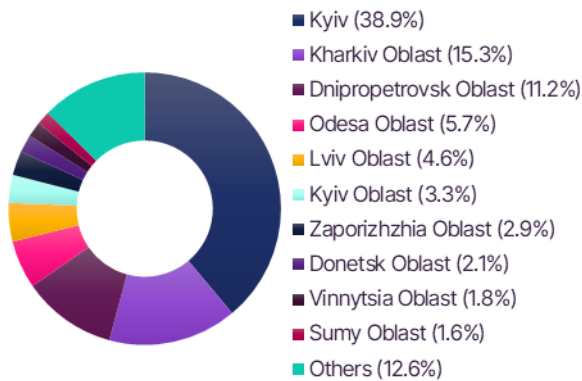


Figure 6.5. Distribution of valid patents for utility models by region of Ukraine

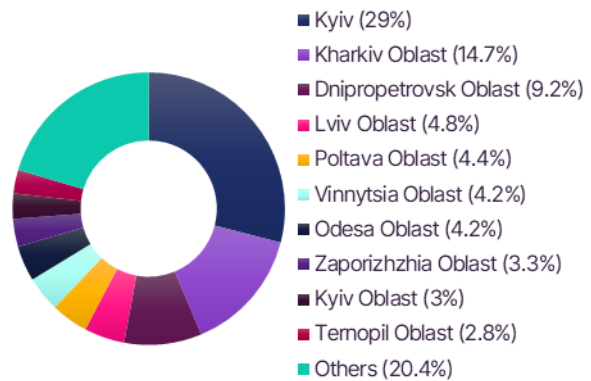


Figure 6.6. Distribution of valid certificates for industrial designs by region of Ukraine

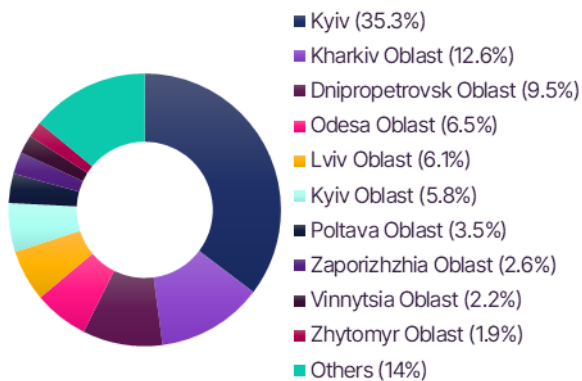
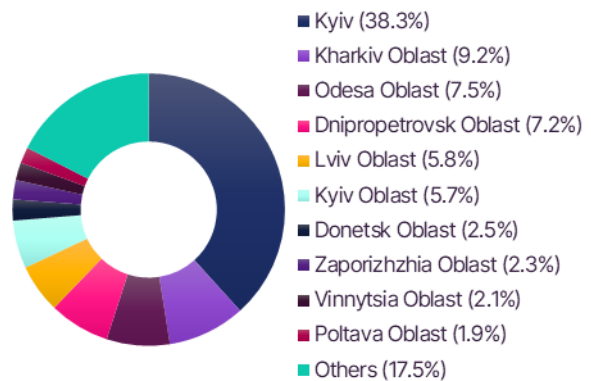


Figure 6.7. Distribution of valid certificates for trademarks by region of Ukraine



It should be noted that the indicators for "maintaining validity (extending the term of validity)", "termination of validity", and "preparation and dispatch of letters" were influenced by the entry into force of the Law of Ukraine "On Repealing the Law of Ukraine 'On the Protection of Interests of Persons in the

Sphere of Intellectual Property During Martial Law Imposed in Connection with the Armed Aggression of the Russian Federation Against Ukraine” (No. 4362-IX dated April 16, 2025). This Law, inter alia, provides for the resumption of the running of time limits for performing actions related to the protection of intellectual property rights and for paying fees to maintain the validity (extend the term of validity) of economic intellectual property rights.



■ Supplementary Protection Certificates for Inventions (SPCs)

Among the key regulatory events of 2025, special note should be made of the entry into force on June 9, 2025, of the Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 1803 dated March 19, 2025, “On Approval of the Procedure for Examination of Applications for Supplementary Protection of Rights to an Invention”, registered with the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine on May 2, 2025, under No. 661/44067, which aligns with European legal acts in this field.

The introduction of the aforementioned regulatory act ensured the establishment of a clear and unified procedure for the examination of applications for supplementary protection of rights to inventions submitted after June 6, 2025. It also created the legal prerequisites for concluding the processing and issuing 15 supplementary protection certificates for inventions in 2025 based on applications whose examination had been effectively completed prior to its entry into force.

The harmonization and practical implementation of the procedure for issuing supplementary protection certificates for inventions in accordance with European acts confirms the systemic nature of the adaptation of Ukraine’s intellectual property legislation to the EU acquis and underscores the readiness of the national institutional model for integration into the legal and economic space of the European Union.

Throughout 2025, within the scope of administering supplementary protection procedures for rights to inventions, the following volume of procedural actions and outcomes was ensured: 16 supplementary protection certificates for inventions were issued, including one issued pursuant to a court decision; 7 applications for supplementary protection were received; 7 positive decisions were adopted; following the examination of 7 sets of documents, decisions to refuse supplementary protection were adopted; 10 official notifications were dispatched regarding the non-compliance of the submitted applications with statutory requirements, including one notification of suspension of the application.

An important indicator of the functioning of the state registers system for industrial property rights is the absence of complaints from system users regarding registration actions, as well as the absence of lawsuits challenging such actions.

■ Registration of Information on the Disposal of Economic Industrial Property Rights

Throughout 2025, based on 1,671 sets of documents, information regarding the disposal of economic intellectual property rights for industrial property was entered into the state registers. The specified registration actions included: 1,505 registrations of the transfer of economic intellectual property rights for IPRs; 62 registrations regarding the grant of licenses for the use of IPRs; and 104 declarations of willingness to grant a license to any person ("open" licenses) for the use of inventions and utility models.

It should be noted that the total number of IPRs for which information on the transfer of economic rights or the grant of licenses was entered into the respective state registers in 2025 amounted to 3,328, exceeding the number of submitted registration document sets by 1,657 units. The breakdown of registrations accounted for 190 inventions, 177 utility models, 103 industrial designs, and 2,858 trademarks.

The results of registering the disposal of economic rights for IPRs in 2025 demonstrate the functioning of the intangible assets market in Ukraine, its adaptation to crisis conditions, and the growing role of intellectual property as an economic resource that facilitates business restructuring, innovation deployment, and value-added creation.

Comparative statistical data for the period of 2021-2025 regarding the number of document sets based on which information on the disposal of economic rights for IPRs was entered into the state registers, as well as the number of corresponding registrations for which such information was entered, are presented below (Table 6.4, Figures 6.8 and 6.9).

Table 6.4. Indicators of registrations of information on the disposal of economic rights for IPRs by number of document sets and number of IPRs in 2025

Types of Information	Number of registrations by IPR category				
	Inventions	Utility models	Industrial designs	Trademarks	Total
Transfer of rights	55 (149)	32 (112)	48 (102)	1,370 (2,759)	1,505 (3,122)
Licenses	–	2 (2)	1 (1)	59 (99)	62 (102)
"Open" licenses	41 (41)	63 (63)	–	–	104 (104)

Figure 6.8. Registration of information on the disposal of economic rights by IPR category

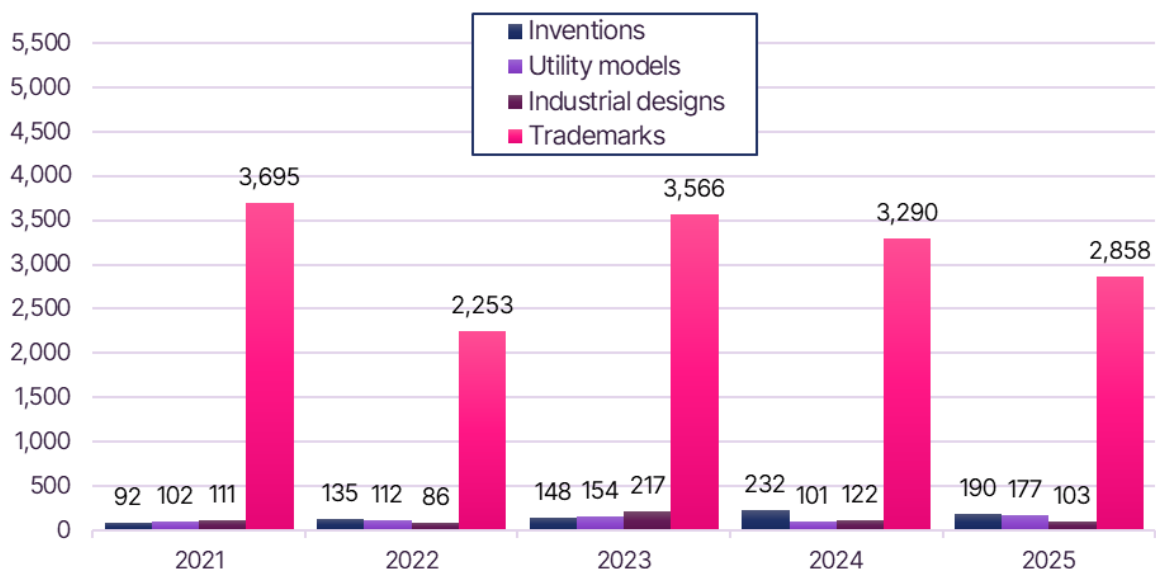
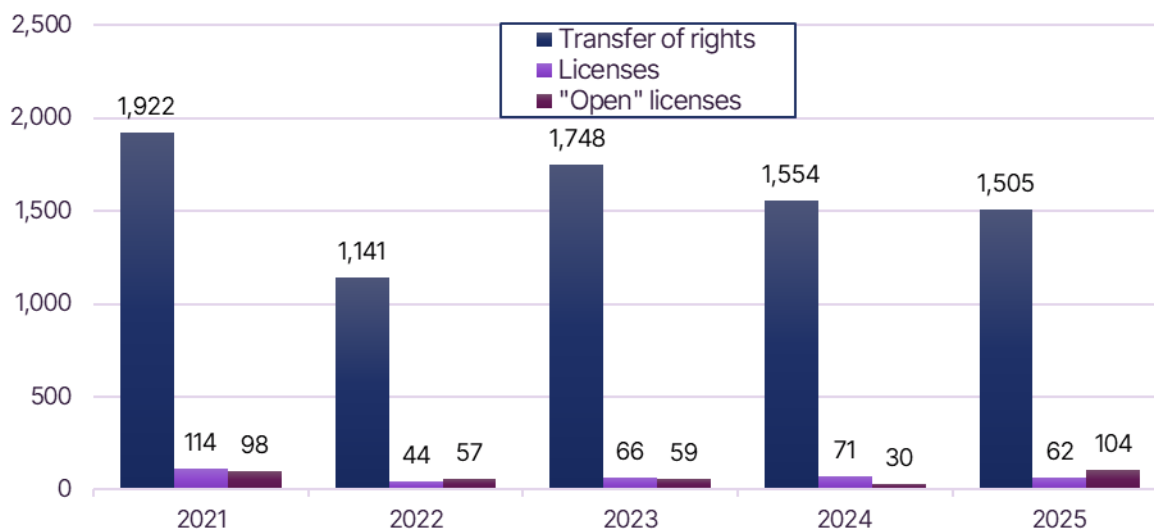


Figure 6.9. Registration of information on the disposal of economic rights for IPRs by number of document sets



6.4. Local Budget Revenues from Activities Related to the Obtaining of Patents/Certificates for Industrial Property Rights

UANIPIO, functioning as the National Intellectual Property Authority, continues to monitor the accuracy and timeliness of the state fee payments credited to budget accounts, in accordance with its statutory responsibilities.

Historical Background. State fees for the issuance of titles of protection for intellectual property have been paid by applicants for 34 years, since the adoption on January 21, 1993, by the Government of Ukraine of the Decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On State Fees" No. 7-93 (the Decree). In 2001, amendments were made to the Decree, and the objects of taxation and the amounts of state fees were finally determined, which remain in effect to this day. Since then, state fees have been paid for the issuance of titles of protection (patents and certificates) for inventions, utility models, industrial designs, trademarks, and layouts of semiconductor products, as well as for the registration of geographical indications, in amounts tied to the non-taxable minimum income of citizens. For the issuance of titles of protection: for inventions, utility models, industrial designs, and layouts of semiconductor products - 17.00 UAH (for foreign applicants - 100.00 USD); for the issuance of a trademark certificate and the registration of a geographical indication: 85.00 UAH (200.00 USD for foreign applicants). It should be noted that, despite constant changes in domestic tax legislation, state fees remain the most stable source of revenue for the budget, with their types and amounts having remained unchanged for over 25 years.

For a long time, revenues from state fees for the issuance of titles of protection were credited to the state budget and paid, based on the applicant's place of residence (location), into special accounts opened for each region (city, district). The "decentralization reform," which began in 2014 and involved the comprehensive transfer of powers, financial resources, and responsibilities to local self-government bodies, changed the distribution of revenues from taxes and fees, including state fees. Thus, amendments were made to the Decree, pursuant to which state fees for the issuance of titles of protection for industrial property are credited to the local government budget, specifically to the budget of the city of

Kyiv, into accounts opened at the Main Directorate of the State Treasury Service of Ukraine in Kyiv (for revenues in the national currency), and to accounts opened by the Finance Department of the Executive Body of the Kyiv City Council of the Kyiv City State Administration (KCSA) at the relevant bank (for receipts in foreign currency).

Despite the modest rates, the total annual revenue to the city budget from state fees for the issuing of titles of protection amounts to a significant sum and plays an important role in financing the capital's operations. In 2025, the total amount of fees paid amounted to nearly 28 million UAH, with the majority of these funds consisting of foreign currency receipts. As noted in the Annual Report of the Executive Body of the Kyiv City Council, the Kyiv City State Administration "Consolidated Special-Purpose Financial Information" for 2024, total revenue from state duty payments (meaning all types of duties, not just those for issuing titles of protection for industrial property) amounted to 38.6 million UAH in 2023 and 47 million UAH in 2024.

At the same time, in 2023, the city budget received UAH 21.4 million from state fees for the issuing of titles of protection, and in 2024 - UAH 25.8 million, which accounts for more than 50% of all state fee payments. Table 6.5 shows the annual revenue from state fees for the issuance of titles of protection for IPs, which has been gradually increasing and in 2025 even exceeded the pre-war revenue of 2021.

Table 6.5. Revenue to the local budget from state fees for the issuing of titles of protection for industrial property rights in 2021–2025

	2021		2022		2023		2024		2025*	
	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD
Total	2857891,15	826938,58	2525046,20	767181,18	2872480,20	505292,52	2915640,32	571215,63	2368530,08	613679,89
Total (UAH)**	25377797,23		27012190,64		21358075,95		25762859,52		27955657,58	

* preliminary data

** converted at the official exchange rate of the hryvnia against foreign currencies

Revenues from state fees are allocated to the general fund of the Kyiv City Budget in accordance with the procedures established by the Budget Code of Ukraine, and the Kyiv City State Administration (KCSA) – the executive body of the Kyiv City Council and the primary authority responsible for managing city finances - pooled these resources to fund the capital's essential operations. These funds, pursuant to decisions of the Kyiv City Council, are directed toward the development of strategically important areas: support for defense and security forces, social programs (assistance to veterans and IDPs), repair and maintenance of critical infrastructure, healthcare, housing and utilities, construction and regional development, transportation and transport infrastructure, road maintenance, communications, telecommunications and information technology, and other programs and activities related to economic activity.

A more detailed analysis of revenue from state fees assessed by UANIPIO on applications for state registration of industrial property rights during 2021–2025, broken down by payers, shows that the majority of revenues consists of state fees for the issuing of trademark certificates (in both national and foreign currencies) (Table 6.6). The second-largest source of revenue is fees paid by applicants for the issuing of patents for inventions and utility models, while the list is rounded out by revenue from the issuing of titles of protection for industrial designs, geographical indications, and layouts of semiconductor products.

Table 6.6. State fees assessed by UANIPIO for applications for state registration of industrial property rights in 2021–2025, by payer

State fee	2021		2022		2023		2024		2025*	
	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD	UAH	USD
For patent registration										
By residents	16163,10	–	11630,82	–	5907,50	–	6465,67	–	6629,43	–
By non-residents	–	125361,89	–	112150,10	–	54150,00	–	91716,67	–	78003,33
For utility model registration										
By residents	66538,97	–	38154,20	–	43437,39	–	53554,64	–	59899,51	–
By non-residents	–	14708,58	–	4653,74	–	3845,68	–	6932,22	–	4665,69
For industrial design registration										
By residents	25024,00	–	10786,50	–	11687,50	–	13557,50	–	15963,00	–
By non-residents	–	19500,00	–	6700,00	–	9900,00	–	12250,00	–	8500,00
For issuing of trademark certificates										
By residents	1611756,84	–	1138575,00	–	968879,59	–	1081950,86	–	1477115,83	–
By non-residents	–	660285,72	–	636606,07	–	431573,94	–	454778,36	–	507858,33
For geographical indication registration										
By residents	–	–	–	–	340,00	–	425,00	–	85,00	–
By non-residents	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
For registration of layouts of semiconductor products										
By residents	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	51,00	–
By non-residents	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	1719482,91	819856,19	1199146,52	760109,91	1030251,89	499469,62	1155953,67	565677,25	1559743,77	599027,35
Total (UAH)**	24093358,34		25782849,26		19297753,88		23869083,18		26532654,87	

* preliminary data

** Converted at the official hryvnia exchange rate against foreign currencies (average for the period); NBU average exchange rate: 2021 – 27.29 UAH; 2022 – 32.3423 UAH; 2023 – 36.5738 UAH; 2024 – 40.1521 UAH; 2025 – 40.1521 UAH.

As the figures show (Table 6.6), revenue from state fees is clearly increasing, and the main source of revenue has traditionally been payments from businesses (both national and foreign) and inventors, who, despite active hostilities, the destruction of real estate, massive business relocations, and extremely difficult conditions, continue to actively file applications for state registration of IP rights, making a significant contribution to maintaining stability and fostering the development of the economy and innovation sector, while signaling the reliability of businesses and consumer and partner confidence in the legal system for intellectual property protection.

Intellectual property remains a vital component of economic development, maintaining positive momentum and growth. Even under difficult conditions, Ukrainian businesses and the innovation ecosystem continue to operate, seeking new solutions and adapting to the realities of wartime. This is an important signal to the global business community: Ukraine remains open to cooperation and guarantees proper protection of intellectual property rights.

7. DEVELOPMENT OF THE FIELD OF COPYRIGHT AND RELATED RIGHTS

7.1. Regulatory and Methodological Support of the field of Copyright and Related Rights

In 2025, UANIPIO's activities in the field of regulatory and methodological support of copyright and related rights were focused on fulfilling Ukraine's European integration obligations, developing a methodological base, and forming sustained expert support for state bodies, copyright holders, and users.



Liubov Maidanyk, Deputy Director of UANIPIO

In accordance with the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 300-r dated March 28, 2025, UANIPIO carried out systematic work on preparing proposals for amendments to the Law of Ukraine "On Copyright and Related Rights" and other acts in order to bring the regulation into line with EU law. The recommendations of the EU4IP project experts on the implementation of Directives 93/83/EEC, 96/9/EC,

2001/29/EC, 2001/84/EC, 2006/115/EC, 2009/24/EC, 2012/28/EC, 2014/26/EC, 2017/1564/EC, 2019/789/EC and 2019/790/EC were processed.

In the course of preparing the proposals, the experience of transposing a number of key EU legal acts relating to copyright and related rights into the national legislation of EU Member States was analyzed, in particular in the context of satellite broadcasting and cable retransmission, as well as ancillary online services, legal protection of databases and computer programs, information society, term of protection of copyright and related rights, certain permitted uses of orphan works, the digital single market and others.

The proposals were the subject of a broad expert discussion with the participation of rights holders, authorities, scientific institutions, collective management organizations, as well as international experts from the EU4IP technical assistance project.

The proposed amendments include improving the rules for using artificial intelligence (AI) (with the exception of text and data mining), provisions on transparency in providing information on remuneration under contracts, the right to additional, proportionate and fair remuneration for authors and performers, the extension of the term of protection of related property rights for published performances and phonograms to 70 years, the regime for the use of out-of-commerce works, as well as regional (within the EU) exhaustion of the distribution right after Ukraine becomes a member of the EU. It is proposed to adapt certain provisions to Ukrainian realities, in particular, to the proposal of the State Archival Service of Ukraine on proactive documentation of the damage caused by the armed aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine, it is proposed to take into account the specifics of the application of exceptions and limitations in the field of copyright and related rights in order to ensure public safety.

Another area of activity was participation in the preparation of proposals for regulatory legal acts, in particular on the implementation of the principles of open science (the draft Law of Ukraine "On Amendments to Certain Laws of Ukraine on the Implementation of the Principles of Open Science") and the recodification of the Civil Code of Ukraine.

Pursuant to Law of Ukraine No. 4017-IX dated October 10, 2024, which amended the Law of Ukraine "On Copyright and Related Rights", the Procedure for State Registration of Copyright and Contracts related to Property Rights to a Work was improved, in particular, the period for consideration of applications was reduced to 30 days, certificates of registration of contracts were introduced instead of decisions, the possibility of correcting errors in the certificate and returning application documents was provided. The Order of UANIPIO No. 304/2025 dated December 15, 2025 approved updated forms of documents regarding state registration.

During the year, UANIPIO provided proposals to the Ministry of Economy on monitoring the effectiveness of regulatory acts in the field of copyright and related rights, in particular, draft reports on the basic and repeated monitoring of the effectiveness of the regulatory impact of the resolutions of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 1066 dated October 10, 2023 "On Approval of the Procedure for Protection of Personal Non-property Rights of the Author in Respect of Works that Have Passed into the Public Domain in the Absence of Heirs" and No. 1312 dated December 15, 2023 "On Approval of the Procedure for Acquisition and Loss of the Status of Orphan Works, Phonograms, Videograms and Performances Recorded Therein, as well as the Conditions for Their Authorized Use and Maintenance of the Register", as well as the Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 11319 dated August 16, 2023 "On Approval of the Procedure for State Registration of Copyright and Contracts Related to Property Rights to a Work", registered with the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine under No. 1760/40816 dated October 09, 2023.

Throughout the year, UANIPIO also ensured Ukraine's participation in the WIPO ALERT initiative. On November 27, 2025, within the framework of the IV National Forum of Intellectual Property and Innovations "IP LET Forum 2025", a workshop for publishers "Combating Book Piracy" was held, during which special attention was paid to the WIPO ALERT initiative. Taking into account the launch of the updated procedure for posting the national list of pirated websites on the WIPO ALERT platform on March 10, 2025, the initiative gained practical effectiveness. Rights holders in the audiovisual and book publishing sectors actively used the relevant mechanisms, in particular with the participation of Ukrainian media groups.

In 2025, together with the Ministry of Economy, regular working meetings were held with representatives of ministries, other state authorities, and international EU experts to coordinate approaches to the implementation of EU legal acts in the field of copyright and related rights, uniform practice of applying the law, and prepare coordinated positions of Ukraine for further consultations with the European Commission.

The implementation of a set of measures in 2025 contributed to strengthening Ukraine's European integration capacity and the formation of a uniform practice of applying the law in the field of copyright and related rights, laying the foundation for further systemic updating of legal regulation.

7.2. Promoting the Development of the Creative Sectors of the Economy

Throughout 2025, UANIPIO continued, within the scope of its competence, to provide support to representatives of the creative sectors of the economy, in particular by advising creators on issues related to the protection of intellectual property and providing methodological guidance by holding educational events, round-table discussions, seminars, and other activities. In total, 33 events were held within the year for various sectors of the creative industries.



Dmytro Doroshenko, Liubov Maidanyk, and Mykhailo Shved, Director of the National Philharmonic of Ukraine

Building on the "34 Poles of Creativity" project launched in 2023, UANIPIO succeeded in reaching a wide range of creative industries by organizing specialized educational events for their representatives. In particular, during the reporting period, seminars were held for representatives of the music industry, the museum, archival and library sectors, translators, architects and fashion designers.

A significant trend during the year was the growing demand from higher education institutions for additional knowledge for students in the field of copyright and the functioning of the creative industries.

In response, UANIPIO experts held a series of seminars for faculties associated with the creative sectors of the economy.

To bridge educational outreach and practical application within the creative and cultural industries, particular note should be made of UANIPIO's cooperation with the State Archival Service of Ukraine. This strategic partnership enabled the delivery of seminars that secured the participation of representatives from nearly all national archival institutions. Ongoing consultations were provided to archive representatives, and urgent measures were identified to simplify the collection and documentation of information during the period of martial law, while ensuring compliance with copyright legislation.



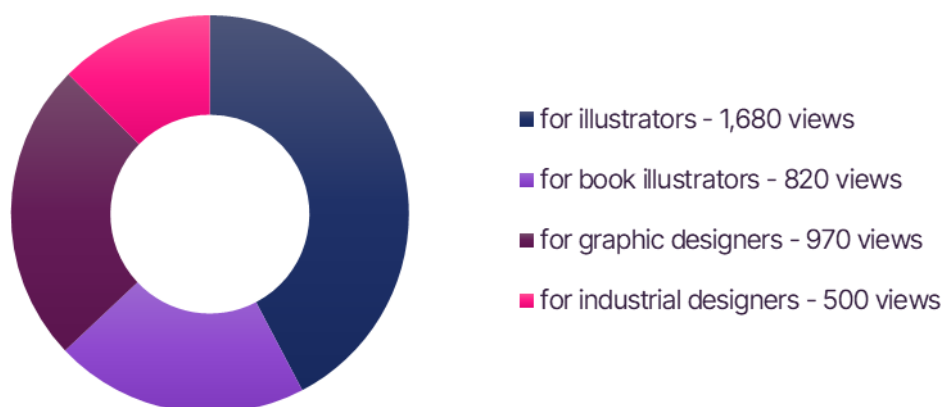
Head of the Department for the Development of the Creative Sectors of the Economy of UANIPIO participated in the "ORIGINS. FUTURE" forum dedicated to the preservation and promotion of cultural heritage

The year has been marked by particular attention to the architects' work in the context of preparing the draft Urban Planning Code of Ukraine, as well as taking into account issues raised by representatives of the National Union of Architects of Ukraine regarding recurring infringements of architects' property rights and personal moral rights in their work with clients. Accordingly, UANIPIO experts organized the relevant events, provided consultations to the professional community, and developed a draft licensing agreement for architects.

Established in 2024, the practice of developing sample agreements on the transfer of intellectual property rights for various sectors of the creative economy was continued. Particularly, in cooperation with the Vinnytsia Regional State Administration, on the request of which, UANIPIO experts developed a number of sample agreements for the implementation of writers' creative projects. In total, nine sample agreements were developed during the year in response to requests.

At the same time, throughout 2025, UANIPIO, together with partners from the creative industries, summarized the initial results of previous joint projects. In particular, this included the "Uzgoda" project, launched in partnership with the non-governmental organization "Design4Ukraine" and the British Council in Ukraine, where the organization's experts developed a series of sample agreements on the transfer of intellectual property rights for designers in various fields. Thus, within the framework of the project, the sample agreements developed by UANIPIO specialists were viewed 4,000 times in 2025 (Fig. 7.1).

Figure 7.1. Number of Views of Sample Agreements on the Transfer of Intellectual Property Rights



During 2025, representatives of the creative industries were provided with more than 4,600 consultations in person, by telephone, and in written form, covering a wide range of issues – from copyright registration to the legal regulation of rights to objects generated by artificial intelligence, the inheritance of property copyrights, collective management of copyrights, and other matters. In addition, new consultation formats were tested, such as extended consultations as a paid service and consultations via the "Diia.Business" service. Through ongoing engagement with representatives of the creative sectors of the economy, UANIPIO has identified a number of key issues that require further clarification for the community or additional legal regulation. In particular, under martial law, one such issue is the inheritance of property copyrights. Accordingly, in response to a request from the community, UANIPIO has initiated consultations with the Notary Chamber of Ukraine to develop a unified approach on the matter of inheritance.

To ensure the ongoing support of the creative sectors of the economy, UANIPIO has also joined in the finalization of operational action plans for the implementation of the Strategy for the Development of Culture in Ukraine through 2030 and the Strategy for the Development of Reading through 2032, in which UANIPIO is listed as the implementing body for some of the measures.

7.3. Informing and Providing Clarifications on the Implementation of State Policy in the Field of Copyright and Related Rights

Within the framework of the implementation of delegated authority powers defined by the Law "On Copyright and Related Rights" regarding informing and providing clarifications on the implementation of state policy in the field of copyright and related rights, in 2025, UANIPIO responded to 143 requests from individuals and legal entities.

The main issues in the appeals to UANIPIO in 2025 concerned general issues of protection and enforcement of copyright and related rights, in particular, the peculiarities of managing property rights, receiving remuneration by rightholders, the use of a pseudonym, calculating the term of copyright protection, the correlation of the personal rights of an individual (the right to a name) with the personal non-property rights of the author to a work (regarding the use of the author's name), the issue of exercising a special kind of right to non-original objects generated by a computer program (artificial intelligence), as well as the use of works at ceremonial events of national importance in the context of the peculiarities of implementing the requirements of the Resolution of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine No. 12412 dated January 15, 2025 "On the Establishment of the National Day of Prayer".

Also, during the year, answers were often provided to questions regarding state registration of copyright and contracts concerning property rights to a work, regarding commissioned works ordered by state authorities.

For the purpose of implementing the requirements of the Law of Ukraine "On Sanctions", explanatory guidance was provided by the State Property Fund of Ukraine regarding the mechanisms of state registration under the Fund of property rights of author, collected into state income by decisions of the High Anti-Corruption Court, in particular, case No. 991/8552/24 dated October 22, 2024, regarding Povalii Taisiia Mykolaivna, to whom the sanction provided for in paragraph 11 of part one of Article 4 of the aforementioned Law was applied and the assets – of property rights to music and lyrics of nine songs were recovered as State revenue, and by the decision of the High Anti-Corruption Court in case No. 991/13382/24 dated December 25, 2024, as well as regarding Kot Yurii Volodymyrovych, to whom the sanction provided for in paragraph 11 of part one of Article 4 of the aforementioned Law was applied and the assets – of property rights were recovered as State revenue rights to 7 descriptions of television projects (programs).

In 2025, UANIPIO continued the implementation of the WIPO ALERT initiative, aimed at countering the placement of advertising on pirate websites, for which advertising revenue is an important source of livelihood.



In accordance with the Law of Ukraine "On Advertising" and the Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 2945 dated February 01, 2024, which approved the Procedure for Formation and Maintenance of the National List of Websites Raising Concerns Regarding the Observance of Intellectual Property Rights, registered with the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine under No. 357/41702 dated March 11, 2024, UANIPIO ensured the consideration of applications from copyright and/or related rights holders regarding the inclusion of websites in such a list.

To implement this procedure during 2025, UANIPIO:
considered 17 applications from copyright and related rights holders for the inclusion of websites in the national list;

adopted 15 conclusions on the existence of grounds for including websites in the list.

In 2025, the Ministry of Economy added 15 websites to the national list and to the World Intellectual Property Organization database "WIPO ALERT".

In addition, UANIPIO employees participated in educational activities on the protection and enforcement of copyright and related rights, in particular at KSE Graduate Business School on the topic "Copyright and Computer Programs", during the IP Protection lecture series Lab with a speech on the topic "Copyright for Computer Programs, Review of Case Law", at the IP Academy Summer School "AI, CODE & IP" with speeches by UANIPIO specialists, in particular on topics related to copyright and related rights "Digital content: Copyright in TikTok, YouTube, Instagram", "Open-source vs. Proprietary Software: How to Choose a License", IP Protection Lecture Series Lab on the topic "Copyright for Computer Programs, Review of Case Law", webinars "Prospects for the Implementation of Certain Provisions of EU Law in the Field of Copyright and Related Rights in Ukraine" as part of the IP Academy course "IP Insight: European Course of Reforms", an open lecture for students as part of the "Derzhavotvoret's" ("Statemaker") project on the topic "Digital State: Myth or Reality? Legal Regulation of the Digital Environment and the Role of Copyright", scientific and practical seminar on advanced training "Current problems of creating and using employee-created (made-for-hire) objects of intellectual property in the field of education and science", organized by UkrISTEI jointly with UANIPIO.



Dmytro Doroshenko, Liubov Maidanyk, Olena Ihnatieva at the official opening of the EUIPO Copyright Knowledge Centre

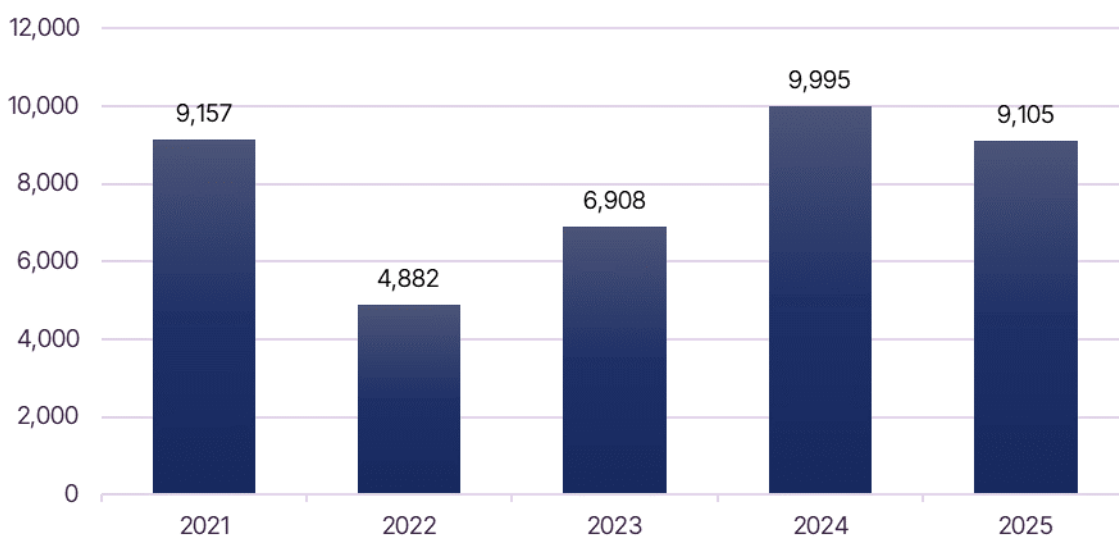
7.4. State Registration of the Author's Right to a Work

In 2025, the trend of recent years towards an increase in the number of applications submitted to UANIPIO for state registration of the author's right to a work continued. During the year, 11,222 applications were received, which is 6,4% more than in 2024. Also, in 2025, the number of applications submitted in electronic form increased, which is 22% more than applications submitted in paper form. For comparison,

in 2024, the number of applications submitted in electronic form was less than 50% compared to those received in paper form.

During 2025, 9,105 state registrations were made, which is 9% less than in 2024 (Fig. 7.2). The first place among state registrations of the author's right to a work is occupied by literary works – (67.4% of all registrations), computer programs – (10.1%), musical works with and without text – (5.9%), collections of works and other composite works – (5.3%), works of fine art – (4.5%), and other objects of copyright – (6.8%).

Figure 7.2. Dynamics of State Registrations of the Author's Right to a Work



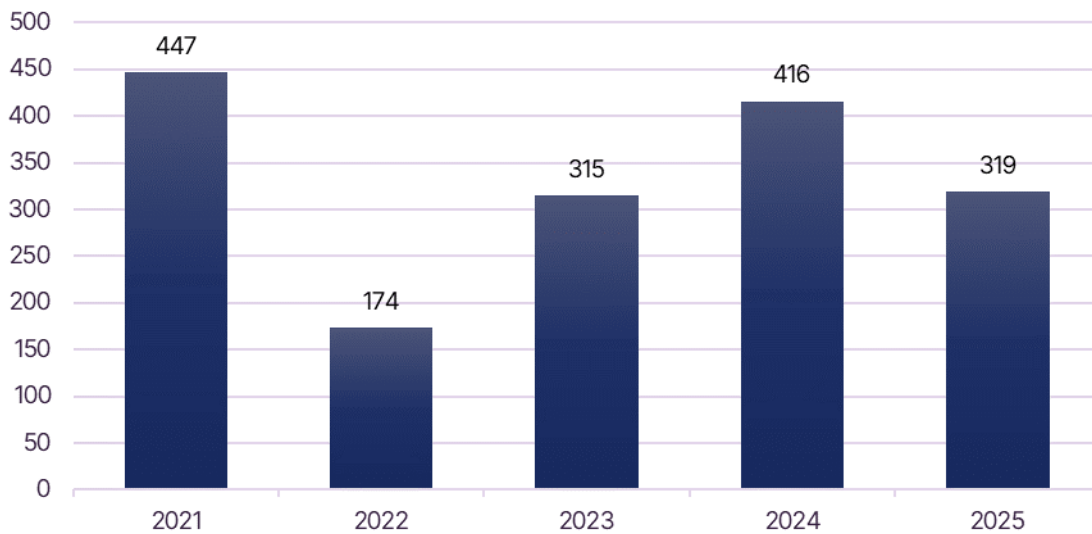
The number of applications for state registration of authors' rights to works that include AI-generated objects is also increasing. During the year, 9 copyright registrations were made for works that include generated objects. Mostly, generated objects are included in works as illustrations in literary works or as part of composite works. This trend indicates an increase in the use of AI-generated objects, as well as the desire of copyright holders to declare the use of generated objects.

In addition, in connection with the recognition of the Law of Ukraine "On the Protection of Interests of Persons in the Sphere of Intellectual Property during the Martial Law in Connection with the Military Aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine" as invalid and the renewal of the time limits for actions related to the state registration of copyright and contracts concerning property rights to a work, since September 2025, 370 applications for registration of the author's right to a work have been returned due to the applicants' failure to comply with the requirements of the Procedure for State Registration of Copyright and Contracts Related to Property Rights to a Work, approved by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 1756 dated December 27, 2001.

7.5. State Registration of Contracts Related to the Author's Right to a Work

In 2025, 414 applications were submitted for state registration of contracts related to property rights to a work, which is 1% more compared to 2024. 319 registrations of contracts were made, which is 23% less compared to 2024 (Fig. 7.3).

Figure 7.3. Dynamics of State Registrations of Contracts related to property rights to a work



With the entry into force on November 03, 2025 of amendments to the Procedure for State Registration of Copyright and Contracts Related to Property Rights to a Work, approved by the Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 337 dated August 27, 2025, registered with the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine under No. 469/44875 on October 09, 2025, the approach to state registration of contracts has changed, in particular, decisions on state registration or refusal of state registration have been introduced instead of conclusions on the presence or absence of grounds for entering information into state registers; issuance of certificates of registration of contracts, instead of decisions; the opportunity for the applicant to obtain a duplicate certificate of registration of the contract. These changes required a comprehensive, systematic approach to improving the state registration process, paying special attention to automated processes and introducing new functionalities. The modernization created the basis for increasing the efficiency, reliability and quality of the subsequent state registration procedure, but temporarily led to a decrease in the number of state registrations of contracts in 2025.

7.6. Providing Methodological Assistance to Collective Management Organizations and Monitoring of Their Activities

In accordance with Article 10 of the Law of Ukraine No. 2415-VIII dated May 15, 2018 "On Effective Management of Property Rights of Rightholders in the Field of Copyright and (or) Related Rights", collective management organizations are obliged to publish and maintain up-to-date information about their activities on their own websites.

Currently, monitoring the activities of collective management organizations involves analyzing information available on their official websites and other open sources, as well as information received from these organizations upon requests from UANIPIO.

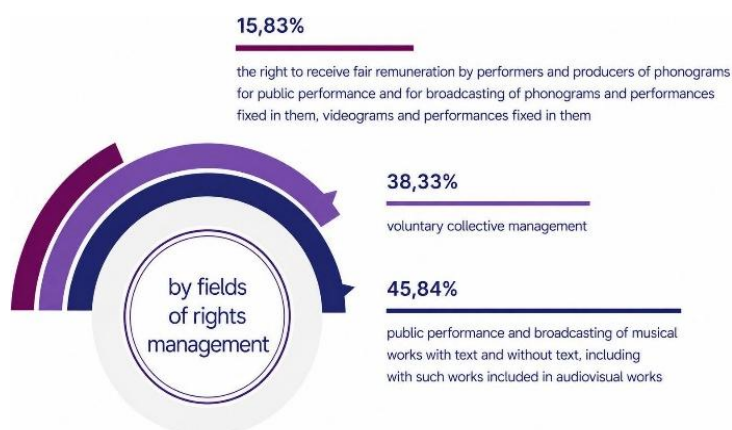
In 2025, 11 collective management organizations out of 19 listed in the List of Collective Management Organizations had functional websites and 5 of them maintained the completeness and relevance of information subject to publication in accordance with the requirements of the Law "On Effective Management of Property Rights of Rightholders in the Field of Copyright and (or) Related Rights".

In 2025, the provisions of the Law "On Effective Management of Property Rights of Rightholders in the Field of Copyright and (or) Related Rights" allowed for temporary voluntary collective management in the areas of public performance and broadcasting of musical non-dramatic works included in the catalog

of collective management organizations, as well as the collection of remuneration by the same organizations in the specified areas for the use of relevant objects of related rights in which these musical non-dramatic works are recorded.

In 2025, 7 out of 19 collective management organizations posted annual activity reports for 2024 on their websites. According to the information specified in the relevant annual reports and additionally received upon request from collective management organizations (a total of 10 organizations), in 2024, UAH 191,870,183.33 was collected as income from the rights, UAH 133,975,741.39 was distributed, and UAH 120,082,857.57 was paid out.

The shares of collected remuneration by areas of rights management were as follows:



In order to reflect the specified information and the results of monitoring the activities of collective management organizations, a generalized report for 2024 was prepared, including recommendations for improving the activities of collective management organizations and eliminating violations of the requirements of current legislation.

In April 2025, UANIPIO participated in an online meeting with representatives of collective management organizations to discuss current issues in the field of collective management in Ukraine, in particular, the prospects for the application of the WIPO Connect information and communication system in Ukraine.

For the purpose of execution of the Action Plan for the implementation of the recommendations of the European Commission presented in the Progress Report of Ukraine within the framework of the 2024 European Union Enlargement Package, approved by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 300-r dated March 28, 2025, in terms of implementing subparagraph 2 of paragraph 94 (conducting an analysis of the application of the legislation of Ukraine on fair remuneration due to performers and producers of phonograms, and preparing recommendations to improve the mechanism for the payment and distribution of fair remuneration, taking into account EU legal acts), UANIPIO, together with the Ministry of Economy, held an online discussion in June 2025 with representatives of collective management organizations on problematic issues of the application of the legislation of Ukraine on fair remuneration due to performers and producers of phonograms.

In July 2025, UANIPIO, together with the Ministry of Economy, conducted an online survey among collective management organizations, users of copyright and related rights objects, and their associations regarding the features and problematic aspects of paying fair remuneration in Ukraine.

Based on the results of the survey and online discussion, an analytical document was prepared on the application of legislation on the payment of fair remuneration to performers and phonogram producers in Ukraine, as well as recommendations for improving the mechanism for the payment and distribution of fair remuneration, taking into account EU legal acts.

It is worth noting that individual collective management organizations are actively involved in the preparation of UANIPIO proposals for amendments to legislation related to European integration, recognizing that such amendments will strengthen the position of creators who are members of these organizations in contractual relations with other rightholders. Thus, the collective management organization NGO "UACRR"

provided UANIPIO with comments on the implementation of certain provisions of EU Directive 2019/790 (regarding the transparency of contracts, as well as additional, proportionate and fair remuneration for authors and performers) in the course of developing UANIPIO proposals for the draft Law of Ukraine "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of Ukraine in the Field of Copyright and Related Rights to Provide Legal Regulation in Accordance with EU Acts".

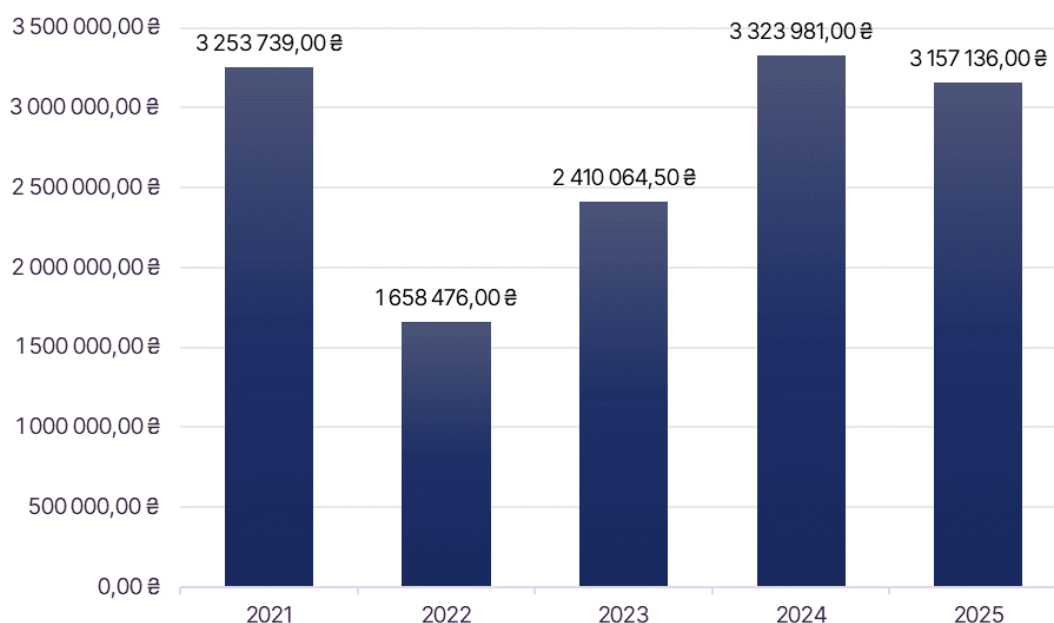
7.7. Revenues to the State Budget for Preparation for the State Registration of Copyright and Contracts related to Property Rights to a Work

In accordance with paragraph 26 of part two of Article 29 of the Budget Code of Ukraine, the revenues of the general fund of the State Budget of Ukraine include fees for preparation for state registration of copyright and contracts related to property rights to a work.

In accordance with part three of Article 4 of the Law of Ukraine "On Copyright and Related Rights", UANIPIO, designated by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 943-r dated October 23, 2022 "Some Issues of the National Intellectual Property Authority" as the entity performing the functions of the National Intellectual Property Authority, carries out state registration of copyright and contracts related to property rights to a work. Fees are paid for preparation for the state registration of copyright and contracts related to property rights to a work, the amounts of which are determined by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 1756 dated December 27, 2001 "On State Registration of Copyright and Contracts related to Property Rights to a Work".

In 2025, the State Budget of Ukraine received almost UAH 3.2 million for preparation for the state registration of copyright and contracts related to property rights to a work (Fig. 7.4).

Figure 7.4. Dynamics of revenues to the State Budget of Ukraine from Fees for Preparation for the State Registration of Copyright and Contracts related to the Author's Right to a Work





8. CLIENT-CENTRICITY

In 2025, client-centricity remained one of the key practical principles of the activities of the Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations. Its substance consisted not only in the provision of services related to the legal protection of intellectual property rights, but above all in building a model of interaction with applicants and other users that reduces procedural complexity, expands access to services, ensures prompt feedback and makes it possible to receive practical assistance at different stages of working with intellectual property rights. This approach is especially important under martial law, when remote access, predictability and clarity of services are of decisive importance for a significant share of users.

One of the most indicative results of the year was the increase in consultation activity, which grew by 26.5% compared with 2024. This indicates not only high demand for the UANIPIO's services, but also users' trust in consultation support as a real tool for resolving applied issues.

The practical value of this support lay in its applied nature. Consultations covered issues that applicants encounter directly in the process of acquiring and exercising rights, including the choice of the most effective method of protection for an object, clarifications on the procedure for completing and filing applications, the determination of classes of goods and services under the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks (Nice Classification, NCL) for trade marks, as well as the use of the search tools of the Special Information System (SIS). This content of consultations demonstrates that client-centricity in UANIPIO's activities was implemented through reducing barriers to access the system of legal protection and supporting users at the points where the greatest practical difficulties arise.

The development of a multi-channel model of interaction with users gained particular importance. Alongside traditional forms of communication, including in-person meetings, UANIPIO consistently developed remote and electronic support tools. An important step was the expansion of the functionality of the digital infrastructure through the Applicant's Account module, which became the central element of user interaction with the platform. Its functionality covers the filing, processing and monitoring of applications for intellectual property rights, obtaining up-to-date information on the status of an application in real time through integration with the SIS, the use of a qualified electronic signature (QES) to sign documents without physically visiting the institution, as well as an embedded support chat that allows users to promptly report problems and receive assistance while working with the Account. This solution is an important manifestation of client-centricity, since it reduces users' time costs, simplifies procedures and makes interaction with the UANIPIO more predictable and convenient.

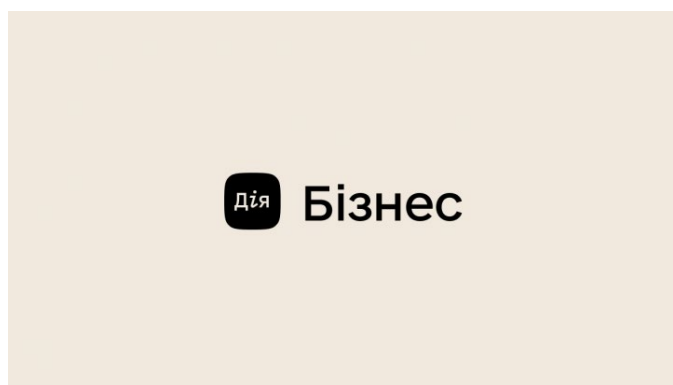
At the same time, in 2025 digitalization developed not merely as a technological update, but as a service logic. The integration of the Account with the Megapolis.DocNet system, the development of

directories of counterparties of the applicant's representative, role-based access administration and the logging of user actions create a more orderly and secure environment for working with documents and representing interests. The preparation of payment integration with LiqPay, which is intended to enable online payment for services, should be noted separately. For the user, this means a consistent transition from fragmented interaction to a more holistic digital service in which key actions can be performed in a single environment.

The UANIPIO's client-centricity was also reflected in its ability to take into account the specific features of different categories of users. In 2025, consultation support covered both general issues of acquiring rights and issues concerning the disposal of intellectual property rights and technology transfer. The main questions concerned agreements on the creation on commission and use of intellectual property rights, as well as license agreements for trademarks. This indicates that UANIPIO responded not only to the need for the registration of rights, but also to users' demand regarding their further commercial use, meaning that it supported the client not only at the point of entry into the system, but also at the stage of economic realization of rights.

An important aspect of client-centricity was the expansion of access to consultations for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). In June 2025, a new category, Intellectual Property, was launched in the consultations section on the Diia.Business portal, within which 21 online consultations were provided during the reporting period. The significance of this step lies not only in the number of requests, but also in the extension of consultation support beyond the UANIPIO's own institutional platform into an environment where businesses are already accustomed to receiving applied service support. This approach makes it possible to bring IP tools closer to the business environment, reduce the entry threshold for SMEs and make seeking legal protection or consultation assistance a more natural part of business practice.

It is also indicative that trademarks traditionally generated the greatest interest among users. At the same time, interest in them remained stable compared with 2024, while the number of questions concerning inventions and utility models slightly decreased, and questions relating to industrial designs remained less common. For the assessment of client-centricity, this is important because it demonstrates the UANIPIO's ability to work not only with the legally defined list of services, but also with the real profile of user demand. Such orientation towards the actual needs of applicants allows consultation formats, digital services and information materials to be configured more precisely.



In a broader sense, UANIPIO's client-centricity in 2025 consisted in the transition from a model in which the user independently adapts to institutional procedures to a model in which the institution itself gradually adapts its services to the user's logic. Several trends indicate this at the same time, including the growth of consultation support, the development of remote channels of interaction, orientation towards applicants' applied issues, the expansion of support for business, as well as digital tools that make it possible to work with applications more autonomously, quickly and transparently. Taken together, this forms a more accessible service ecosystem in which intellectual property is perceived not as a complex

administrative process, but as a practical tool for the protection, development and commercialization of the results of intellectual activity.

Thus, in 2025, UANIPIO's client-centricity was manifested in simplifying access to services, strengthening applied consultation support, developing digital services and expanding channels of interaction with different groups of users. This model makes it possible to improve the quality of user experience, strengthen trust in the national IP system and make the legal protection of intellectual property more accessible for businesses, inventors, creators, researchers and other interested persons.

9. DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

9.1. Extensive Digitalization of the Processes of Providing Services in the Field of Intellectual Property

In 2025, the stable, uninterrupted and effective operation of the universal information and telecommunication complex (ITC) of UANIPIO, which is a digital platform for the implementation of procedures (functions, actions) provided for by the legislation of Ukraine in the field of legal protection of intellectual property, as well as the UANIPIO Charter, was ensured.

ITC functions as a holistic integrated system of automated processing, storage, protection and publication of data, providing full digital support for the processes of filing applications, maintaining state registers of intellectual property rights (IPR) and providing services to natural persons and legal entities.

During the year, the following was ensured and maintained:

the stable functioning of the processes of electronic document management and automated processing of materials in the field of legal protection of intellectual property;

receiving and prompt processing of incoming documents, including electronic ones, formation and sending of outgoing correspondence in compliance with the established communication channels;

automated support for the digitization of paper documents, their storage, accounting and operational search of information in databases;

automated maintenance of entering information into state registers, formation of titles of protection (patents, certificates), preparation of original layouts of official bulletins and publication of official information;

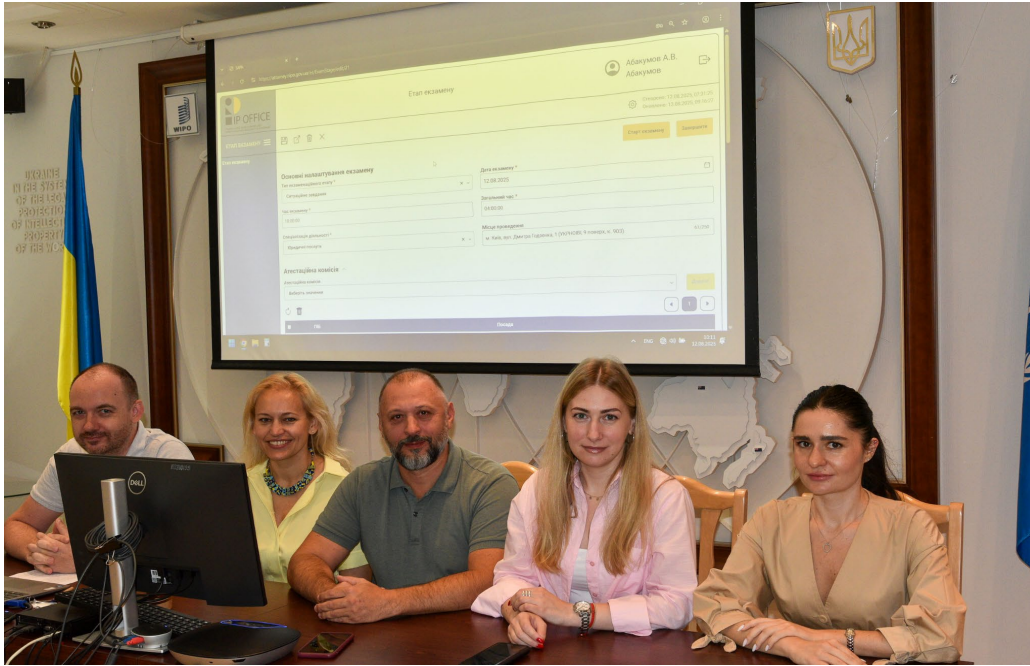
automated maintenance of the validity of titles of protection, control over the payment of fees and the provision of patent information services;

the formation of statistical reporting and analytical materials;

protection of information from unauthorized access and providing access to users in accordance with the defined permissions;

the functionality of automated systems and database structures were kept up to date and adapted to changes in legislation and technological requirements.

In 2025, the System "Certification of Candidates for Patent Attorneys and Patent Attorneys" operates in a regular mode and provides a full cycle of procedures – from the registration of candidates to the recording of results and the implementation of the appeal mechanism.



The module "Register of Patent Attorneys", developed in 2024 on the basis of the Electronic Document Management System "Megapolis.DocNet", provides updating of information in the state register, automation of specialized processes for registration and formation of relevant documents (Certificates of Representatives in the Field of Intellectual Property (Patent Attorneys).

During 2025, special attention was paid to:

improving the performance of server infrastructure and ensuring high availability of services;

strengthening information security measures;

ensuring compliance of systems with international standards and national regulatory requirements in the field of information protection.

9.2. Online Services and Development of Digital Platform for Communication in the Field of Intellectual Property

New UANIPIO web portal (Portal), which provides automation of key business processes in the field of intellectual property, was developed and put into trial operation in 2025. Within the first stage, the basic functionality of the Portal has been implemented, which will allow to:

automate the main internal and external processes;

improve the efficiency of application processing;

provide control and management of users and organizations.

Upon successful completion of the trial operation phase, it is envisaged to put the Portal into commercial operation.

In 2026, it is planned to implement the second stage of the Portal, aimed at optimizing processes and improving functional and non-functional characteristics based on trial operation.

According to the results of 2025, the digitalization of the processes of providing services in the field of intellectual property demonstrates better indicators of system stability, ease of use of services and efficiency of internal procedures.

The Portal includes the following modules and functionalities:

The "Public Portal" module – provides open access to information about UANIPIO activities, including news, publications, reference materials and announcements. In the public part, a feedback form is implemented, which allows users to quickly contact the organization.

The "User Registration and Authentication" module – provides reliable identification and authorization of users to access personalized services. Thereby users get secure access to their accounts, and the administrative part of the Portal can control the login and registration process.

The "Applicant's Account" module – is a core element of the platform that automates key business processes: filing, processing and control of intellectual property applications. The Account has the following functions:

- integration with the SIS – allows users to receive up-to-date information on the status of the application in real time;

- integration with services – the Applicant's Account is integrated with the Megapolis.DocNet System, which provides increased interaction efficiency and allows scaling services in the future.

- QES – for signing documents and official appeals without the need for a personal visit to the organization;

- integration with the LiqPay Payment System – provides the ability to pay for services online;

- directories of counterparties of the applicant's representative – allows for quick adding and using information about organizations and natural persons acting on their behalf;

- built-in support chat – users can promptly report issues and get help while working with the Applicant's Account.

The "Administration" module – provides management of users and representatives of the organization involved in business processes and implements a high level of data protection, including:

- access control by roles;

- logging user actions;

- management of access rights to various parts of the Portal;

- integration with other internal UANIPIO systems for centralized management.

Integration with external services – the Portal is integrated with the "Megapolis.DocNet" System, which improves the efficiency of interaction and allows you to scale services in the future.

Thanks to the implementation of the first stage of the Portal, the following was achieved:

- providing users with a full range of online services for filing and processing applications;

- secure authentication and authorization with the ability to use QES;

- the ability to pay online through the LiqPay Payment System;

- integration with the SIS system to obtain up-to-date information in real time;

- effective communication between users and UANIPIO, including chats and feedback forms;

- high level of data protection and centralized administration.

9.3. Interactive Databases and Reference Systems

The structure of the UANIPIO ITC includes web-oriented systems that perform the functions of information and reference systems (IRS), in particular SIS, as well as IRS "International Patent Classification", "International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks" (Nice Classification), "International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks" (Vienna Classification) and "International Classification for Industrial Designs" (Locarno Classification).

During the reporting period, these systems functioned normally, their proper technical support and updating of data were ensured, which guaranteed users access to information on intellectual property rights in accordance with the requirements of the legislation of Ukraine.

In 2025, the functioning of the SIS was carried out under the influence of the consequences of military aggression, which caused some temporary complications in the operation of the system, but the SIS generally provided stable access to data from state registers and information on IPRs.



10. PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

10.1. Representation of UANIPIO's Interests in Judicial Proceedings Concerning the Protection of Intellectual Property Rights

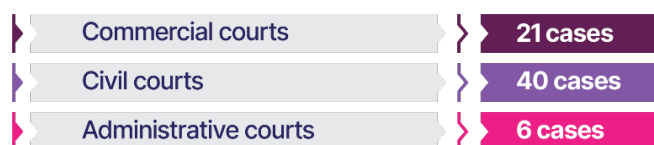


Vladyslav Bilotskyi, Deputy Director of UANIPIO

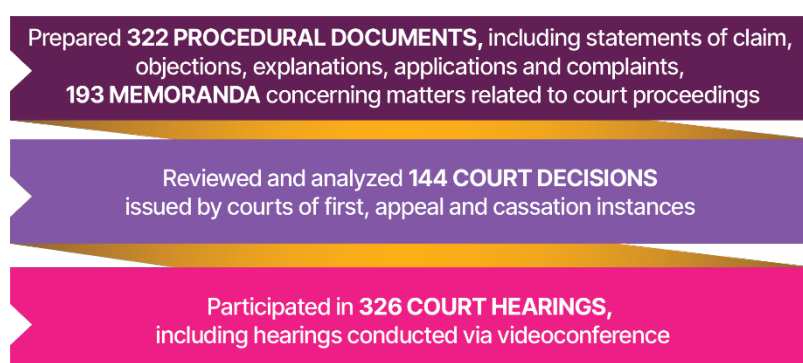
To ensure effective representation of the interests of UANIPIO, acting as the National Intellectual Property Authority (NIPA), in judicial proceedings related to the enforcement of intellectual property rights, 67 claims filed in 2025 and accepted for court consideration were processed, including:



The aforementioned cases were distributed among court jurisdictions as follows:



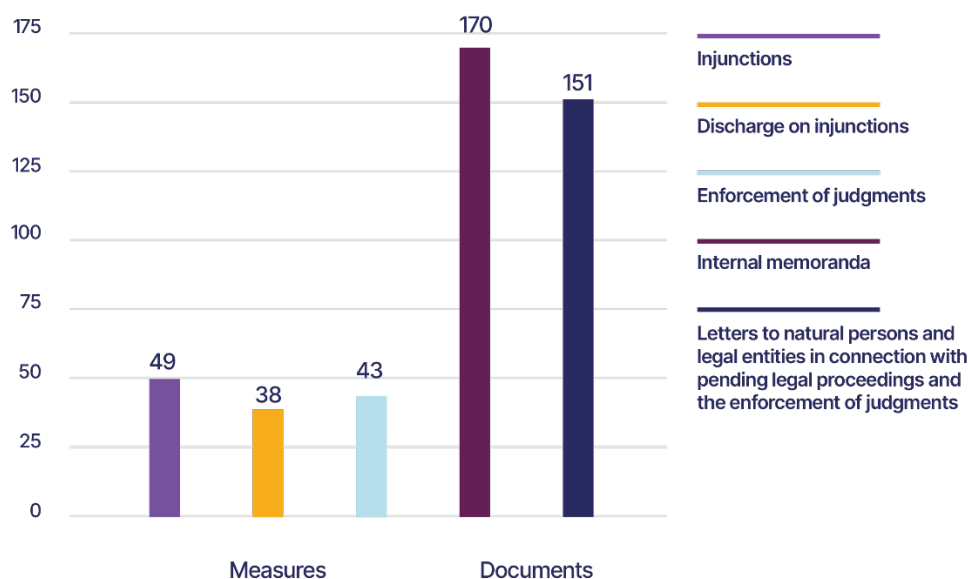
To ensure high-quality legal representation, UANIPIO employees:



10.2. Enforcement of Court Decisions on Intellectual Property Issues

In 2025, to ensure the enforcement of judicial decisions concerning the protection of intellectual property rights, UANIPIO took measures (in particular, the imposition and lifting of injunction) illustrated in Figure 10.

Figure 10. Measures taken to ensure the enforcement of judicial decisions concerning the protection of IPRs



In 2025, pursuant to court decisions, 52 titles of protection for intellectual property rights were declared invalid (enforced) (Table 10).

Table 10. Number of titles of protection (rights) declared invalid by court decisions (enforced)

Intellectual Property Right	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Inventions	–	–	2	1	1	2	1	2	–	–	–	4
Utility models	8	8	8	4	8	9	3	1	–	2	2	3
Industrial designs	45	39	6	5	11	9	2	12	6	–	6	9
Trademarks	60	31	29	31	40	37	43	29	12	22	15	36
Total	113	78	45	41	60	57	49	44	18	24	23	52

It should be noted that work of UANIPIO facilitates the fulfilment of the requirements of the Association Agreement between Ukraine, on the one part, and the European Union, the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, on the other part. Currently, Ukrainian courts apply European experience in disputes concerning the protection of IPRs, as well as the provisions of intellectual agreements in the field of intellectual property as provision having direct effect.

In 2025, the Supreme Court delivered key judgments in the IP field, one of which is a ruling on a point of law regarding the period of non-use of a trademark for purposes of its revocation, which does not depend on a change in the person of the proprietor (Decree of the Grand Chamber of the Supreme Court, dated March 5, 2025 in Case No. 910/8721/23). To corroborate its positions, the Grand Chamber of the Supreme Court referred to the case-law of the Court of Justice of the EU regarding the application of Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EU) 2017/1001, dated June 14, 2017 on the European Union trademark. The case-law of the Court of Justice of the EU applying these provisions demonstrates that the specified five-year period of the use of a trademark includes the periods of its use by all proprietors, and not only by the last one (for instance, paragraphs 29-31 of the Decree of the Court of Justice of the EU, dated October 13, 2021 in Case T-12/20). This also allows to conclude the calculation of this period from the publication date of information regarding the issuance of certificate or the grant of

legal protections for a trademark under the international registration in Ukraine, irrespective of the change of the proprietor of such a trademark. The aforementioned demonstrates Ukraine's compliance with the requirements of the European integration process.

Furthermore, UANIPIO continuously analyzes the case-law of the European Court in order to implement it into the representation of UANIPIO's interests during the protection of intellectual property rights in judicial proceedings, which enables high-quality protection and prevention of intellectual property rights infringements.



Yurii Romaniuk, Head of the Intellectual Property Rights Enforcement Department

The strengthening of the protection of intellectual property rights in 2025 is ought to be mentioned, in particular, the containment of the growth in the number of actions brought against the IP Office, in which proceedings have been instituted: 67 actions in 2025, compared to previous periods: 57 actions in 2023, and 68 actions in 2024. Such a trend has been achieved through conducting a series of educational activities in the IP field regarding the enforcement of intellectual property rights, raising awareness of the professional community and increasing the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights. There is also a decrease in the number of judicial appeals against the decisions of the Appeals Chamber and UANIPIO as a whole, owing to the professional approach of the IP Office's team of examiners in conducting examinations and reviewing oppositions.

Regarding forecast on an increase in legal actions, it should be noted that in 2025 only 3 decisions of the UANIPIO's Appeals Chamber were appealed in court; at the same time, the number of legal actions may fluctuate due to an increase in the number of cases pending before the collegial body.

The popularization of the means of intellectual property rights enforcement is achieved through conducting training seminars, round tables, and other events.

10.3. Ensuring the Introduction of Mediation and Promoting Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanisms in the Field of Intellectual Property in Ukraine

Intellectual property mediation (IP mediation) is an essential element of the modern system for the effective protection of rights, providing a prompt, flexible, and out-of-court settlement of disputes in accordance with international standards and leading world practices. The development and institutional establishment of IP mediation are viewed as a necessary prerequisite for increasing access to justice and reducing the burden on the judicial system, which complies with the provisions of the Roadmap on the Rule of Law approved by the Order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "Certain issues of ensuring the negotiation process on Ukraine's accession to the European Union under Cluster 1 "Fundamentals of the EU Accession Process" No. 475-r, dated May 14, 2025.



Aurika Hrybovska, Head of Mediation Center

A key institutional element of the development of IP mediation in Ukraine is the Mediation Center of UANIPIO (hereinafter - the Center), whose activities are supported at a strategic level, in particular, by the Memorandum of Understanding between the Ministry of Economy and the World Intellectual Property Organization, dated July 7, 2025.

In order to implement the defined strategic provisions and to fulfill the priority tasks the Center carried out educational activities aimed at raising awareness of mediation in the field of intellectual property and promoting IP mediation as an alternative method of dispute resolution during 2025:

February 25, 2025

Participation in the Mediation Colloquium: "Transformation of IP Dispute Resolution Practices" with a presentation on "What's New in IP Mediation in Ukraine and the World"

April 23, 2025

Participation in the round table hosted by the Subcommittee on the Execution of Decisions of the European Court of Human Rights and Alternative Dispute Resolution of the Committee of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine on Legal Policy: "Alternative Dispute Resolution in the Context of European Integration: Action Plan and Challenges"

April 26, 2025

An animated video "Mediation for IT and Creative Industries" was presented

May 01, 2025 - July 04, 2025

In cooperation with the Public Organization "Dobrosud" Legal Association, an informational and educational project "Conflict Without Escalation: The Art of Mediation" was implemented

May 28, 2025 - August 18, 2025

In cooperation with the Public Union "Ukrainian Academy of Mediation", a 4-week intensive training aimed at developing skills in effective communication, emotional competence, and the ability to resolve conflicts "Effective Communication and Mediation" was organized and conducted for UANIPIO employees

June 25, 2025 - June 29, 2025

Participation in the IX International Forum "Mediation and Law"

August 28, 2025

An educational project "Superpowers of Mediation" was launched, within the framework of which a webinar on the topic "Emotional Intelligence - the Way to Success" was conducted

September 22, 2025

Participation in the event held as part of the presentation of the report study by the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine on "Encouraging the Use of Mediation between Parties to a Conflict"

September 02, 2025 - November 20, 2025

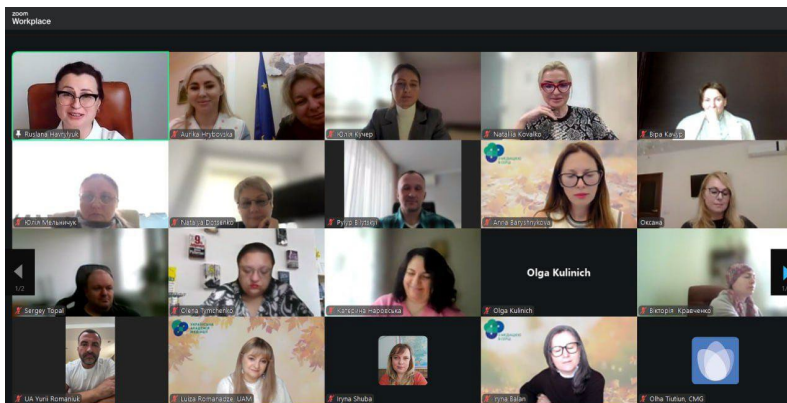
Participation in the "IP Connecting Students 2.0" project, within the framework of which webinars on "IP Mediation: From Theory to Practice" were conducted for students of higher education institutions, namely: Vinnytsia Mykhailo Kotsiubynskyi State Pedagogical University, Admiral Makarov National University of Shipbuilding, National Academy of Fine Arts and Architecture, and Odesa I.I. Mechnykov National University

October 03, 2025

An educational event was organized for students of Yuriy Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University on "IP Office and IP Mediation: How to Turn Conflict into a Solution?"

October 13, 2025 - November 10, 2025

The first specialized training course in Ukraine for training IP mediators "Mediation of Disputes in the Field of Intellectual Property" was conducted



The First Session of the Training Course for Training IP Mediators "Mediation of Disputes in the Field of Intellectual Property"

November 24, 2025

Participation in the creation of the educational material "Intellectual Property and Business" for the national platform "Diiia.Osvita"

November 27, 2025

Participation in the meeting of the Mediation Hub of the European Business Association dedicated to the issues of business conflict resolution in times of war

December 12, 2025

Participation in the "Collaborate to Innovate 2025" event, within the framework of which a session on "Ideas Without Conflict: Business and Mediation in the World of Intellectual Property" and a simulation of preventive IP mediation were conducted



Session "Ideas Without Conflict: Business and Mediation in the World of Intellectual Property" during the "Collaborate to Innovate 2025" event

December 17, 2025

The IV session of the Discussion Club on the topic "Alchemy of Understanding: How Mediation Transforms Business Conflicts into Development" took place, within the framework of which the issues of using IP mediation to transform conflicts into development opportunities were considered



The IV Session of the Discussion Club on the Topic "Alchemy of Understanding: How Mediation Transforms Business Conflicts into Development"

In 2025, the Center actively utilized modern communication channels with the public, particularly social networks. During the reporting period, the Center published 50 informational and promotional posts on its official Facebook social network page, increasing the audience by 385.2% (with the number of views reaching 33,071).

While ensuring the organization of IP mediation processes in dispute resolution, the Center forms and maintains the Register of Mediators Involved in Intellectual Property Dispute Resolution (Register of IP Mediators). In 2025, 6 new mediators were included in the Register of IP Mediators; as of the end of December, it comprised 21 mediators.

Throughout 2025, the Center provided verbal and written consultations on a regular basis, promptly processed applications for conducting IP mediation, and organized informational and advisory meetings, as well as other activities aimed at preparing for IP mediation.

The Center initiated the "IP Mediation Talk" project, the first meeting of which took place on August 8, 2025. The project's goal was to create an open space for mediators of the Register of IP Mediators, where they can exchange knowledge, discuss real cases, and jointly seek ways to increase the efficiency of IP mediation.

In 2025, representatives of UANIPIO, including the Center, joined the Interagency Coordinating Council on the Development of Alternative Dispute Resolution Methods - a temporary consultative and advisory body of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.

Throughout the year, the Center actively developed partnerships at both national and international levels. In particular, memorandums of cooperation in the field of IP mediation development in Ukraine were concluded between UANIPIO and leading stakeholders: SET University (February 26, 2025), the Public Organization "APERIO" (September 29, 2025), and Yuriy Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University (October 6, 2025).



Signing of the Agreement between UANIPIO and the Public Organization "APERIO"

The Center presented the results of its activities on the international stage on October 16-17, 2025, during the 5th IP Mediation Conference 2025, organized by the EUIPO Appeals Chamber and the Commerce Department of the Ministry for the Economy, Enterprise and Strategic Projects of Malta. During the conference, the Ukrainian experience in the field of IP mediation was highlighted, and the prospects for its development in Ukraine were discussed.



Presentation of the Activities of the Mediation and Intermediation Center of UANIPIO during the IP Mediation Conference 2025

10.4. Implementation and Realization of Monitoring Measures on Intellectual Property Rights Infringements

The Intellectual Property Rights Infringement Monitoring Center (hereinafter referred to as the Monitoring Center), which operates as part of UANIPIO, is a specialized platform for expert communication on issues of counterfeiting and piracy and carries out systematic activities aimed at providing analytical support, coordinating and improving the system for the enforcement of intellectual property rights in Ukraine, ensuring cooperation at both national and international levels.

One of the Monitoring Center's tasks is to conduct a systematic analysis of the state of intellectual property rights enforcement in Ukraine. As part of this activity, the Monitoring Center has prepared an analytical report entitled "The State of Intellectual Property Rights Enforcement in Ukraine in 2024", available in Ukrainian and English, which summarizes statistical data, the results of an analysis of practices and an assessment of key challenges.

An important aspect of the Monitoring Center's activities is the coordination of efforts between the state bodies responsible for the enforcement of intellectual property rights and rights holders. A significant step in this direction was the signing of a Memorandum of Cooperation and Mutual Understanding between UANIPIO and the Supreme Court. Throughout 2025, a number of working meetings were held with representatives of the National Police of Ukraine, the Cyberpolice Department, the Office of the Prosecutor General, the State Customs Service of Ukraine and the Economic Security Bureau of Ukraine. In particular, a separate working meeting was organized on combating online piracy, attended by representatives of the National Police of Ukraine, the Cyberpolice Department, the professional community and online intermediaries.



Signing of a Memorandum between UANIPIO and the Supreme Court



Working meeting on combating online piracy, UANIPIO, March 27, 2025

Representatives of the Monitoring Center, together with representatives of law enforcement and customs authorities, participated in events aimed at enhancing professional skills and fostering interagency cooperation. As part of international cooperation involving UANIPIO, representatives of the prosecution authorities participated in international events on combating IP crime, in particular the 12th Annual EIPPN Workshop, whilst representatives of the customs authorities took part in a study visit to Croatia. In addition, participation was ensured in a number of important national events, notably the roundtable "The IP Court in Ukraine: The Final Page or a New Chapter?", organized with the participation of the Ukrainian Bar Association and UANIPIO, as well as the forum "Criminal Law Enforcement of Intellectual Property in Wartime", organized by the Economic Security Bureau of Ukraine. Furthermore, the Monitoring Center actively cooperates with the Ukrainian Alliance Against Counterfeiting and Piracy in the framework of analytical, research and educational activities.



Visit of the Ukrainian delegation to the 12th Annual EIPPN Workshop, Alicante, Spain, September 12, 2025



Participation in the roundtable "The IP Court in Ukraine: The Final Page or a New Chapter?", Kyiv, April 3, 2025

In addition, the Monitoring Center organized training sessions for government bodies to enhance their expertise in the field of intellectual property. Particularly, in cooperation with the Prosecutor's Training Center of Ukraine, a training session was held for representatives of the prosecution authorities on "Features of Investigating Criminal Offences in the Field of Intellectual Property and Methods of Detection". A training course was also held for customs authorities on "Current Issues of the Fundamentals of Legal Protection and Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights", following which around 400 participants received certificates of completion.

With a view to improving the procedures, forms and methods of intellectual property rights protection, the Monitoring Center collected and analytically processed Proposals for enhancing the intellectual property rights protection system in Ukraine. As part of European integration processes, a translation of Commission Recommendation (EU) 2024/915 was published, and the Center participated in a working group on analyzing the transposition of the provisions of Directive 2004/48/EC into Ukrainian national legislation.

In the context of international cooperation, UANIPIO was involved in a number of relevant events. During the annual AGM2025 international conference, a Memorandum of Understanding between UANIPIO and the Anti-Counterfeiting Network REACT was signed, which will contribute to strengthening efforts against the circulation of counterfeit goods. Participation was also ensured in the International IP Enforcement Summit 2025, the 10th meeting of the Anti-Scam Network, the 5th IP Mediation Conference, and a study visit to Germany.



Signing of a Memorandum between UANIPIO and the Anti-Counterfeiting Network REACT at the AGM2025 Conference, Amsterdam, the Netherlands, April 11, 2025



Visit of the Ukrainian delegation to the International IP Enforcement Summit 2025, Athens, Greece, June 12, 2025

A dedicated area of the Monitoring Center's work is organizing events to raise awareness and preparing informational materials to highlight the negative impact of counterfeiting and piracy. In 2025, the national information campaign "ANTI-PIRACY: MUSIC" against infringements in the music industry was conducted, encompassing informational and analytical materials, including the guides "Recommendations for Musicians on IP Rights Protection" and "IP Guide for Business: Legal Use of Music", as well as a webinar "How Musicians Can Protect Their Rights". The campaign results are summarized in a dedicated report. In addition, the Monitoring Center contributed to the analytical sections of the study "Music Has Power", carried out in partnership with the Ukrainian Institute of the Future and the Pomitni record label.

Another key area of focus was e-commerce and combating the sale of counterfeit goods on online marketplaces. In this regard, the national information campaign against counterfeits on online marketplaces "Trust the Original" was implemented in partnership with OLX.ua, encompassing publications, video and informational materials, as well as a webinar titled "How to shop online without counterfeits: a legal guide for everyone". The Monitoring Center also prepared a study "Infringement of intellectual property rights in the e-commerce sector" in both Ukrainian and English, providing a comprehensive analysis of contemporary challenges in the digital environment.

The Monitoring Center also continued to communicate with representatives of the publishing industry, in particular by holding a workshop for publishers, "Combating Book Piracy", organized by UANIPIO in cooperation with the Ukrainian Book Institute (UBI), as part of the IP LET Forum 2025.



Workshop for Publishers: "Combating Book Piracy", organized by UANIPIO in cooperation with the Ukrainian Book Institute (UBI) during the IP LET Forum 2025, Kyiv, November 27, 2025

In addition, to raise awareness of intellectual property rights enforcement among schoolchildren, the Monitoring Center implemented the pilot educational project "IP Education: Protection", the results of which are summarized in the report.

In 2025, the Monitoring Center's activities contributed to building a comprehensive and proactive intellectual property rights enforcement system in Ukraine, strengthened enforcement practice, fostered inter-agency cooperation, and advanced the integration of Ukraine's IP ecosystem into European approaches and practices.

11. ENSURING THE ACTIVITIES OF COLLEGIAL BODIES OF UANIPIO

11.1. Ensuring the Activities of the Appeals Chamber of UANIPIO

The Appeals Chamber of the National Intellectual Property Authority is a collegial body for considering objections to decisions of the National Intellectual Property Authority regarding the acquisition of intellectual property rights, applications for the recognition of rights to IP as invalid in whole or in part, applications for the recognition of a trademark as well-known in Ukraine.

As of January 1, 2025, the number of cases that remained under consideration by the National Intellectual Property Authority Appeals Chamber (not completed in the previous period) was:

23 applications for the recognition of a trademark as well known in Ukraine; 173 objections to decisions on trademark applications, of which 106 objections were filed on the basis of paragraph one of Clause 1 of Article 15 of the Law of Ukraine "On the Protection of Rights to Marks for Goods and Services", and 67 were filed in accordance with paragraph two of Clause 1 of Article 15 of the Law of Ukraine "On the Protection of Rights to Marks for Goods and Services".



Also under consideration were: 5 objections to decisions on applications for inventions; 5 appeals for the invalidation of patents for inventions (utility models) in whole or in part and 7 appeals for the invalidation of patents for industrial designs in whole or in part.

During 2025, 108 objections were filed with the Appeals Chamber against decisions on trademark applications; 4 objections against decisions on applications for inventions (utility models); 1 objection against a decision on an industrial design application; 6 appeals for the invalidation of rights to inventions (utility models) and 8 appeals for the invalidation of rights to industrial designs; 10 applications for the recognition of trademarks as well known in Ukraine. Data on the number of objections and appeals submitted to the Appeals Chamber of the National Intellectual Property Authority for 2023-2025 is presented in Table 11.1.

Table 11.1. Distribution of objections and appeals submitted to the Appeals Chamber of the National Intellectual Property Authority by industrial property rights

Indicator	2023	2024	2025
Inventions	1	2	4
Utility models	–	1+1*	6*
Industrial designs	1*	4*	1+8*
Trademarks, including	40	34	108
submitted by applicants	28	19	40
submitted by third parties	12	15	68
Total objections	41+1*	37+5*	113+14*

* Appeal statement on invalidation of IP rights

The data presented in Table 11.1 indicate that the number of objections and appeals filed in 2025 regarding all industrial property rights increased significantly compared to 2024. The total number of applications increased almost threefold: from 42 in 2023–2024 to 127 in 2025.

Data on the receipt of applications for recognition of trademarks as well-known in Ukraine for 2021– 2025 is presented in Table 11.2.

Table 11.2. Applications for recognition of trademarks as well-known in Ukraine

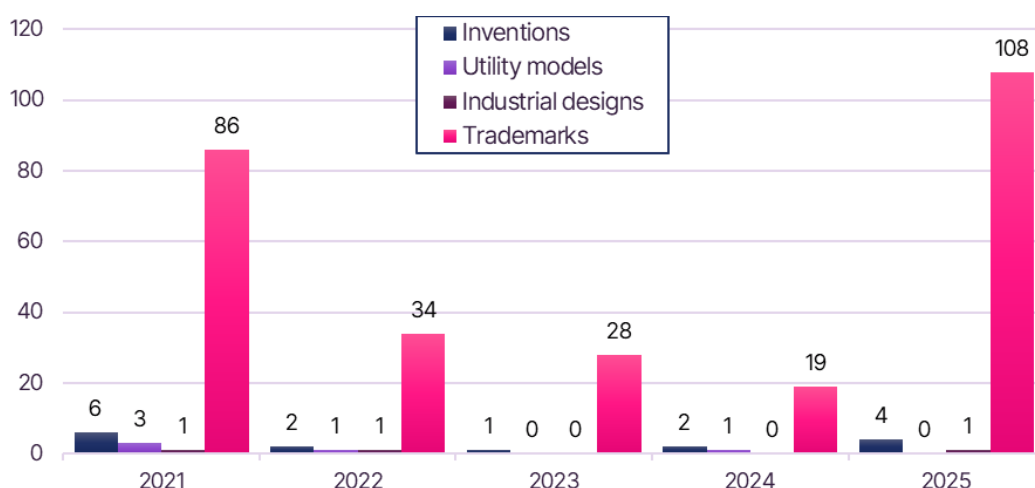
Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Applications for recognition of a trademark as well-known in Ukraine	5	6	3	8	10

Data on the number of objections filed with the Appeals Chamber against decisions on applications for industrial property rights for 2020–2025, presented in Table 11.3, indicate an increase in the total number of objections filed.

Table 11.3. Distribution of objections filed with the Appeals Chamber by applicants against decisions on industrial property applications

Indicator	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Inventions	6	2	1	2	4
Utility models	3	1	–	1	–
Industrial designs	1	1	–	–	1
Trademarks	86	34	28	19	108
Total objections	96	38	29	22	113

Figure 11.1. Distribution of objections filed with the Appeals Chamber by applicants against decisions on industrial property applications



In 2025, the boards organized and held 343 meetings to consider objections, appeals, and applications for recognition of a trademark as well-known in Ukraine. Based on the results of considering objections, the boards adopted 85 decisions, which are published on the official UANIPIO website, including 73 decisions on considering objections, 6 decisions on considering appeals, and 6 decisions on considering applications for recognition of trademarks as well-known in Ukraine.



In September 2025, an open dialogue was held with the Head of the Appeals Chamber, Vladyslav Bilotskiy, to discuss key legal positions and changes in the practice of the Appeals Chamber that affect the effectiveness of rights protection. During the meeting, community representatives were able to receive comments and clarifications on current issues regarding intellectual property protection.

11.2. Ensuring the Activity of the Commission for Granting Permissions to Use the Official Name and International Alphabetic Code of the State of Ukraine and/or to Include an Imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in the Trademark Image

The Commission for granting permission to use the official name and international alphabetical code of the state of Ukraine and/or to include an imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in the trademark image (hereinafter – the “Ukraine” Commission) performs its functions in accordance with the Order of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine No. 19944, dated December 20, 2023 “On approval of the Regulations on the Commission for granting permission to use the official name and international alphabetic code of the state of Ukraine in a trademark and/or to include an imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in the trademark image”.

The “Ukraine” Commission carried out the functions assigned to it in the composition approved by the Order of the UANIPIO No. 102/2024, dated June 26, 2024.



Meeting of the "Ukraine" Commission

In 2025, the Commission reviewed 101 applications for permission to use the official name and/or international alphabetic code of Ukraine and/or to include an imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in the trademark image (hereinafter – applications). Of these: 5 – were submitted by natural persons, 22 – by individual entrepreneurs, 74 – by legal entities (Fig. 11.2).

Figure 11.2. Distribution of applications by applicant category

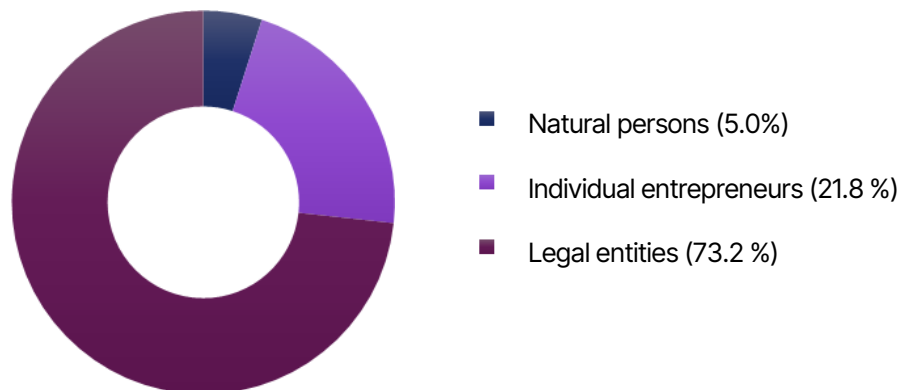
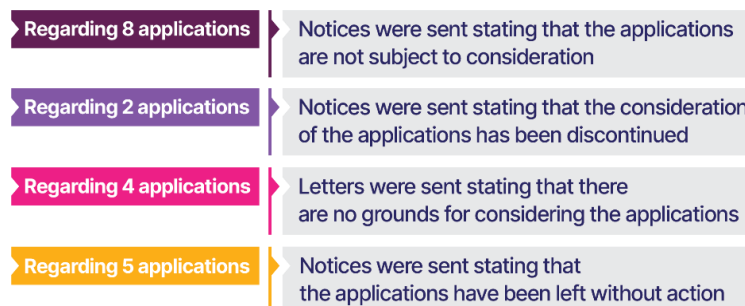








Figure 11.2. Distribution of applications by applicant category



At eleven meetings held on January 21, 2025, February 25, 2025, March 25, 2025, April 22, 2025, May 27, 2025, June 19, 2025, July 29, 2025, September 09, 2025, October 14, 2025, November 25, 2025 and December 16, 2025, the "Ukraine" Commission considered 102 applications and adopted the following decisions:

29		Decisions to grant permission for use of the official name of the state of Ukraine in trademark images
22		Decisions to grant permission for use of the international alphabetic code of Ukraine in trademark images
2		Decisions to grant permission for use of the official name and the international alphabetic code of Ukraine in trademark images
1		Decision to grant permission for the inclusion of an imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in the trademark image
2		Decisions to refuse permission for the inclusion of an imitation of the Small State Emblem of Ukraine in trademark images
5		Decisions to refuse permission for use of the official name of the state of Ukraine in trademark images
3		Decisions to refuse permission for use of the international alphabetic code of Ukraine in trademark images
1		Decision to refuse permission for use of the official name and the international alphabetic code of Ukraine in the trademark image
37		Notifications of suspension of consideration pending additional materials

As of December 31, 2025, 22 applications remained under consideration by the "Ukraine" Commission, of which 7 were submitted by individual entrepreneurs, 15 – by legal entities.

11.3. Ensuring the Activities of the Certification Commission and the Appeals Commission of UANIPIO

The Certification Commission of the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations" (the Certification Commission) and the Appeals Commission of the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office of Intellectual Property and Innovations" (Appeals Commission) were established and perform functions in accordance with the Order of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine No. 20599, dated December 29, 2023 "On approval of the Regulations on Representatives in Intellectual Property Matters (Patent Attorneys) and Amendments to the Regulations on Certification and Maintenance of the State Register of Representatives in Intellectual Property Matters (Patent Attorneys)".

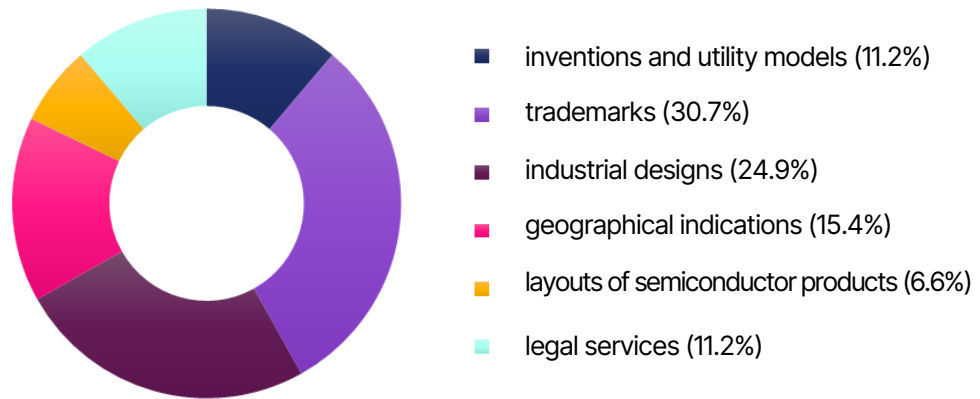
The Orders of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine No. 24028, dated September 26, 2024 and No. 2472, dated May 14, 2025 approved the composition of the Certification and Appeals Commissions.



In 2025, the Certification Commission conducted the certification of patent attorney candidates. During the process, 24 meetings of the Certification Commission were held.

As a result of the certification, 76 candidates were certified as patent attorneys in the following fields of specialization: 74 – in trademarks, 60 – in industrial designs, 27 – in inventions and utility models, 16 – in layouts of semiconductor products, 37 – in geographical indications, and 27 – in legal services (Fig. 11.3).

Figure 11.3. Distribution of certified patent attorneys by areas of specialization



In 2025, the Appeals Commission received 3 complaints regarding the actions of patent attorneys and 3 complaints against decisions of the Certification Commission. The Appeals Commission held 10 meetings during which the said complaints were reviewed. As a result of the review, all 3 complaints regarding the actions of patent attorneys were dismissed, while all 3 complaints against decisions of the Certification Commission were upheld.

12. INFORMATION SUPPORT IN THE FIELD OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS PROTECTION

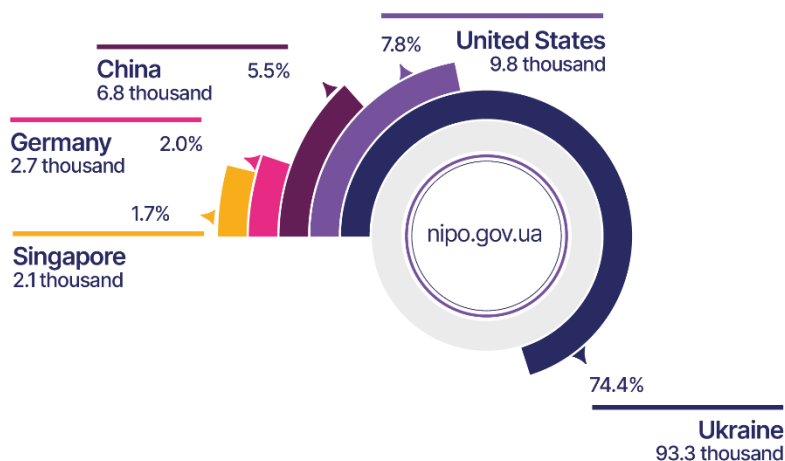
12.1. Internet Resources of UANIPIO

In 2025, internet resources of UANIPIO demonstrated steady growth in both audience reach and engagement level. The primary focus was on increasing the practical value and user-oriented nature of communications through the development of explanatory content, diversification of formats, and the launch of new information solutions tailored to the needs of target audiences.

■ Websites

In 2025, UANIPIO published 681 news items on its website (576 in Ukrainian and 105 in English). According to Google Analytics data, the website was visited by 125.4 thousand users (123 thousand of whom were new users), which is 1.7 times higher than in 2024. Visitors came from 149 countries worldwide (compared to 140 countries in 2024). The growth in international reach correlates with the increase in English-language news content (up by 24%) and the engagement of an international professional audience.

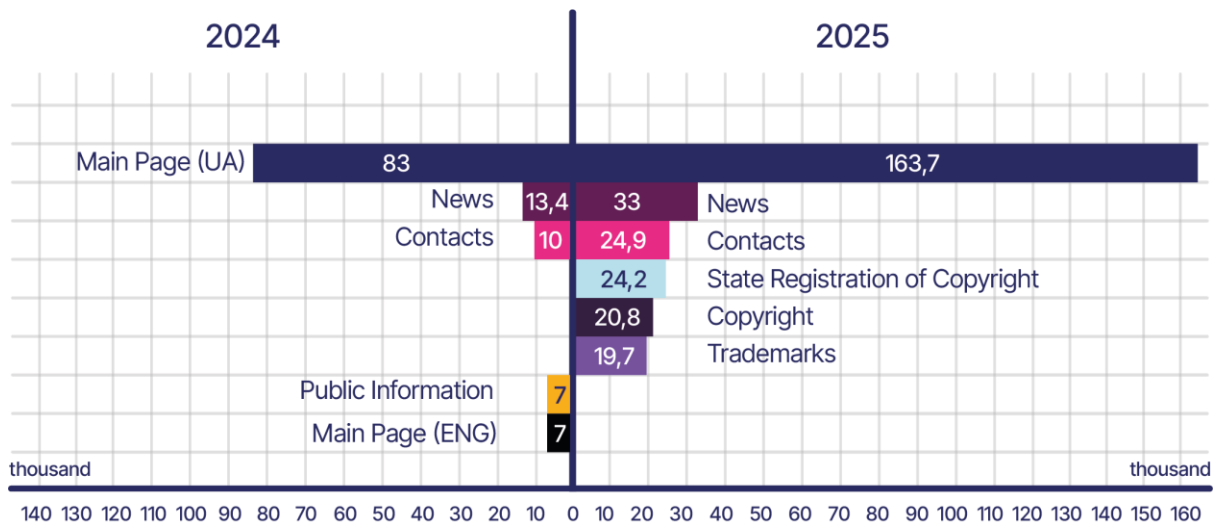
Countries with the highest number of users of the nipo.gov.ua website in 2025



The total number of page views reached nearly 745 thousand, representing a 2.3-fold increase compared to 2024.

On average, users spent 2 minutes engaging with the website content. The pages with the longest average visit duration were: "News", "State Registration of Copyright", and "Trademarks", confirming the growing demand for practical information.

Most visited pages of the website: comparison of trends in 2024 and 2025



Throughout the year, UANIPIO continued developing a new, modern, and user-friendly web portal, with a particular focus on expanding digital tools for user interaction. In 2025, the web portal was launched in pilot operation and its information and reference content population commenced.

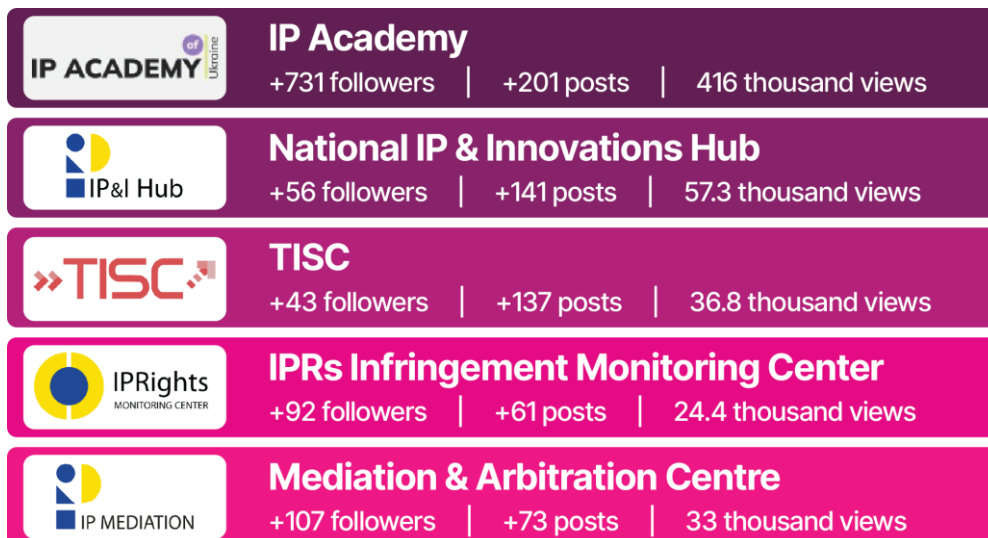
In addition, a website for the National Intellectual Property Training Centre (a structural unit of the Office – the Intellectual Property Academy, IP Academy) was developed and launched.

■ Social Media

Facebook The IP Office’s Facebook page gained 901 new followers, reaching a total of 3,723 followers. During the year, 680 posts were published. The page recorded nearly 116 thousand visits and 1.1 million views. A key trend in 2025 was the growth in post views, reflecting increased reach and improved content performance. The most popular post of the year received 12.2 thousand views, representing a 30% increase compared to 2024 and a 56.4% increase compared to 2023.

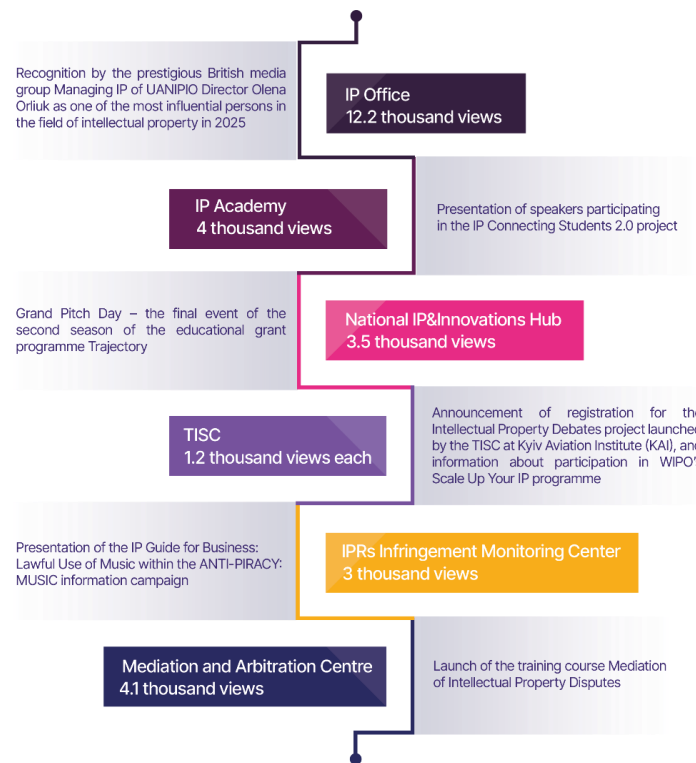
Facebook pages of IP Academy (the number of followers reached 3,258), National IP & Innovations Hub (334 followers), TISC (1,009 followers), IPRs Infringement Monitoring Center (169 followers), and the Mediation and Arbitration Centre (131 followers) were also actively developed.

IP Academy, National IP & Innovations Hub, TISC, IPRs Infringement Monitoring Center, and the Mediation and Arbitration Centre Facebook pages: key performance indicators for 2025



Analysis of the best-performing posts on the above-mentioned Facebook pages demonstrates sustained interest in event-related content, information on educational opportunities, and practical materials.

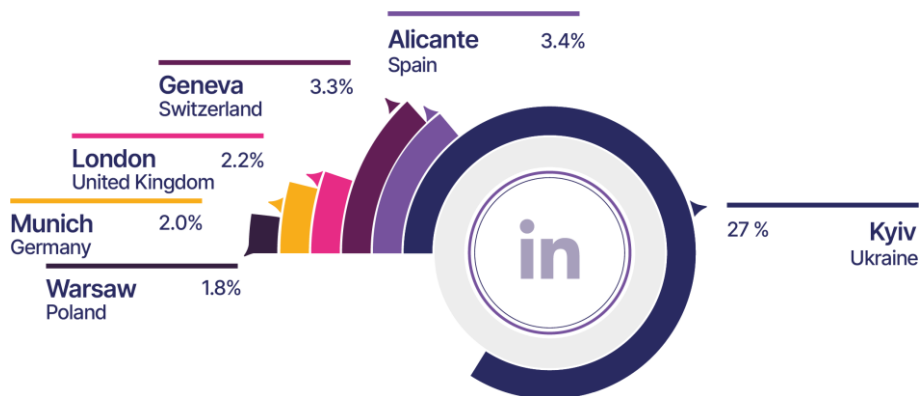
Most popular Facebook posts in 2025



LinkedIn. The LinkedIn page was populated exclusively with English-language content: 114 posts were published, generating 1,807 page views and 79 thousand impressions. During the year, the page gained 442 new followers, bringing the total number of followers beyond the 1,000 mark.

The highest engagement was generated by posts covering IP LET Forum 2025, featuring international partners, and the series of Open Innovation Workshops organized within the framework of the joint project of UANIPIO and Royal Holloway, University of London, highlighting the trend toward international professional content and partnership-driven formats.

"Follower demographics": cities with the highest number of followers of the UANIPIO LinkedIn page



The LinkedIn pages of IP Academy and TISC also continued to develop. IP Academy reached 86 followers (+53 in 2025), published 112 posts, and generated 8.5 thousand views. TISC reached 44 followers (+29 in 2025), published 16 posts, and generated 2.2 thousand impressions.

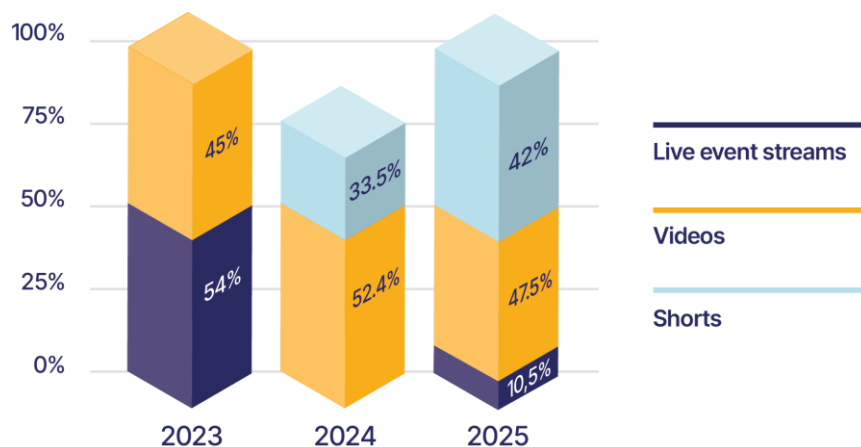
Instagram. The IP Office’s Instagram page attracted 428 new followers in 2025, which is 14% more than in 2024, bringing the total audience to 802 followers. 300 pieces of content were published (151 posts and 149 stories), reaching nearly 37 thousand accounts.

The most successful post was the carousel “Intellectual Property in the Digital Age: How Technology Helps Reduce the Risk of Counterfeiting” (published as part of the joint awareness-raising campaign of the IP Office and OLX.UA TRUST THE ORIGINAL). It generated 98.8 thousand views, 98.4% of which came from non-followers. This demonstrates the potential of content to extend beyond the existing audience through collaborative initiatives with partners.

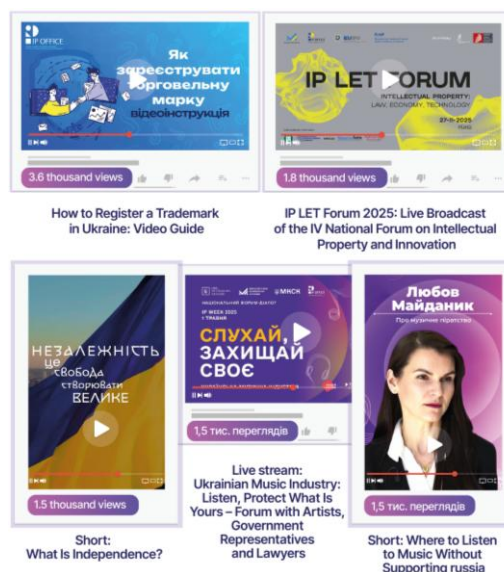
In 2025, IP Academy launched its Instagram page, which currently has 319 followers, 55 thousand accounts reached, and 50 thousand content views.

■ YouTube-Channel

The IP Office’s YouTube channel continued to grow: the number of subscribers increased from 365 in 2023 to 742 in 2024 and 1,183 in 2025. In 2025, 80 videos were published (147 since its launch), along with 40 Shorts (75 in total) and 7 live streams (19 in total). Content views increased to 54.9 thousand (compared to 33 thousand in 2024), while total watch time grew from 1.95 thousand hours in 2024 to 2.95 thousand hours in 2025 (videos accounted for 51% of all views). Viewers from 17 countries were recorded, with 76% of views coming from Ukraine (other leading countries included Germany, Poland, Greece, and the United Kingdom). Additionally, 65% of views came from new viewers.



A notable trend in 2025 was the demand for all content formats – videos, Shorts, and live streams – whereas in 2024, traditional videos dominated in terms of viewership.



■ Media Communication

In 2025, systematic cooperation with Ukrainian and international media continued through the publication of blogs, opinion pieces, comments, interviews, and other materials. More than 80 media publications covering the activities of UANIPIO and the field of intellectual property were published throughout the year.

Among the Office's news stories that received significant media coverage were: "More than 2.7 thousand paintings by world-famous Ukrainian artist Ivan Marchuk have received [copyright registration](#)"; "How [IP sanctions](#): UANIPIO registered property rights to nine songs in the name of the State of Ukraine, previously owned by a former Ukrainian artist"; "Without Champagne and Cognac: from the new year, a number of EU geographical indications [will no longer be used](#) to designate Ukrainian products", among others.

■ Event Organization

In 2025, UANIPIO's external communications were further strengthened through both offline and online stakeholder engagement formats. Together with its partners, UANIPIO organized several flagship events in the intellectual property sphere, including the National [Dialogue Forum](#) "Ukrainian Music Industry: Listen, Protect What Is Yours", a special event held under the patronage of the Office of the President of Ukraine; [IP Week 2025](#) "IP and Music: Feel What Is Yours"; the IV National Forum on Intellectual Property and Innovation "Intellectual Property: Law, Economy, Technology" ([IP LET Forum 2025](#)), organized with the support of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine, EUIPO; the project EU4IP "Strengthening Intellectual Property Rights in Moldova and Ukraine", funded by EU, WIPO, and EPO; [COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE 2025](#): "Startups Speak the Language of Innovation, Investors Speak the Language of Solutions".

In addition, UANIPIO [initiated](#) and launched the national project "[Ukraine Inspires the World](#)" to promote Ukrainian businesses that demonstrate a responsible approach to intellectual property. UANIPIO and the [NGO](#) UACRR also launched the [joint](#) educational initiative for authors "[United for IP](#)".



UANIPIO became a co-organizer of the dialogue forum "Ukrainian Music Industry: Listen, Protect What Is Yours"



The project "Ukraine Inspires the World" was presented during IP LET Forum 2025

One of the key trends of 2025 was the strengthening of a user-oriented approach to external communications. In response to requests from the music community raised during events, UANIPIO launched a new service on its website – "[IP in Music](#)", an information service dedicated to intellectual property in the music sector, designed to assist users with practical IP-related issues.

Overall, in 2025, information support in the field of IP rights protection through UANIPIO's internet resources was characterized by growing audience reach and engagement, with an emphasis on practical information. These results demonstrate the continued development of UANIPIO's communication ecosystem as a user-oriented system for informing and engaging stakeholders, combining timely news, practical guidance, educational opportunities, multimedia formats, and event-based communication.

12.2. Publications in the Field of Intellectual Property Legal Protection

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to implement statutory tasks in terms of publication of official information on intellectual property, publication of full descriptions of patents, as well as other specialized publications by reproducing and distributing them in various forms.

In the reporting year, the official electronic bulletin "Industrial Property" was regularly published – once a week, and the official electronic bulletin "Copyright and Related Rights" – once a month.

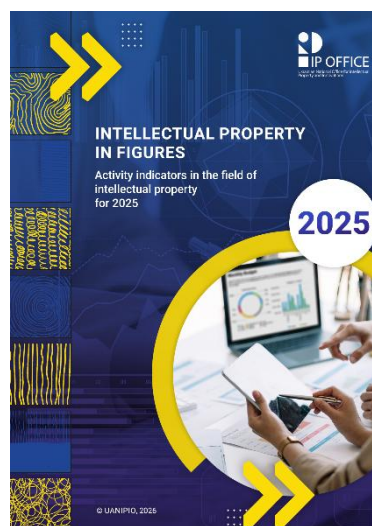
The publication of official information on the registration of intellectual property in official electronic bulletins was carried out in accordance with the Order of UANIPIO "On the dates of publication of information in bulletins in 2026" No. 300/2025 dated December 12, 2025.

53 issues of "Industrial Property" bulletin and 12 issues of "Copyright and Related Rights" bulletin were prepared and posted on the web resources of UANIPIO in full and in compliance with the deadlines.

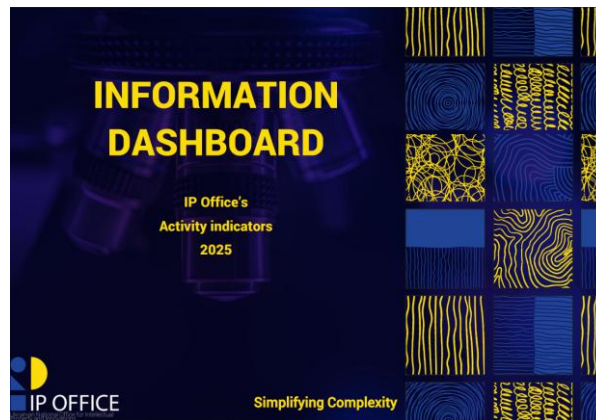


Along with the publication of the "Industrial Property" bulletin, patent specifications for inventions (utility models), containing claims and description of the invention (utility model), as well as drawings referenced in the description of the invention (utility model) were also made available on UANIPIO's web resources throughout the year.

During the reporting year, the analytical and statistical booklet "Intellectual Property in Figures" was also published quarterly in two languages, which highlighted key performance indicators in the field of intellectual property, including the filing and registration of industrial property objects (inventions, utility models, industrial designs, trademarks, geographical indications, and layouts of semiconductor products) and copyrights, as well as an analysis of the inventive activity of national applicants (in particular, educational and scientific institutions) and business activity in Ukraine.



It is worth noting the publication of the Information Dashboard in Ukrainian and English, which provides a clear overview of the IP Office’s key performance indicators. It serves as an information platform for presenting (visualizing) complex, multicomponent and dynamic data in a user-friendly format.



Along with a wide range of useful professional information, statistical data on the filing, examination, and registration of intellectual property rights is published and updated monthly on the IP Office’s official website in the “Statistics and reports” section. The regular publication of aggregated data contributes to increasing the level of openness and transparency in the Office’s activities and demonstrates its performance, particularly through the use of interactive visualizations, such as graphs, charts, and regional maps. The interactive maps prepared by the IP Office, featuring quarterly statistical data on the filing of applications and the registration of inventions, utility models, and industrial designs for the period 2019–2025, display changes in real time and provide important information for analysis, comparison, and decision-making.

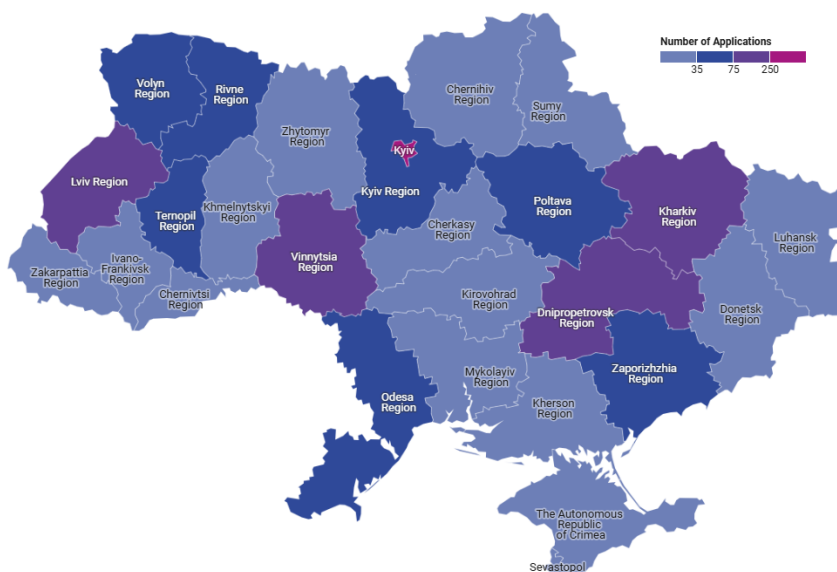


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Applications for Inventions, Utility Models and Industrial Designs by Regions of Ukraine

Click the buttons below to see the filing indicators of previous years:

- 2019
- 2020
- 2021
- 2022
- 2023
- 2024
- 2025
- 2026



Source: UANIPID • Get the data • Created with Datarwrapper

As part of the IP Office’s activities, as well as to engage a wide range of stakeholders in the implementation of national climate policy, the Ukrainian registry of national applications and patents for inventions and utility models in the field of environmentally friendly technologies, “IP Catalog Green Tech UA” (hereinafter referred to as the Catalog), was established. The catalog categorizes the main set of information into the following seven areas: alternative energy, transportation, energy conservation, waste management, agriculture/forestry, administrative, regulatory or design aspects and nuclear power. The Catalog presents filed applications and granted patents in the above-mentioned areas from 2013 to the present. Based on the Catalog, stakeholders will be able to take further steps to develop the green technology ecosystem, support commercialization, and attract investment. The creation of this Catalog is aimed at supporting the implementation of innovative solutions and promoting scientific and technological developments.



IP Catalog Green Tech UA			
Український каталог зелених технологій			
НАПРЯМ	ІНДЕКС МПК*	К.ТЬ ЗАЯВОК НА ВІНАХОДИ**	К.ТЬ ПАТЕНТІВ НА ВІНАХОДИ**
▼ АЛЬТЕРНАТИВНА ЕНЕРГЕТИКА			
▶ Біопаливо			
Інтегрований комбінований цикл газифікації (ІКЦГ)	C10L 3/00, F02C 3/28	3	3
▶ Паливний елемент	H01M 4/86-4/98, 8/00-8/24, 12/00-12/08	16	10
Піроліз або газифікація біомаси	C10B 53/00, C10J	11	6
▶ Використання енергії з антропогенних відходів			
▶ Гідроенергетика			
Перетворення теплової енергії океану	F03G 7/05	—	—
▶ Вітроенергетика	F03D	77	29

Another notable professional publication is the UANIPIO Annual Report, which provides a comprehensive analysis of activities in the field of intellectual property in Ukraine, enhances the transparency of UANIPIO’s performance, and highlights the achievements and initiatives implemented throughout the year. Based on the report’s findings, key challenges and accomplishments can be identified, enabling the development of effective strategies to support innovation and protect intellectual property rights in Ukraine on the path to European integration.

12.3. Patent Information Resources

The objectives of information support in the field of intellectual property include the efficient and timely informing of specialists regarding the status of the objects under examination, the accumulation and processing of necessary specialized information, and the improvement of its accessibility.

The quality of information support depends on many factors, one of the most critical being the selection of the patent information resources used.



Representatives of the Department of Information and Documentary Support of UANIPIO

In 2025, work continued on improving patent information searches as a vital component of patent examination. The implementation of measures aimed at information support for the examination process, primarily access to the PCT Minimum Documentation, which is a mandatory condition in the context of UANIPIO performing the functions of the ISA and IPEA, includes the compilation of the patent information base for examination purposes and the creation of conditions for access of examiners to specified information resources (approved by the relevant order of UANIPIO), primarily electronic.

In 2025, examiners used information resources, which were accessible through the UANIPIO local network, as well as free and commercial information resources that provided, in particular, access to the PCT Minimum Documentation (patent documentation and non-patent literature) via the Internet.

During the reporting period, work continued on completing the patent information base with national and foreign patent documentation and non-patent literature. The formation of electronic information resources of local access with current foreign patent documentation took place as part of bilateral international exchange with foreign offices, mainly via FTP servers. The compilation of a full-text database of non-patent literature was carried out through digitizing printed publications and uploading of articles identified through monitoring and analysis of foreign scientific and technical information resources. During this period, the database was replenished with almost 1,600 documents. In addition, the resources of the Network Electronic Catalogue information and search system were supplemented with 431 documents.

With the aim of forming the electronic resource of normative documents, the works on updating the electronic information resource the "Catalogue of Normative Documents of Ukraine available in UANIPIO Information Resources" were in progress. In total, during 2025, 19 regulatory documents were added to the Catalogue. At the same time, the current editions of the information index "Standards" – a publication of the National Standardization Authority of the State Enterprise "Ukrainian Research and Training Center for Standardization, Certification and Quality Problems" were processed, as a result of which the discovered information about changes and amendments was entered directly into the electronic Catalogue.

In 2025, a complex of works continued to ensure guaranteed access to foreign commercial information Internet resources, the use of which is desirable for conducting a complete and high-quality search, as it provides guaranteed access to the PCT Minimum Documentation and possesses a range of indispensable characteristics essential for searches and meeting the needs of examination. In particular:

access to the ANSERA search system ANSERA/SEARCH Tool was provided, which allows searching for patent information;

within the framework of cooperation between UANIPIO and WIPO, in cooperation with patent information providers Questel and Minesoft under the ASPI ("Access to Specialized Patent Information") program on access to information services provided by them, UANIPIO continued to have free access to the commercial electronic resource – the Orbit Intelligence patent database, and access to the PatBase database was organized;

cooperation with Elsevier B.V. (Netherlands) regarding the use of commercial databases Reaxys and Reaxys Target and Bioactivity was continued;

use of online services of STNext (GVP) databases provided by CAS, a division of the American Chemical Society (USA) was ensured.

Access to these information resources was provided either under the concluded agreements or free of charge as part of the support for UANIPIO under conditions of martial law.

The examiners requests for non-patent literature were provided through the use of full-text electronic resources of the world's leading publishers of scientific literature, such as: Elsevier, Cambridge University Press, De Gruyter, John Wiley & Sons, American Chemical Society, Oxford University Press, Springer Nature, Wolters Kluwer, etc. Free of charge access to these resources was provided within the framework of the Research4Life project and the RapidILL international subscription system, accessible via the largest libraries in Kyiv.

In total, according to the examiners requests, 828 sources of information were provided, all in electronic form. The average processing time for each request was about two hours.

For further improvement of patent information search and identification of domestic and foreign free-of-charge scientific and technical databases that can be used in conducting searches, which provide maximum access to the list of non-patent literature and minimum PCT documentation with the fewest databases, a study on 6 electronic foreign databases was conducted.

In order to optimize the list of commercial databases, a review of the content and functionality of the InnovationQ+ database by IP.com (USA) was conducted, free testing was organized and organizational and preparatory work was carried out before concluding an agreement with the provider.

In addition, constant monitoring of updates in information resources used by expert units in the process of conducting patent information searches was carried out: the Reaxys and Reaxys Target and Bioactivity databases of Elsevier B.V. (Netherlands) and the online services of STNext (GVP) databases provided by CAS, a division of the American Chemical Society (USA).

An important part of the information support, particularly for experts, is the system of interlibrary loan using the collections of 95 largest national and specialized libraries in Ukraine. Copies of the ordered information sources were received mainly through electronic document delivery.

Due to effective utilization of the abovementioned resources in the reporting year, 100% of examiners' requests for articles from the PCT Minimum Documentation periodicals were fulfilled.

At the request of specialists from other structural divisions of UANIPIO, information search was carried out on 40 topics, and 375 sources of information were provided.

An analysis of the fulfillment of requests for non-patent literature, in particular for articles from the list of PCT Minimum Documentation, indicates that the current list of information resources used is sufficient to ensure a high-quality and comprehensive search for non-patent literature.

In modern conditions, meeting the public's needs for patent information is carried out in remote access mode.

To provide access for a wide range of public to patent documentation and non-patent literature in the process of creation, legal protection, and use of industrial property rights, quarterly updates (supplementations, clarifications, and expansions) were carried out in 2025 for the following: List of Databases of Industrial Property Objects of Foreign Patent Offices with Free Access on the Internet, which provides links to the databases of 54 patent offices from around the world and 4 international and regional intellectual property organizations; List of Scientific and Technical Databases and Reference Resources with Free

Access on the Internet; List of Publicly Accessible Information Resources of Patent Documentation, as well as the Addresses of Foreign Offices' Websites, posted on the UANIPIO web resources.



12.4. International Classifications in the Ukrainian Translation: New Versions/Editions

International classifications of industrial property objects are designed to help applicants determine whether the result of their creative activity is novel or already owned by someone else. This usually requires analyzing a large amount of information. International classifications of IPOs facilitate searching and processing the necessary information, as they contain indexed and structured information on inventions, trademarks and industrial designs.

There are four international classifications of IPOs in total. They are established by the following international agreements, to which Ukraine has also acceded:

- 1 **Strasbourg Agreement Concerning the International Patent Classification (1971)**, which entered into force for Ukraine on April 07, 2010
- 2 **Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks (1957)**, which entered into force for Ukraine on December 29, 2000
- 3 **Locarno Agreement Establishing an International Classification for Industrial Designs (1968)**, which entered into force for Ukraine on July 07, 2009
- 4 **Vienna Agreement Establishing an International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks (1973)**, which entered into force for Ukraine on July 29, 2009

Ukraine, as an equal partner in the global intellectual property system, consistently harmonizes its activities in the field of intellectual property legal protection with the activities of WIPO, including those related to international classifications of IPOs. In particular, new versions/editions of classifications or updated versions of current editions are implemented within the established timeframes.

In line with the strategy and practice adopted by WIPO, in order to provide the use of international classifications in the Ukrainian translation in the process of applications examination and their use by applicants and general public (within the limits specified by the relevant normative and legal acts), as well as to fulfill the commitments under the international agreements on international classifications acceded by Ukraine, the works on updating the Ukrainian translations of the international classifications were in progress in 2025.

This is also necessary in light of the provisions of the aforementioned agreements, which require the competent authorities – namely, the industrial/intellectual property offices of countries around the world – to include full indexes (for IPC), class numbers (for NCL), and category, division, and section numbers (for VCL) in official documents and publications concerning registrations of IPOs.

In connection with the introduction of changes and additions to the Guide to International Patent Classification and the text of the IPC by WIPO in 2025 and entering into force of the IPC 2026.01 on January 01, 2026, the appropriate set of works was implemented and the following was provided:

translation from English into Ukrainian and editing of the changes and additions introduced by WIPO to the 2024 version of the Guide to the IPC and the creation of the 2025 version of the Guide to the IPC based on these changes, which is freely accessible in the IRS for the current version of the classification;

translation from English into Ukrainian, scientific and terminological, scientific and technical editing of the changes and additions to the IPC 2025.01 with the aim to update the classification and use the IPC 2026.01, translated into Ukrainian, in the state system of intellectual property legal protection from January 01, 2026. [According to WIPO statistics](#), 1,615 amendments of various types were introduced to the classification. All amendments were translated and processed. Taking them into account, the IPC 2026.01 in Ukrainian translation was created;

creation of the new IRS for the International Patent Classification (IPC 2026.01), which is freely accessible through the web resources of UANIPIO.

In connection with changes and additions introduced by WIPO to the 2025 version of the 12th Edition of the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks in 2025 and implementation of the 13th edition of the 2026 version of the Nice Classification – NCL (13-2026) – as of January 01, 2026, the appropriate set of works was accomplished and the following was provided:

translation from English into Ukrainian, scientific and terminological, scientific and technical editing of the changes and additions to the NCL (12-2025) in order to update the classification and provide the use of the 13th edition of the 2026 version of the Nice Classification – NCL (13-2026) – translated into Ukrainian in the state system of intellectual property legal protection. As part of the specified work, 548 basic numbers that underwent changes were processed, translated and edited;

creation of the IRS for the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks (Nice Classification) for NCL (13-2026), which is freely accessible through the web resources of UANIPIO.

Additionally, in 2025, to improve the experience of using the classification and facilitate the process of classifying goods and services for users, the Ukrainian translation and the information files for Class Headings 1-45 and certain basic numbers, specifically 320002, were updated in the IRS for NCL (12-2025). These are not part of the official WIPO publication, but provide a more formalized and expanded description of the content of the classes and basic numbers.



Viktoriia Gryshchenko, Head of the Department of Information and Documental Support of UANIPIO, at the 35th session of the Committee of Experts of the Nice Union, April 28-May 02, 2025, WIPO Headquarters, Geneva, Swiss Confederation

In connection with changes and additions introduced by WIPO to the 9th Edition of the International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks (Vienna Classification, VCL) and entering into force of the 10th Edition of the Classification – VCL 10 – on January 01, 2026, the appropriate set of works was accomplished and the following was provided:

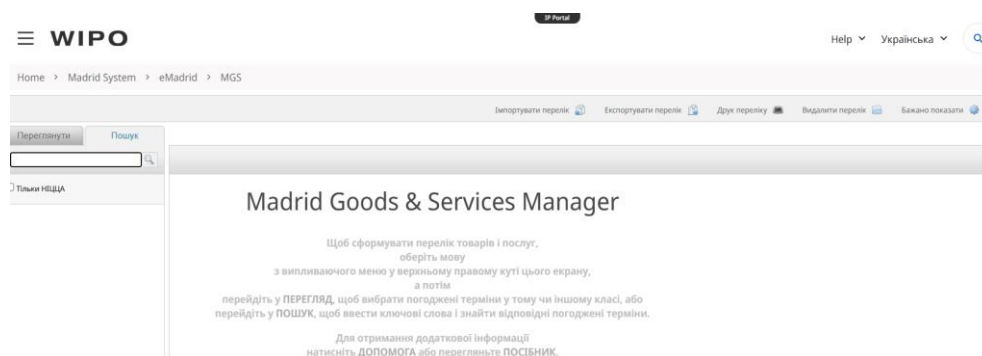
translation from English into Ukrainian, scientific and terminological, scientific and technical editing of the changes and additions to the VCL 9 in order to update the classification and provide the use of the 10th edition of the Classification – VCL 10 – translated into Ukrainian in the state system of intellectual property legal protection. As part of the specified work, the changes made by WIPO were processed, namely 26 new and changed elements, and in order to improve the translation, update and unify certain figurative elements, an analysis of the existing translation of 1,955 of their names was conducted, resulting in changes to 787 classification elements. These changes primarily concerned the incorporation of the new Ukrainian spelling rules and the provisions of Ukrainian laws and by-laws in the field of industrial property adopted during the period of validity of the previous edition of the Vienna Classification;

creation of the IRS for the International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks (Vienna Classification) for VCL 10, which is freely accessible through the web resources of UANIPIO.

■ Madrid Goods and Services Manager

As part of the enhancement of cooperation between the IP office of Ukraine and WIPO, since 2015, joint activities have been ongoing to participate in the development and information filling of the online tool “Madrid Goods & Services Manager” (MGS) with Ukrainian-language content, in particular, alphabetical lists, class headings and their respective explanatory notes of the active versions of the current editions of the International Classification of Goods and Services translated into Ukrainian.

In December 2025, files with lists of goods and services and class headings of the 2026 version of the 13th edition of the Nice Classification translated into Ukrainian were sent to the WIPO department responsible for maintaining and operating the MGS, indicating the acceptability of each wording for UANIPIO.



International Bureau of WIPO is developing and updating the MGS in cooperation with many patent offices of the Madrid Union member states and regional organizations to create a database of goods and services in different languages and to enable users to check the acceptability of their chosen wordings by the offices of the participating countries of the Madrid System.

Ukraine, represented by UANIPIO, is actively participating in the process of replenishing the MGS. In the reporting period, the lists of goods and services submitted in applications for trademark registration and in trademark certificates registered in Ukraine for 2025 were analyzed. Based on the results of the analysis, lists of goods and services whose wording is not found in the Nice Classification and MGS, but is frequently found in trademark applications filed by applicants, were compiled. The identified wordings have been reconciled in accordance with the regulatory legal acts of Ukraine, translated into English and submitted for upload to the MGS. These wordings primarily relate to the names of goods and/or services of military purpose, which is currently very relevant for Ukraine. The total number of wordings proposed by

Ukraine exceeded 20. After processing the lists, the WIPO IB has already entered 9 names of goods into the MGS, in particular for classes 5, 9, 12, 29 and 30 of the Nice Classification. The WIPO IB is currently processing the next list submitted by Ukraine.

The new wordings will help applicants in choosing terms for goods when filing international applications under the Madrid System.

Further development of cooperation on the MGS with the WIPO IB will help to ensure reasonable examination timeframes for national trademark applications and, with wider use of the tool, will contribute to their reduction, as it potentially reduces the number of observations and additional examination requests or even preliminary refusals, in particular on the grounds that certain wordings may be considered too broad. This has the same positive impact when filing international applications under the Madrid System. An additional advantage of using the MGS is also the possibility of preventing the use of wording that will not be accepted by the offices of individual countries designated for international registration.

At the same time, the MGS is a complementary and compatible tool with the TMclass service developed by the EUIPO, as it helps to align the lists of goods/services to be indicated in the trademark application with the EUIPO practice. Such a check can be performed even before filing the application, simultaneously determining the acceptability of the wording by the EU countries participating in the TMclass. This reduces the likelihood of partial refusals or requests for clarification when the application enters the international phase, including the territory of the EU.

Overall, the MGS logically complements European services, in particular TMclass: European services are primarily used to check the accuracy of the lists of goods/services in trademark applications within the EU, while the MGS may be used to scale this accuracy to the international level. For applicants starting with filing in EU countries and planning to extend their trademark protection internationally, the MGS can facilitate the transition from European standards to the global level.

12.5. WIPO International Standards in the Ukrainian Translation

WIPO Standards provide a framework for working with information in documents related to industrial property.

The implementation of WIPO standards significantly streamlines the activities of patent offices, which typically leads to a reduction in examination periods and an improvement in the quality of examinations, and ensures the interoperability of databases across different countries, thereby accelerating prior art searches.

The use of current versions of international standards helps patent information users navigate the search and analysis of patent documentation from countries around the world. In addition, the use of international standards allows for the standardization of mandatory procedures when processing applications and reduces the number of formal errors in applications, which are typically the main cause of delays in the examination of applications due to the need for corrections.

In Ukraine, during the execution of virtually all administrative procedures related to applications for IPRs, including during their filing, examination, publication of national patent documentation, registration, and issuance of titles of protection for IPRs, as well as in the process of creating and updating local databases and IRS available on the UANIPIO website, the provisions and recommendations of WIPO standards are applied. Such a practice ensures standardized information processing, successful harmonization, and integration of national patent documentation into the global space, which is, in particular, an important prerequisite for international cooperation, including the international exchange of patent documentation.

In order to provide informational support for the development and operation of the state system of intellectual property legal protection – specifically, to improve the Ukrainian patent terminology base and to standardize and unify terminology in the field of intellectual property – specialists of UANIPIO are carrying

out unofficial translations of WIPO Standards into Ukrainian, primarily those of greatest practical significance, and ensure their updating.

Thus, during the reporting period, a number of unofficial Ukrainian translations of WIPO Standards were updated (elaborated, translated into Ukrainian) and appropriate changes were made thereto, and now they are freely available on the [UANIPIO website](#).

The following WIPO Standards were translated into Ukrainian for the first time:

- ST.92** Recommendations on the Data Package Format for the Electronic Exchange of Priority Documents
- ST.20** Recommendations for the Preparation of Name Indexes to Patent Documents

The following WIPO Standards were updated:

- ST.27** Recommendation for the Exchange of Patent Legal Status Data
- ST.61** Recommendation for the Exchange of Trademark Legal Status Data
- ST.87** Recommendation for the Exchange of Industrial Design Legal Status Data
- ST.91** Recommendations on Digital Three-dimensional (3D) Models and 3D Images

New versions of standards are published on the UANIPIO website.

Additionally, WIPO standards referencing the names of documents for which laws of Ukraine regarding IPRs have recently been amended were revised, namely regarding the names of supplementary protection certificates (SPC). In particular, the following WIPO standards were identified and updated in their Ukrainian translations:

- ST.1** Recommendation Concerning the Minimum Data Elements Required to Uniquely Identify a Patent Document
- ST.6** Recommendation for the Numbering of Published Patent Documents
- ST.13** Recommendation for the Numbering of Applications for Industrial Property Rights (IPRs)
- ST.14** Recommendation for the Inclusion of References Cited in Patent Documents
- ST.50** Guidelines for Issuing Corrections, Alterations and Supplements Relating to Patent Information

Work of the implementation in the activities of UANIPIO of version 2.2 of the WIPO standard ST.37 "Recommendation for an Authority File of Published Patent Documents" was underway.

Authority file is an important tool that ensures the integrity and authenticity of the patent document collection. The latest version of WIPO Standard ST.37 incorporates a series of indicators that specifically

address the technical feasibility of full-text searching of the abstract, claims, and description of a patent application, taking into account changes within the PCT system that took effect on January 01, 2026, and concern the PCT minimum documentation required for examination by International Searching Authorities during the international search phase. In order to achieve this, UANIPIO is working to ensure the comprehensiveness, completeness, and accuracy of the information in each individual document and to translate patent documentation within the specified scope (at a minimum, this includes titles, bibliographic data, and patent abstracts) into English.

In 2025, UANIPIO for the first time compiled its authority file containing all patent documents published in Ukraine from the first publication (in 1993) to the present, in accordance with the provisions of ST. 37, version 2.2.

On April 03, 2025, the UANIPIO authority file was published on the [Authority File](#) portal.

Definition file has also been prepared in accordance with the requirements of WIPO Standard ST.16 "Recommended Standard Code for the Identification of different kinds of patent documents" used by UANIPIO (A, A1, C1, C2 for inventions; U for utility models), which has been submitted to WIPO.



In pursuance of the CWS circulars regarding the submission of the Annual Technical Reports (ATRs) by intellectual property offices (IPOs), UANIPIO ATRs for 2024 have been prepared, taking into account the new extended form, which specifically addresses the application of updated WIPO standards, and the translation of the ATR into English has been provided.

UANIPIO ATRs for 2024 were submitted to WIPO on August 15, 2025, for publication on a dedicated wiki page.

It is envisaged in UANIPIO plans that a primary focus on implementing WIPO standards regarding the legal status of industrial property objects, specifically ST.27, ST.61, and ST.87, version 1.2, which will allow for clear tracking of examination state of affairs (filing of request, rejection, publication, etc.), making the application review process more predictable for the applicant, as well as to harmonize practices and improve data exchange with the international community.

The international exchange of patent documentation with foreign offices as a center for international exchange of publications is carried out in accordance with the Convention on the International Exchange of Publications, adopted on December 03, 1958 by the United Nations General Conference on Educational, Scientific and Cultural Affairs.

To carry out the international exchange of patent documentation with offices of world's leading countries, information support was provided to countries exchanging national patent documentation with UANIPIO as the center for international exchange of publications.

In 2025, the international exchange of patent documentation was carried out (free of charge) in formats agreed upon bilaterally; in particular, the exchange was facilitated via the FTP protocol, managed by UANIPIO as the center for international exchange of publications.

The transfer of Ukrainian patent documentation on inventions and utility models to the European Patent Office for inclusion to the Espacenet database continued via FTP server in a specified format (title, bibliographic data, and abstract).

In line with the practices of IPOs of leading countries and in order to ensure the proper representation of national patent documentation of Ukraine in databases of IPOs and international organizations, work continued on translating Ukrainian patent documentation for 2025 within the specified scope (title, bibliographic data, and abstract).

Translations of the officially published documents listed above for Nos. 1–53 of the official electronic bulletin "Industrial Property" have been provided, i.e., in full.

Translation of documentation for 2025 was carried out "step-by-step", that is, concurrently with the publication of each issue of the official electronic bulletin "Industrial Property" in the SIS UANIPIO, translation of documentation array available in the corresponding issue of the bulletin was published. All translated documentation was uploaded to the SIS API of UANIPIO via a special module in the "Inventions" AS and became available for use by both domestic and foreign intellectual property professionals, provided they used the SIS API.

13. INNOVATIONS AS A STRATEGIC RESOURCE FOR UKRAINE'S RECOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT OF UKRAINE

13.1. Development of the Innovation Ecosystem of Ukraine. Development and Implementation of Support Mechanisms for the Application of the Results of Inventive Activity, the Commercialization of Intellectual Property, and Technology Transfer



Ihor Parenchuk, Deputy Director of UANIPIO

Against the backdrop of full-scale armed aggression and significant challenges to Ukraine's economy, the development of an innovation ecosystem takes on particular importance as a tool for preserving and restoring the country's economic potential. UANIPIO is consistently implementing a comprehensive approach to building a national innovation ecosystem, aimed at creating effective mechanisms for the implementation of the results of inventive activity, their commercialization and integration into the real sector of the economy.

In 2025, UANIPIO continued the implementation of the “Development of Regional Innovation Hubs” project, aimed at providing systematic support for innovative development and strengthening regional potential.

In 2025, Lutsk National Technical University joined the national network of IP&I Hubs, which is already operating successfully at the National Dnipro University of Technology, Zhytomyr Polytechnic State University and National University “Zaporizhzhia Polytechnic”.

Thanks to the active work of regional innovation hubs, tangible practical results were achieved in 2025. In particular, Zhytomyr Polytechnic State University attracted UAH 1.2 million in investment for the implementation of innovative projects. At the same time, 13 start-ups were established at the National Dnipro University of Technology, for the development of which UAH 6.5 million in funding was secured. Furthermore, a significant achievement was the inclusion by Lutsk National Technical University of 43 intellectual property assets on its balance sheet, with a total estimated value of over UAH 2 million.

Overall, regional innovation hubs consolidate innovation activity in the regions, bringing together science, business, investors and government bodies to implement and commercialize intellectual property. Acceleration and training programs play a key role in this process, helping to develop entrepreneurial skills among researchers and inventors and ensuring the effective commercialization of the results of scientific and technical activities.

The Lab2Market UA program remains an integral part of Ukraine’s national innovation ecosystem and is being scaled up through sector-specific training programs that facilitate the commercialization of developments in strategically important sectors.

In 2025, **the Lab2Market MedTech** acceleration program was successfully implemented, aimed at supporting researchers, inventors and scientists in commercializing the results of medical research and bringing them to market.



Launch of **the Lab2Market MedTech** Training Program

Following the selection process, 24 medical start-up projects with high commercialization potential were invited to participate. The program consisted of five intensive sprints (15 training sessions) and covered issues relating to the development of innovative businesses, as well as the protection and commercialization of intellectual property rights. Seven mentors and six jury members were involved in supporting the teams, and 132 individual consultations were held as part of the mentoring support.

The program final took place as part of Ukrainian Intellectual Property Week. Twelve teams reached the final, and the general partner, YURIA-PHARM, awarded the winners innovation vouchers totaling US\$ 10,000. The distribution of finalists by the type of organizations they represent is shown below. This structure indicates that the project brought together representatives from various sectors, ranging from civil society organizations to research institutions (Figure 13.1).

Figure 13.1. Breakdown of finalist teams by type of organization



Neuro Impact Challenge “Innovative Solutions for the Treatment of Neurological Diseases” is a project implemented by UANIPIO in collaboration with the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine and YURIA-PHARM LLC as a continuation of the successful Lab2Market MedTech partnership. The project aims to foster public-private partnerships in medical innovation.



Award ceremony for the first-place winner of the Lab2Market MedTech program, representative of the Tayra.ai project

To participate in the competition for innovative solutions, teams were required to present developments in the form of medical devices or medicinal products aimed at the diagnosis and treatment of neurological diseases.

The initiative generated significant interest among students, researchers, doctors and inventors, as evidenced by the submission of around 40 applications. Following the selection process, nine projects were chosen that demonstrated high potential for implementation.

Participants received expert advice in the fields of pharmaceuticals, medicine, biotechnology and business, as well as the opportunity to network with potential partners. In the final, which took place as part of COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE 2025, the winners – FAZENA, CerebroFractal and the Bogomoletz Institute Research Team – received awards and prizes. The total prize fund of the project amounted to UAH 150,000.



Winners of the Neuro Impact Challenge project together with Olena Orliuk, Denys Kurbatov and Oleksii Los

In 2025, the second season of Lab2Market Veterano, a support program for veterans, military personnel and their family members, was successfully implemented, helping them integrate into society through entrepreneurship and effective protection, enforcement and commercialization of intellectual property. The project was implemented in partnership with Vinnytsia National Technical University, with the support of the Vinnytsia Regional Military Administration and the Vinnytsia City Council.

The program involved over 50 participants, who gained practical knowledge and mentoring support to help them establish their own businesses. In the final stage, five teams presented fully developed business projects, confirming the effectiveness of the training program and the high potential of its participants.

Lab2Market Veterano has become an important instrument for the social and economic integration of veterans, supporting their self-realization and contribution to the development of Ukraine's innovation ecosystem.

In 2025, projects for the partial reimbursement of costs associated with actions related to the protection of intellectual property rights were launched and are being implemented in cooperation with the Kyiv Regional Military Administration and the Lviv City Council. The initiatives are aimed at introducing support mechanisms for small and medium-sized enterprises in Kyiv and Lviv regions, respectively, in the field of intellectual property rights protection. As part of the projects, 18 consultations on the partial reimbursement of costs were provided in cooperation with the Kyiv Regional Military Administration and the Lviv City Council.



Presentation and discussion of the program on the reimbursement of costs related to actions associated with the protection of intellectual property rights within the framework of the National Platform "Dialogue between Government and Business" at the Kyiv Regional Military Administration.

To raise awareness of grant funding mechanisms and facilitate the mobilization of financial resources for innovative projects, UANIPIO developed and delivered the "GrantWay" training course. The course, consisting of five modules, was aimed at researchers, innovators and business representatives and focused on fostering a grant culture, developing practical skills for preparing applications and increasing the chances of securing funding. Over 150 people took part in the program, and 101 participants received certificates.

To support the development of the national innovation ecosystem, UANIPIO participated in nationwide events aimed at strengthening cooperation between science, business and government, supporting start-ups and promoting the commercialization of intellectual property.

1. UANIPIO joined the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine's event "World Science Day 2025: Ukraine" as a partner. The event served as a platform for discussing key outcomes of transformations in the field of science and innovation, as well as identifying ways to strengthen partnerships between government, universities and business for the development of Ukraine's innovation economy.

2. UANIPIO actively participated in a number of events under Horizon Europe, including the round table "Enhancing Ukraine's Participation in the EU Framework Program for Research and Innovation "Horizon Europe". UANIPIO's activities in this area are further strengthened by the continued participation of its representative in the program committee "European Innovation Council and European Innovation Ecosystems", representing Ukraine.



Participants of the round table "Enhancing Ukraine's Participation in the EU Framework Program for Research and Innovation "Horizon Europe"

3. UANIPIO acted as a partner of the All-Ukrainian Innovation Festival 2025, organized on the initiative of Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv, the Science Park Corporation "Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv Science Park" and the Science Park Business School. The Festival was aimed at supporting youth start-ups with a prototype or a market-ready innovative solution and featured pitch presentations, a demo zone, discussions on funding opportunities and approaches to innovation development.



All-Ukrainian Innovation Festival 2025

4. A webinar on “Grant Opportunities: Application Preparation and the SME Fund” was organized for researchers, innovators and business representatives in collaboration with the European Business Association (October 03, 2025).

5. As part of the cooperation with Polish Aid, representatives of UANIPIO underwent training for trainers of the “Invest in Ukraine” simulation game, as a result of which they obtained the status of certified trainers for this tool. This creates an opportunity for the systematic implementation of the game at the National IP&Innovations Hub as a practical training tool for representatives of government bodies, business, start-ups, investors, regional teams and other stakeholders in innovation development, which promotes the development of negotiation skills, cross-sectoral collaboration and strategic thinking among government officials and other stakeholders, as well as fostering an understanding of how to align investment objectives with long-term community development priorities, economic viability and the principles of sustainable and innovative growth.

As part of a joint project between UANIPIO and Royal Holloway, University of London, a series of activities aimed at fostering a culture of open innovation was implemented. The project covered various formats: practical workshops, public podcasts and the development of methodological materials, and was tailored to the needs of the public sector, business, research institutions and civil society.

Workshops on open innovation were held in Kyiv and Lviv, where participants explored approaches to finding partners, forming joint innovation projects, defining the role of intellectual property in collaborations, and assessing opportunities for technology transfer and scaling up solutions.



Workshop participants in Kyiv

Another key outcome of the project was the creation and publication of an [Open Innovation Playbook \(toolkit\)](#), which summarizes international best practices and offers practical tools for implementing open innovation across public authorities, businesses and research institutions. The Playbook, together with recorded podcasts featuring the Director of UANIPIO and the Chair of the Scientific Committee of the National Council of Ukraine for Science and Technology Development, serves as a sustainable educational resource and promotes the systematic dissemination of knowledge on intellectual property and innovation.

13.2. Promotion of the Development of Intellectual Property Rights and Innovations in the Field of Security and Defense

The complex and dynamic security situation in Ukraine, driven by ongoing military and hybrid threats, combined with a high level of uncertainty regarding the scale and stability of international military-technical assistance, as well as the timing and range of supplies of weapons, military and specialized equipment from foreign partners, has become a powerful catalyst for internal transformations in the field of defense technology solutions. In such realities Ukraine is forced to build its own innovation shield and develop effective approaches to managing intellectual property and innovation in the security and defense sector.

In view of the need to improve the system for managing intellectual property and military technologies, UANIPIO actively interacts with the Intellectual Property Directorate of the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine. Memorandum of Cooperation between UANIPIO and the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine was signed in 2025.



Signing of the Memorandum between UANIPIO and the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine

With a view to optimizing the regulatory framework governing the legal protection of intellectual property within defense and industrial complex of Ukraine, UANIPIO has played an active role in developing legislative proposals and draft legislation aimed at improving the legal regulation of intellectual property relations in the fields of national security and defense, promoting intellectual and creative activity, and fostering innovation within the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine and other components of the security and defense sector.

Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine adopted Law of Ukraine No. 4671-IX, dated November 4, 2025 "On Amendments to the Civil Code of Ukraine Regarding the Improvement of Certain Provisions Concerning Intellectual Property Rights" and on December 12, 2025 the Law of Ukraine No. 4585-IX, dated August 21, 2025 "On Amendments to Certain Laws of Ukraine Concerning Intellectual Property Rights to Objects Created in Connection with Military Service" entered into force, which provides for the regulation of issues concerning the determination of ownership of intellectual property rights to objects created by military personnel in connection with the performance of their official duties during military service, as well as certain issues relating to the acquisition and exercise of intellectual property rights by the state, represented by the relevant authorities.

UANIPIO has been directly involved in the drafting of a number of regulatory acts in this field, including:

draft order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On the Approval of the Intellectual Property Management Policy in the Defense-Industrial Complex of Ukraine";



Representatives of UANIPIO during the All-Ukrainian Scientific and Practical Conference "Reformation of Intellectual Property Law in the Conditions of Civil Legislation of Ukraine", Kyiv, October 2, 2025

draft resolutions of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine regarding: the procedure for the calculation and payment by business entities of remuneration for the use, during the production of defense-related goods, of intellectual property rights and know-how created in the course of scientific (scientific and technical) work; the procedure for issuing licenses (permits) for the use of intellectual property rights belonging to the state, represented by the bodies responsible for the management of military property; the procedure for exercising the pre-emptive right to acquire a license for the use of an intellectual property right created in connection with the performance of official duties during military service, etc.

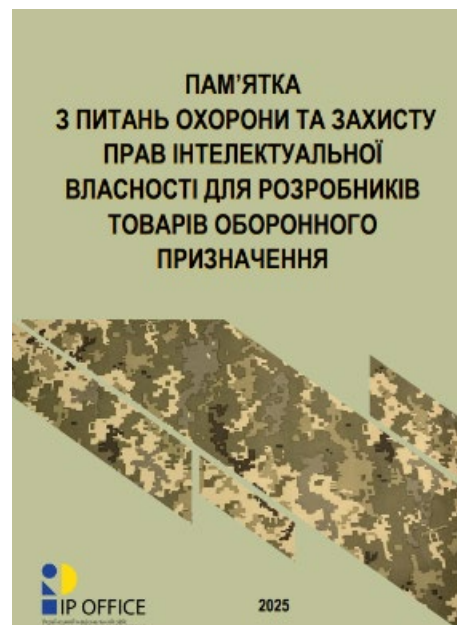


Signing of the Memorandum between UANIPIO and the Kyiv Institute of the National Guard of Ukraine

Throughout 2025, UANIPIO continued to establish effective cooperation with other organizations within the security and defense sector, in particular, a Memorandum of Cooperation was signed with the Kyiv Institute of the National Guard of Ukraine.

Among developers of defense-related products, there is active demand for the overview and reference material developed by UANIPIO specialists and made publicly available on the official website: "[Guide on the Protection and Safeguarding of Intellectual Property Rights for Developers of Defense-Related Products](#)".

Throughout the year, UANIPIO has been actively involved in educational activities in the field of security and defense, organizing and participating in over 40 training sessions, lectures and workshops for various categories of stakeholders.



Participants in the events gained knowledge on aspects of safeguarding and protecting intellectual property rights in the security and defense sector and enhanced their practical skills in managing and commercializing such rights.



Representatives of UANIPIO at the events, organized by Brave 1, Kyiv, April 26, 2025 and December 02, 2025, Lviv, September 16-17, 2025

During the IP LET FORUM on November 27, 2025, a separate session was devoted to the management and effective legal protection of intellectual property in the field of defense technologies.



IP LET FORUM, Kyiv, November 27, 2025

In 2025, over 30 specialist consultations were provided to inventors and developers of defense-related products on matters of safeguarding and protecting intellectual property rights, as well as on identifying ways to further promote their innovative products to meet the needs of Ukraine's security and defense forces.

The development of intellectual property in the security and defense sector aims to move away from fragmentary regulation towards a model of strategic management of defense innovation, in which intellectual property is viewed as an element of national security rather than solely as an object of civil law transactions.

The mechanisms for the legal regulation of intellectual property relations proposed by the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine are intended to establish a transparent model for the commercialization of defense technologies, which will encourage private manufacturers to make lawful use of the results of developments belonging to the state or to public sector entities, enhance the investment attractiveness of defense start-ups, and reduce the share of the grey economy in the development and production of defense-related goods. Taken together, this directly strengthens the economic resilience of the security and defense sector and enhances the state's technological sovereignty.

In assessing the overall impact of the measures implemented in the interests of Ukraine's national security, it can be stated that they contribute to strengthening Ukraine's domestic innovation autonomy, reducing critical dependence on external supplies and transforming intellectual property and innovation into an effective tool of military-industrial and military-technical policy.

The implementation of such a strategic management model will, in the long term, increase the level of legal protection for the results of defense research and development, establish a unified defense IP landscape of Ukraine and facilitate the integration of Ukrainian defense innovations into international cooperation networks and the strengthening of their export potential.

13.3. Expansion of the TISC Network and Support for Regional TISC Network Projects

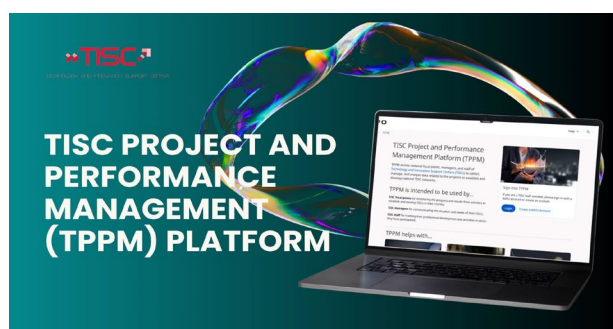
■ Development of the Technology and Innovation Support Center (TISC) Network in Ukraine

Six Technology and Innovation Support Centers (TISCs) were opened during 2025. As of the end of 2025, a total of 48 TISCs are operating in Ukraine, including the Ukrainian TISC Focal Point of the Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations (UANIPIO).

The Concept for the Establishment of Joint Diia.Business–TISC Centers and the Results Scale for the Development Project of the Technology and Innovation Support Centers in Ukraine throughout 2026 were developed in accordance with WIPO requirements.



The Ukrainian TISC Focal Point of the UANIPIO joined the WIPO TISC Project and Performance Management Platform (TPPM).



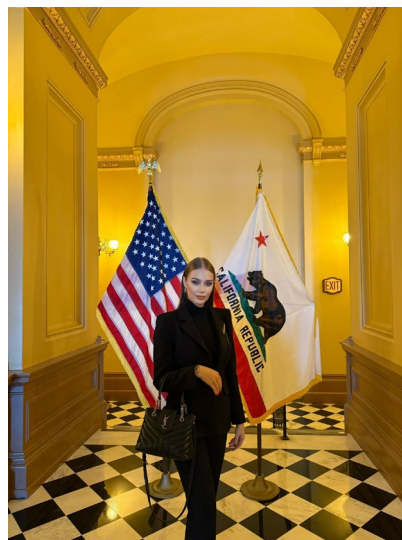
A registration procedure was organized for representatives of regional TISCs to participate in the global certification course for TISC staff, the WIPO–TISC Staff Foundation Certification Course 2025.

An adapted information brief on WIPO IP Diagnostics – an online tool for conducting an initial intellectual property self-assessment within an organization, was prepared and published (available at: <https://gamma.app/docs/WIPO-IP-Diagnostics-z3i4erpex4d1qjk>).



Representatives of UANIPIO and TISC hosted by the Lviv Polytechnic National University participated in the WIPO Regional Patent Drafting Training Program for Countries of Central Europe, the Baltic States and the Mediterranean Region (CEBSMC) in Belgrade, Serbia (December 8–12, 2025).

Participation in the professional exchange program “Using IPR to Protect Research” within the International Visitor Leadership Program (IVLP) of the U.S. Department of State (October 2–27, 2025).



Participation of Anastasiia Yarmoliuk, Head of the TISC Network Development Unit, in the professional exchange program “Using IPR to Protect Research” within the International Visitor Leadership Program (IVLP) of the U.S. Department of State (October 2–27, 2025).

Technology and Innovation Support Centers (TISCs) established in 2025:

Ukrainian State University of Science and Technologies	March 18, 2025
Zhytomyr Military Institute named after S. P. Korolev	April 17, 2025
Municipal Institution of Higher Education “Khortytsia National Educational and Rehabilitational Academy” of Zaporizhzhia Regional Council	May 26, 2025
Kyiv National University of Technology and Design	October 30, 2025
Lviv Chamber of Commerce and Industry	November 20, 2025
Stepan Gzhytskyi Lviv National University of Veterinary Medicine and Biotechnologies	November 21, 2025



Opening of the TISC at the Ukrainian State University of Science and Technologies, March 18, 2025



Opening of the TISC at the Lviv Chamber of Commerce and Industry, November 20, 2025

Information and advisory support on intellectual property and innovation issues was provided, innovative projects were supported, and working meetings were held on supporting innovation actors and on the implementation of joint projects with stakeholders, including:

- 23 Working meetings with representatives of the TISC network
- 38 Innovation consultations provided by the Ukrainian TISC Focal Point of the UANIPIO
- 33 Working meetings with stakeholders to identify areas of cooperation for the implementation of joint projects in the field of innovation development, including events, information and analytical materials, and other related activities

Advisory support on access to and use of the WIPO ASPI and ARDI databases:

support was provided for the submission of 8 applications for access licenses to the WIPO ASPI and ARDI databases;

34 consultations were conducted to facilitate access to the WIPO ASPI and ARDI databases for regional TISCs;

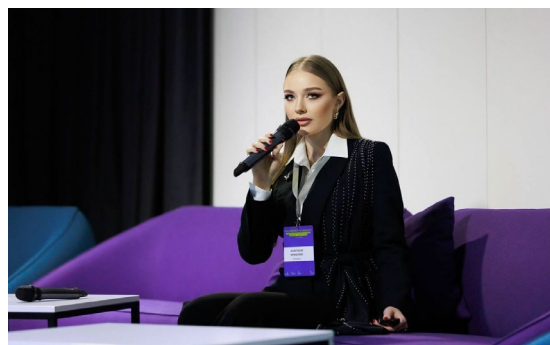
Awareness-raising events, training courses, webinars and workshops (organization, co-organization, and participation as speakers): 55 events in the field of intellectual property and innovation were held, enabling more than 2,500 participants to apply the knowledge acquired on intellectual property protection, the development of the innovation ecosystem and innovation infrastructure, the commercialization of intellectual property assets, and technology transfer in their practical activities, including:

within the framework of the IP LET Forum, a workshop was organized to present the TISC.Services Guide "[Procedures and Mechanisms for the Provision of Intellectual Property and Innovation Services](#)" (4 speakers and 150 participants) on November 27, 2025;

awareness-raising event "[COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE: Startups Speak the Language of Innovation, Investors Speak the Language of Solutions](#)" was organized and conducted (6 sessions, 15 speakers and more than 500 participants) (December 12, 2025). The event served as a professional platform for dialogue among startups, businesses, investors and innovation support institutions.



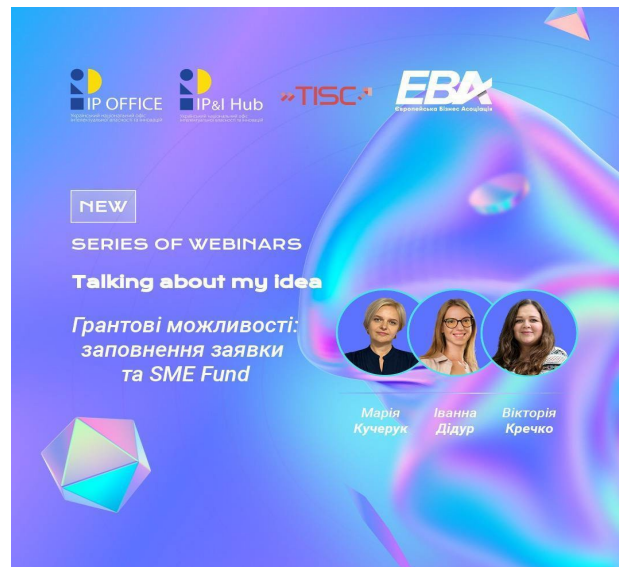
Speech by Andrew Czajkowski, Director of Technology and Innovation Support Division of IP for Innovators Department of WIPO, at the awareness-raising event "[COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE: Startups Speak the Language of Innovation, Investors Speak the Language of Solutions](#)", December 12, 2025.



Speech by Anastasiia Yarmoliuk, Head of the TISC Network Development Unit, presenting "[Activities of the TISC Network and Innovation Ecosystem Support Projects](#)" at the awareness-raising event "[COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE: Startups Speak the Language of Innovation, Investors Speak the Language of Solutions](#)", December 12, 2025.

Participation as a jury member in the Final of the Science&Business Acceleration Program by SET University (November 21, 2025).

Webinars were organized and conducted within the framework of the "Talking about my idea" project.



■ Vision for the Development of the TISC Network in Ukraine

Further development of the TISC network: the Ukrainian TISC Focal Point of the UANIPIO, in cooperation with WIPO TISC, is working to strengthen the capacity of the TISC network in Ukraine.

Current development priorities include:

- International Projects** 
 - Implementation of joint projects with international organizations aimed at strengthening the institutional capacity of the network.
- Digitalization of Processes** 
 - Development and implementation of digital tools, electronic services and interactive analytical instruments to improve the delivery of TISC services and monitor innovation activities.
- Partner engagement** 
 - Engagement of private and regional partners, including business associations, donors and local authorities, in supporting projects aimed at developing innovation infrastructure.
- Awareness-raising activities** 
 - Organization of trainings, workshops and training courses on intellectual property and the development of innovation activity.
- Implementation of WIPO educational materials and methodological recommendations** 
 - Organization of trainings on WIPO Academy distance learning courses and WIPO ASPI and ARDI databases.

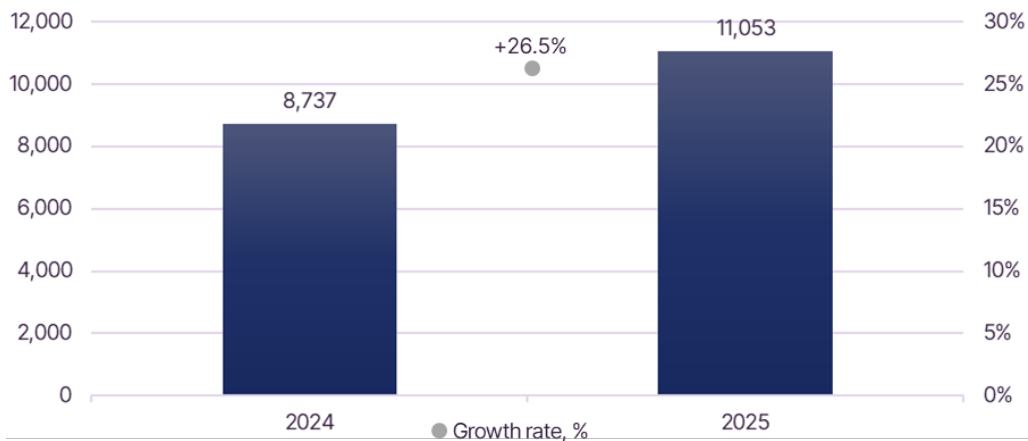
Legislation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Development of proposals for amendments to legislation in the field of innovation activity. 	
Development and implementation of innovations	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Creation and support of innovation programs and projects. ▪ Organization of incubation and acceleration programs, startup competitions and business support programs jointly with partners. 	
Management and organization	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Planning, organization and promotion of innovation activity. ▪ Formation of innovation infrastructure and a capital market for innovation. 	
Training and development	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Introduction of advanced training methods, such as virtual reality, AI and blended learning. ▪ Personalization of learning and encouragement of a research-based approach. 	
Strategic cooperation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cooperation with higher education institutions and research institutions for the creation of new knowledge. ▪ Cooperation with enterprises to strengthen their market positions. 	
Integration	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Close cooperation with business incubators and business accelerators, venture funds, industry and other stakeholders. 	
Expansion of the range of services	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provision of services in grant management, legal support for innovation and other related areas. 	
International cooperation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in international projects and identification of global partners. 	
Support for innovation infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Support for the functioning of innovation infrastructure at higher education institutions and research institutions, including business incubators and startup schools at universities. 	

13.4. Information and Advisory Services in the Field of Intellectual Property and Innovation

One of UANIPIO's priority areas of activity in 2025 was the provision of high quality and timely information and advisory support to applicants on a wide range of issues, ranging from the acquisition of intellectual property rights to the implementation of innovative technologies.

In 2025, UANIPIO's advisory activities demonstrated significant growth in terms of both quantitative indicators and the thematic structure of enquiries (Figure 13.2). The total number of consultations increased by 26.5% compared with 2024, indicating growing demand for expert support in the field of intellectual property from businesses, public authorities and other users.

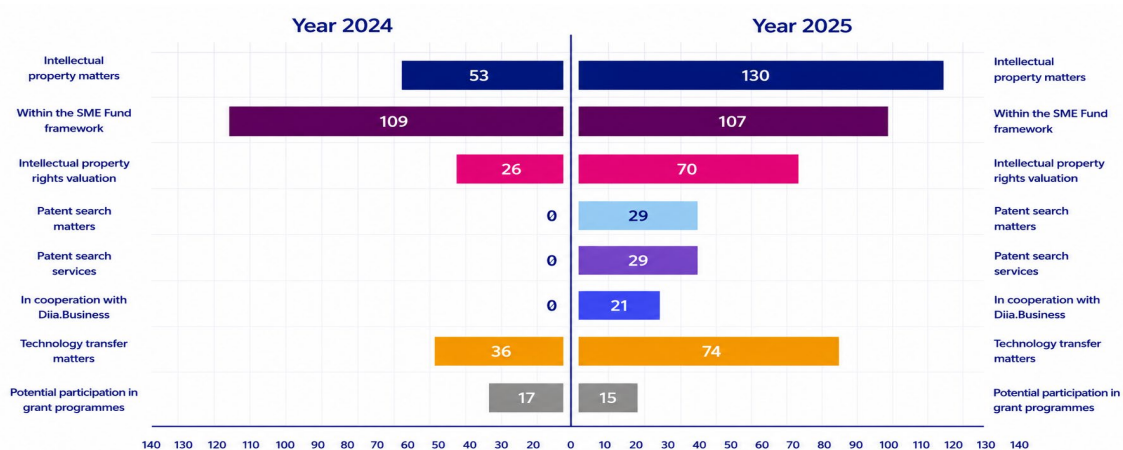
Figure 13.2. Trends in consultations provided by UANIPIO regarding the acquisition of industrial property rights in 2024–2025



During 2025, UANIPIO provided 11,053 consultations on the registration of industrial property rights, including 577 through in-person consultations with members of the public. The consultations covered intellectual property legislation, the selection of the most effective means of protecting intellectual property rights, guidance on completing and filing applications for the registration of industrial property rights, determining classes of goods and services under the Nice Classification for Trademarks, assistance in choosing the preferred filing method (paper or electronic), and support in using the search tools available in the relevant information system.

Trademarks attracted the greatest interest among applicants. Compared with 2024, interest in trademarks remained stable, while the number of enquiries relating to inventions and utility models decreased slightly. Industrial designs continued to generate comparatively less interest, reflecting the current needs of applicants (Figure 13.3).

Figure 13.3. Trends in consultations provided by UANIPIO on other intellectual property and innovation matters in 2024–2025



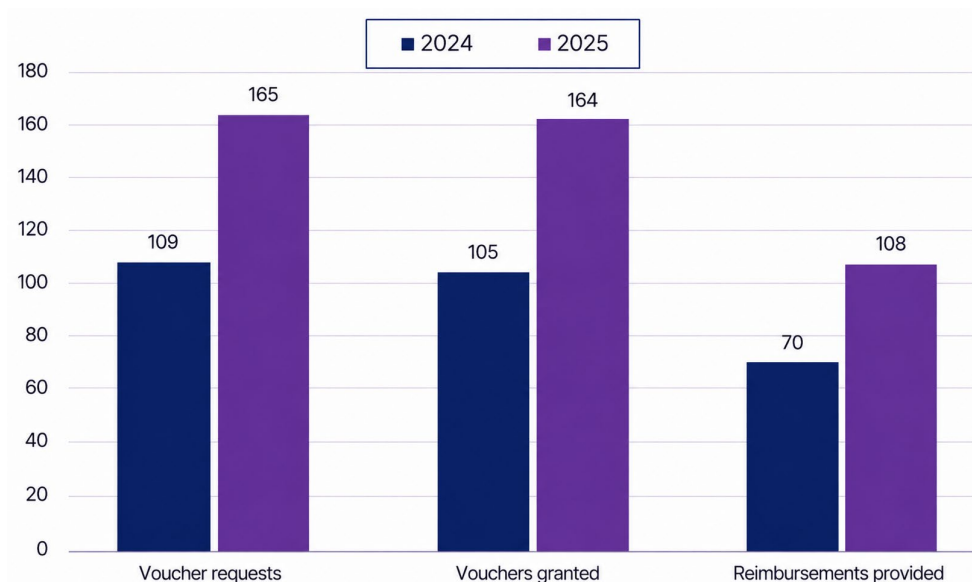
In June 2025, a new category, "[Intellectual Property](#)", was launched in the consultations section of the Diia.Business portal, aimed at providing online consultations in the field of intellectual property for representatives of small and medium-sized businesses. During the reporting period, 21 consultations were provided under this category.



Signing of the Memorandum of Understanding between UANIPIO and the Entrepreneurship and Export Promotion Office

In 2025, the UANIPIO Advisory Centre continued its work under the SME Fund 2025 project, with the participation of the Ministry of Economy’s Recovery and Reform Support Team, to assist SMEs in applying for financial reimbursement of intellectual property registration costs. Throughout 2025, the Center’s specialists provided 107 consultations on the preparation and submission of reimbursement applications. Under the program, 165 voucher requests were received from Ukrainian SMEs, compared with 109 requests in 2024 (Figure 13.4).

Figure 13.4. SME Fund Program Performance Indicators



In 2025, new areas of advisory support also emerged that were absent in 2024. In particular, 29 consultations were provided on conducting patent searches, while the first consultations were delivered under the Diia.Business initiative (21 enquiries). The emergence of these areas demonstrates the expansion of UANIPIO’s service portfolio and its adaptation to the evolving needs of users. The overall growth in consultations confirms UANIPIO’s transformation from a registration authority into a fully-fledged service and expert center in the field of intellectual property.

During the reporting year, within the scope of UANIPIO's activities relating to information support and consultancy on the valuation of intellectual property rights, 70 consultations were provided to public institutions, higher education institutions, individuals and legal entities. These consultations concerned the valuation of intellectual property rights for such purposes as: recognition of intellectual property rights as intangible assets on the balance sheet; contribution of intellectual property rights to authorized capital; determination of fair remuneration (royalties) for granting rights to use intellectual property; and transfer of intellectual property rights.

The majority of consultations on the valuation of intellectual property rights were provided to natural persons (24 consultations). The number of enquiries from public institutions, higher education institutions and legal entities stood at 15, 14 and 17 respectively.

Throughout 2025, UANIPIO specialists continued to provide information and advisory support, guidance and assistance to interested parties in implementing measures relating to the management of intellectual property rights, in particular technology transfer. The number of such consultations doubled, reaching 74.

The vast majority of enquiries came from private business entities (legal entities) – 44 enquiries, accounting for almost 60% of the total number of consultations. Twenty-four enquiries were received from and processed for natural persons, with the remainder coming from educational and research institutions.

In 2025, UANIPIO supported Ukrainian entrepreneurs, researchers, inventors, creators and other stakeholders by providing up-to-date information on grant opportunities from domestic and international donor organizations. A selection of relevant grant programs was carried out and 390 grant opportunities were reviewed.

In response to requests from stakeholders, 15 consultations were provided regarding opportunities to participate in grant programs announced by international donors. In addition, stakeholders were informed through the preparation and [dissemination of grant program digests](#) containing structured information on available funding opportunities for different categories of applicants. Four quarterly digests of current grant opportunities were published.

■ Paid services

During the reporting period, UANIPIO provided a range of highly specialized analytical services in the field of patent research, covering both thematic searches and Freedom to Operate (FTO) searches across various technological sectors and geographical regions. These services are characterized by a high level of complexity, interdisciplinary and practical orientation, confirming UANIPIO's expert role in supporting innovative projects at all stages of their commercialization.

In particular, thematic and FTO searches were carried out regarding bionic prostheses, metal additive manufacturing technologies, radio-frequency monitoring sensor systems, agrochemical solutions, cosmetic products incorporating nanomaterials, as well as innovative environmental developments such as bio reactive materials based on mycelium and natural fibers. Research was also conducted in relation to a microbubble generation device, a pressure-dissolution nozzle and ZIP-lock closure strips for flexible packaging. The geographical scope of the research covered Ukraine, countries of the European Union, the United States of America, North America and other regions of the world, demonstrating UANIPIO's ability to operate within the global patent landscape.

A notable example of the adaptation of UANIPIO's service portfolio to the actual needs of clients was a patent study relating to a bionic hand prosthesis protected by Utility Model Patent No. 155522. In substance, this study corresponded to a Freedom to Operate (FTO) analysis; however, at the time it was conducted, such a service was not included in UANIPIO's approved list of services. The practical demand for similar studies subsequently served as the basis for the development and introduction of a dedicated patent

clearance analysis service, demonstrating the institution's flexibility and its ability to respond promptly to the needs of the innovation ecosystem.

The provision of FTO research services is crucial for mitigating legal and investment risks, ensuring the safe market launch of innovative products, and enhancing the international competitiveness of Ukrainian innovations. In this context, UANIPIO acts not only as an IP rights registrar but also as a strategic partner for business, science and public institutions.

Furthermore, in 2025, in accordance with the Procedure for the Provision of Paid Services, UANIPIO carried out seven valuations of intellectual property rights relating to various IP objects.

At the request of interested parties, with the aim of ensuring compliance with legal requirements and avoiding or mitigating the risks of intellectual property rights infringement, a number of draft agreements were analyzed, including agreements on the assignment of intellectual property rights to a trademark and a utility model, as well as a comprehensive agreement for software development and website maintenance.

In accordance with the Procedure for the Provision of Paid Services by the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations", approved by UANIPIO Order No. 62/2025, dated March 19, 2025, and with the aim of facilitating the commercialization of creative outputs of authors, inventors, creators and other intellectual property rights holders, UANIPIO specialists prepared draft agreements concerning the management of intellectual property rights. These included license agreements, agreements on the assignment of intellectual property rights, agreements for the commissioned creation and use of intellectual property rights, and other related agreements. The number of such requests increased significantly in 2025 compared with 2024, rising from 1 request to 10.

The management of intellectual property rights, including through technology transfer, is a key instrument for the promotion and commercialization of innovations. It facilitates effective interaction between developers and users of innovative solutions, contributing to the transformation of intellectual outputs into commercially successful products and services.

In 2025, UANIPIO introduced a trademark search service in national databases based on the Nice Classification, which quickly became popular among applicants. This search enables applicants to assess the risk of refusal of trademark registration in advance, avoid conflicts with previously registered trademarks, and minimize financial and time-related costs.

411 searches were conducted during the year. The breakdown of entities ordering this service is presented below. The service was used most frequently by legal and patent firms (217 orders), natural persons (99 orders), patent attorneys (45 orders), legal entities (27 orders), sole proprietors (20 orders), and non-governmental and charitable organizations (3 orders) (Figure 13.5).

Figure 13.5. Breakdown of Requesters of the Trademark Search Service in National Databases by the Nice Classification



13.5. Improving the Regulatory Framework to Promote Innovation and the Commercialization of Intellectual Property

In the context of European integration and international experience in the field of intellectual property protection and enforcement, commercialization and technology transfer, UANIPIO continuously provides methodological support to central executive authorities on matters relating to intellectual property and innovation.

In particular, UANIPIO provided:



Proposals and recommendations regarding draft regulatory acts developed by the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine:

- Draft Laws of Ukraine: "On Amendments to Certain Laws of Ukraine on Stimulating the Development of Science Parks"; "On Amendments to the Tax Code of Ukraine on Stimulating the Development of Science Parks"; "On Amendments to the Customs Code of Ukraine on Stimulating the Development of Science Parks"; and "On Amendments to Certain Laws of Ukraine on Updating the System of Priority Areas in Science, Technology and Innovation"
- Amendments to Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine Resolution No. 701 of 1 August 2012 "On the Prize of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine for the Development and Implementation of Innovative Technologies"
- Roadmap for the Promotion of Science and Innovation for 2026-2028
- Roadmap for the Integration of Ukraine's Science and Innovation System into the European Research Area
- Draft Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Approval of the Procedure for Organising and Conducting the Competitive Selection of Scientific and Technical (Experimental) Developments under State Order"



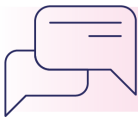
Proposals and recommendations regarding draft regulatory acts developed by the Ministry of Digital Transformation of Ukraine:

- Draft Order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Amendments to the Priority Areas and Tasks (Projects) of Digital Transformation for 2024-2026"
- Draft Order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Amendments to the Order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine of 31 December 2024 No. 1351"
- Strategy for the Development of Industries Based on Strategic and Critical Raw Materials and Components, and the Action Plan for Its Implementation



In response to inquiries from the Ministry of Economy:

- Proposals regarding the monitoring of the use of smart specialization at the regional level
- Information and analytical materials on international and European experience in stimulating innovation activities
- Proposals concerning the report "Competitiveness in Eastern Europe and the South Caucasus: Policy Outlook 2025-2026. Investment Policy and Promotion"



Materials have been prepared on thematic areas relevant to sensitive sectors



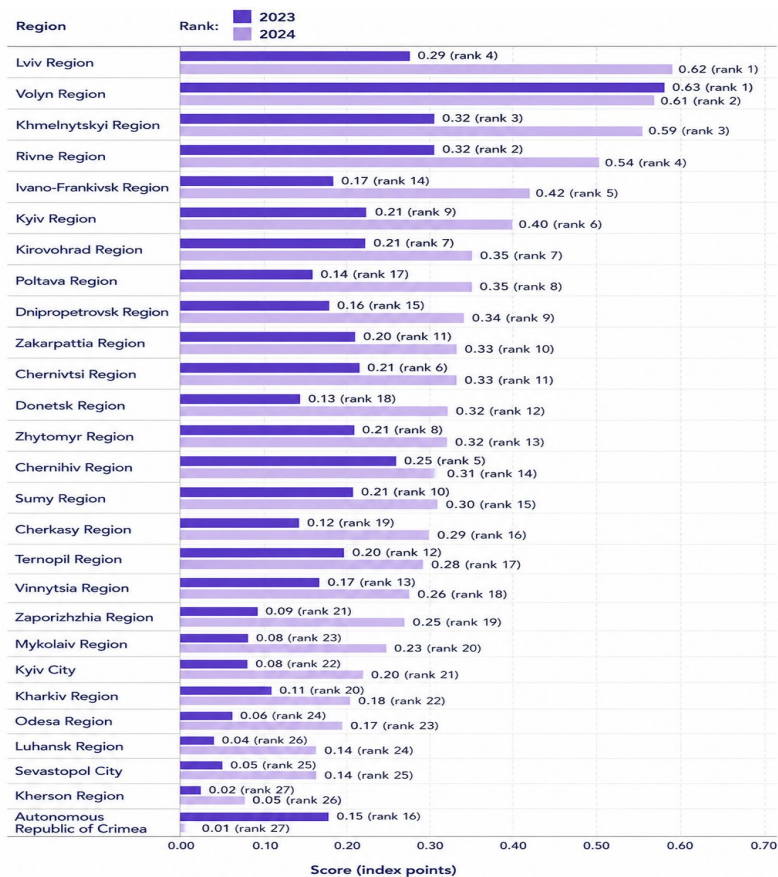
As part of the implementation of the Operational Plan of Measures for the Implementation in 2025-2027 of the Digital Development Strategy for Innovation Activities of Ukraine until 2030, approved by the Order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine of 31 December 2024 No. 1351, the following proposals were prepared and submitted to the lead implementing authorities:

- Proposals for the development of a system for assessing the performance and effectiveness of innovation activities in higher education and research institutions, affecting the allocation of public funding, with a focus on technology transfer outcomes, the commercialisation of intellectual property, and key performance indicators of innovation infrastructure (measure 9)
- Recommendations and proposals regarding standard agreement templates for the participation of students and academic staff in innovation activities, ensuring their entitlement to remuneration derived from the successful commercialisation of innovations (measure 10)
- Proposals for conducting periodic analyses of the labour market at the regional level (measure 13)
- Proposals for the development of a unified platform for the collection, analysis and exchange of data in the fields of science and innovation (measure 28)

In response to the letter of the Verkhovna Rada Committee on Education, Science and Innovation No. 7223-02/2025, dated September 3, 2025, comments and proposals were submitted regarding the draft Law of Ukraine "On the Support and Development of Innovation Activity" (Draft Law No. 13715 of August 29, 2025).

13.6. Interactive Information Resources and Information and Analytical Materials

In 2025, UANIPIO introduced the Intellectual *Property Development Regional Index* as a permanent analytical tool for assessing the innovation activity of Ukraine's regions. The Index is used for the systematic analysis of spatial differences in intellectual property development and for the establishment of a comparable analytical basis at the regional level.



The IP4R Index is a composite indicator that aggregates data across four key components: the filing of applications for industrial property rights (inventions and utility models), their registration, the registration of trademarks and industrial designs, as well as the registration of copyright and rights transfer agreements. This structure of the Index enables a comprehensive assessment of the level of intellectual property development across regions as an economic and innovation resource.

[Comparative Analysis of Regions](#) helps identify disparities in innovation activity, pinpoint regions with a high concentration of intellectual property, and identify territories requiring additional institutional support.



As part of the initiative, UANIPIO also introduced [the interactive IP4R Index dashboard](#), which provides prompt access to calculation results and their visualization. The dashboard is used to analyze the ranking of regions by index value, assess changes over time, compare regions by individual sub-indices and indicators, and conduct a detailed analysis of the index structure for each region.

The use of the dashboard enables statistical data to be transformed into a convenient tool for analysis and decision-making, used by public authorities, regional development agencies, researchers, and other stakeholders.

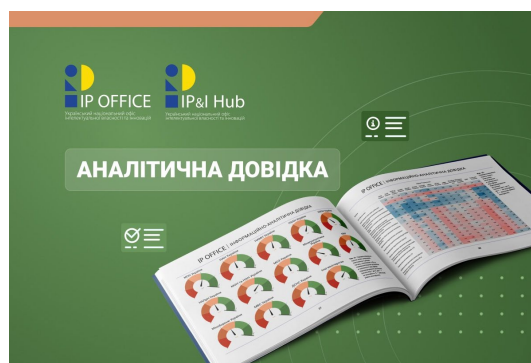
In addition, *economic and innovation profiles were developed for each region of Ukraine*. These profiles are used as an analytical tool for assessing regional potential, preparing information and analytical materials, communicating with public authorities and partners, and supporting strategic planning processes at the regional level.

The introduction of a regional ranking based on IP4R Index values, interactive dashboards, and regional economic and innovation profiles demonstrates UANIPIO's role as a leading national analytical center in the field of intellectual property.

In 2025, UANIPIO successfully introduced *an updated interactive innovation infrastructure dashboard*, marking an important step in the digital transformation of Ukraine's innovation analytics system. Prior to UANIPIO's initiative, there was no comprehensive and visually accessible platform in Ukraine that provided, within a single environment, information on the number, types, and geographical distribution of key elements of the innovation ecosystem, including science parks, technology parks, innovation parks, start-up schools, incubators, clusters, and the TISC network. The dashboard provides prompt access to up-to-date information linked to specific regions and innovation infrastructure entities, significantly enhancing the quality of analytical work and the transparency of the innovation ecosystem.

The interactive dashboard facilitates informed management and investment decisions regarding the development of innovation clusters, technology transfer, and the creation of favorable conditions for start-ups and research institutions. In 2025, the analysis was supplemented with [data](#) on specific innovation infrastructure entities, which expanded users' opportunities for obtaining a more detailed overview and conducting deeper analysis at the regional level.

In 2025, experts of the National IP & Innovations Hub prepared an analytical brief entitled "[Assessment of Gaps in Awareness of Patent and Licensing Activities](#)", which became the first systematic study of its kind in Ukraine. The analysis is based on the results of a survey of 248 representatives of units engaged in patent, licensing and innovation activities at higher education institutions, research organizations and other organizations, and enables key challenges to be clearly identified. The main gaps identified include: an insufficient level of awareness among specialists in the field of international patenting and licensing, which limits the ability to adapt technologies for entry into global markets; weak communication between the scientific community, public authorities and businesses, which reduces the effectiveness of intellectual property commercialization; and insufficient awareness of technology transfer and licensing processes, which constrains the practical use of intellectual property rights for innovation-driven growth.



The identified gaps formed the basis for improving the Lab2Market training and acceleration program and for developing a series of targeted awareness-raising activities and workshops aimed at enhancing

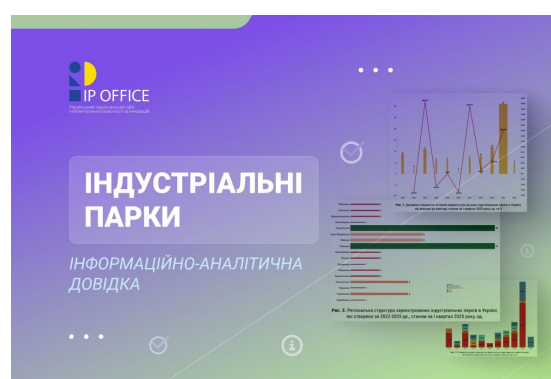
the practical capacity of departments and stakeholders in conducting market research, patent searches, technology transfer, and the commercialization of research results.

In addition, UANIPIO experts prepared an analytical brief entitled "[Analysis of Technologies Registered in Ukraine](#)", which became an important tool for examining the current state of the technology market and intellectual property management practices. The analysis covers technologies registered in the State Register of Technologies during 2019–2024 and enables a comprehensive assessment of the sectoral structure of developments, their level of technological readiness, institutional affiliation, and registration trends. This approach provides an evidence base for understanding the actual potential of Ukrainian technologies and for shaping future decisions in the fields of innovation policy and technology transfer.

The key finding of the analytical brief is that more than half of the technologies registered in Ukraine are not protected by intellectual property rights, which significantly limits their potential for commercialization, attracting investment, and entering international markets. This situation points to a systemic problem of the insufficient use of intellectual property as an economic asset, particularly given the dominance of the public sector among technology developers. The identified disparities confirm the important role of UANIPIO as an analytical center that not only monitors the state of the market but also lays the groundwork for strengthening policies in the fields of patenting, commercialization, and improving the efficiency of the utilization of scientific and technological results.



UANIPIO experts also prepared an analytical brief entitled "[Dynamics of the Creation and Selected Aspects of the Functioning of Industrial Parks in Ukraine: Key Findings](#)", which provides a systematic overview of the development of industrial parks as one of the key elements of the country's innovation and industrial infrastructure. The brief summarizes trends in the establishment of industrial parks, the characteristics of their operation, their sectoral focus, and spatial distribution, enabling an assessment of the actual state of this economic development instrument in Ukraine.



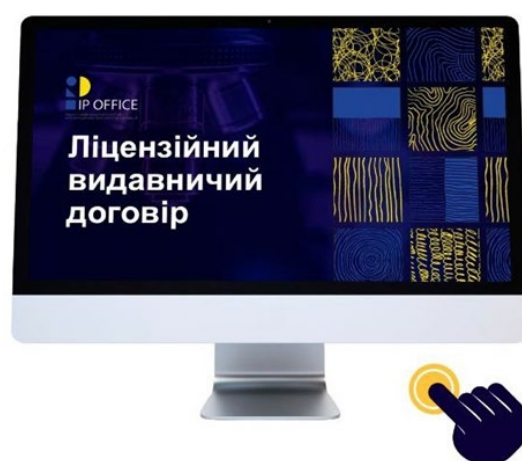
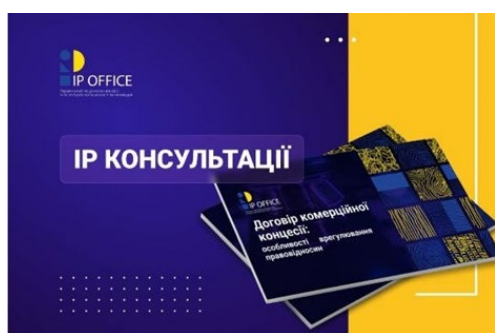
The consolidation of structured data within a single analytical brief provides a foundation for the objective analysis of this infrastructure segment by various stakeholders, including public authorities, regional development agencies, businesses, investors, and the expert community. This approach allows the analytical materials developed by UANIPIO to be used as a basis for further research, strategic documents, and discussions on the role of industrial parks in the development of Ukraine's innovation and industrial ecosystem.

In 2025, UANIPIO prepared an analytical brief entitled "[Programs Supporting Innovation and Intellectual Property in Eastern European Countries](#)", which contributes to a comprehensive understanding of approaches to innovation development and intellectual property management across European countries. The synthesis of support practices and instruments applied in different national jurisdictions makes it possible to consider the Ukrainian system within a broader European context and to better understand the diversity of policies, models of institutional support, and mechanisms for fostering innovation.

To ensure an adequate level of awareness among stakeholders and to promote the practice of intellectual property valuation, the following materials were published on UANIPIO's official website:

- article entitled "[Valuation of Intellectual Property Rights: The Importance of Valuation and Key Methodological Approaches](#)";
- article entitled "[Valuation of Intellectual Property Rights: Documents and Data Required for the Valuation of Intellectual Property Rights](#)";
- [list](#) of frequently asked questions on intellectual property valuation.

Work also continued on the preparation of analytical and informational materials aimed at raising awareness of contractual mechanisms for the disposal of intellectual property rights. In particular, as a continuation of the series of materials on license agreements and agreements on the transfer of intellectual property rights, the following information products were prepared and published: "Commercial Concession Agreement: Specific Features of the Regulation of Legal Relations", "Publishing License Agreement", as well as presentation materials on the following topics: "Agreement on the Commissioned Creation and Use of an Intellectual Property Right: Concept and Legal Nature of the Agreement; Objects Covered by the Agreement; Parties to the Agreement; Structure and Content of the Main Sections of the Agreement", and "Agreement on the Commissioned Creation and Use of Certain Copyright-Protected Works: Specific Features of Regulating Relations Concerning the Translation of Works and Works of Fine Art".



Educational articles were prepared and published on the following topics: "[The Importance of Concluding Agreements Concerning Intellectual Property Rights](#)" and "[The Art of Drafting Intellectual Property Agreements: What to Consider When Formulating Contractual Terms](#)".



In 2025, UANIPIO launched the **Global Vision: IP & Innovation project**, aimed at providing the Ukrainian community with a detailed overview of the mechanisms and instruments that enable leading countries to achieve global success in innovation.

Switzerland was selected as the first country for analysis, having ranked first in the Global Innovation Index for the past 14 years. [The analytical brief](#) covers Switzerland's position in global rankings, its public policy in the field of intellectual property and innovation, as well as the key drivers of its development.

The project contributes to incorporating international experience into the development of an effective innovation support system in Ukraine and to strengthening the country's competitiveness and integration into the European innovation space.

The UANIPIO team also prepared the "[Guide to Creating Academic, Doctoral and Student Start-ups](#)", which contains information on establishing start-ups at higher education and research institutions.

The Guide outlines the characteristics of different types of start-ups – academic, doctoral, student, and individual – and provides a step-by-step guide to launching a start-up. In particular, it describes the procedures for creating and registering intellectual property objects, granting permission for their use or transferring intellectual property rights, and receiving remuneration.

The document contains comprehensive information that is useful for academics, researchers, inventors, students, heads of higher education and research institutions, and technology transfer managers.



Publication of the Guide to Creating Academic, Doctoral and Student Start-ups

An analytical study entitled "[Intellectual Property as a Signal of Investor Confidence](#)" was prepared and published in cooperation with experts from the Kyiv School of Economics (KSE). The study focuses on the role of an intellectual property portfolio as an objective signal of the quality of an innovative project for investors under conditions of information asymmetry. The study highlights how effective management of intellectual property assets contributes to enhancing the investment attractiveness of start-ups and fostering the development of the innovation ecosystem.

13.7. Trends in the Use of Artificial Intelligence in the Field of Intellectual Property and Innovation

In 2025-2026, the use of AI in the field of intellectual property finally went beyond the experimental toolkit and turned into a full-fledged tool for analyzing business risks and competitive advantages. On a global scale, the key trend of the year was the acceleration of the response to IP violations through preventive control of the online environment. If previously, rights holders mostly responded to violations after the fact, today AI tools allow continuous monitoring of the digital environment – from social networks to marketplaces – in order to detect copyright infringements, illegal use of trademarks or copying of designs. Solutions such as automatic content and brand recognition systems actually create a new standard for responding to intellectual property rights infringements.

At the same time, AI has significantly changed approaches to managing IP portfolios. Semantic, phonetic and visual analysis tools are already used today for preliminary risk assessment when filing trademark applications, which reduces the likelihood of refusals and litigation. In a number of jurisdictions, such solutions are integrated into the daily practice of patent offices and become part of the institutional infrastructure.

By the same principle, AI allows one to check texts, images, videos and other materials for potential third party rights infringement before they are published. Thus, risks are shifting from the plane of detecting and responding to infringements to the plane of preventing infringements.



At the same time, the spread of AI has exacerbated a number of systemic challenges. First of all, we are talking about the dichotomy of its use: the same tool can both prevent infringements of rights and become its source. On the one hand, AI helps to detect pirated content, counterfeits and unfair use of brands. On the other hand, it is capable of generating results containing elements of other people's works, trademarks or design objects, creating a risk of infringing the rights of third parties.

The importance of the so-called input risk has significantly increased - the leakage of trade secrets and confidential information using generative AI models. The introduction of internal documents, technical solutions or business strategies into artificial intelligence systems can lead to their loss of trade secret status and, as a result, to direct economic losses. Well-known cases of large technology companies have shown that this risk is not theoretical, but quite practical.

14.

UANIPIO – A PLATFORM FOR QUALITY DIALOGUE IN THE FIELD OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

In 2025, UANIPIO consistently strengthened its role not only as an institution providing public services in the field of intellectual property, but also as an open platform for professional, inter-institutional and public dialogue. In the context of martial law, European integration-related changes and the transformation of the national IP system, the importance of such dialogue increased significantly. This is no longer merely a matter of communication with applicants or responding to individual enquiries, but rather a matter of systematic interaction with patent attorneys, public authorities, parliamentary structures, the judiciary and the legal community, business associations, chambers of commerce and industry, researchers, inventors, innovators, authors, creators, universities, start-ups and other IP ecosystem's participants. This multi-level interaction creates the conditions for the joint development of solutions, improves the quality of IP enforcement, and enables institutional actions to be better adapted to the practical needs of the system's users.



Compared with 2024, this function became noticeably more structured, broader in scope and more practice-oriented in 2025. Whereas in 2024 the key forms of interaction included sectoral discussions, thematic forums, information campaigns, the activities of the IP & Innovations Hub, the development of the TISC network, support for start-ups and the Lab2Market Veterano pilot project, in 2025 the dialogue acquired the features of a stable communication infrastructure with a wider range of audiences and a greater variety of formats. This is confirmed by the fact that, during 2025, more than 120 events were held for over 10,000 participants from different regions of Ukraine. At the same time, both event-based and

standing channels of interaction continued to develop, including advisory support, educational programs, public discussions, analytical products and digital resources.

It is important to note that in 2025, the dialogue moved beyond a primarily informational or explanatory function and became increasingly linked to the development of practical solutions. UANIPIO not only facilitated communication between different stakeholder groups, but also provided methodological support to public authorities on matters relating to intellectual property protection, enforcement, commercialization and technology transfer.

It is also indicative that, in response to requests from Parliament and central executive authorities, the Office provided comments and proposals on a number of draft legal acts. This demonstrates that, in 2025, UANIPIO increasingly acted as an institution enabling a two-way exchange of expertise between the professional community, the innovation ecosystem and public policy-making actors.

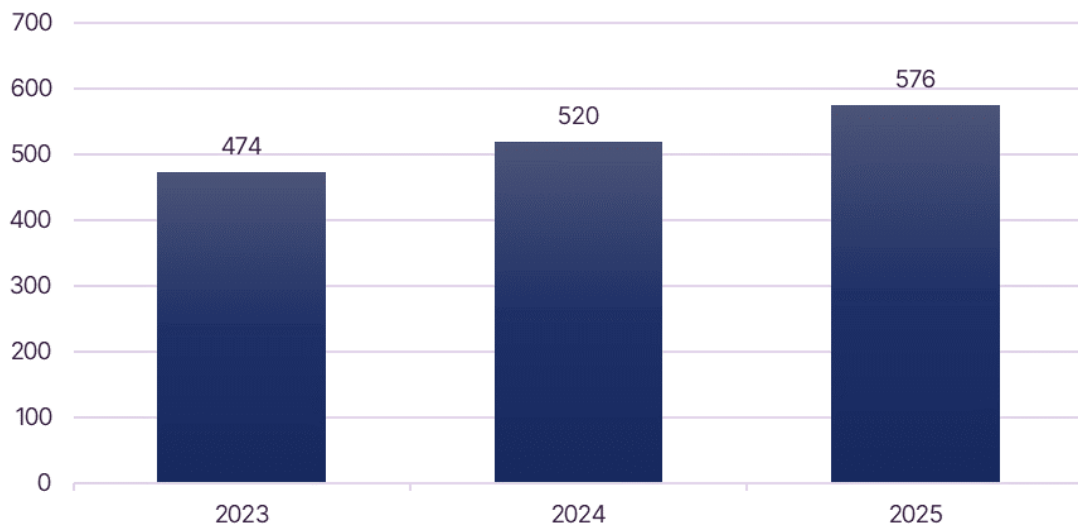
The scale and depth of the dialogue in 2025 were particularly evident in the organization of key nationwide events. UANIPIO, together with its partners, acted as the organizer and co-organizer of a number of events covering various sectors of the IP field and combining legal, economic, creative, innovation and public policy dimensions. These included the National Forum-Dialogue "Ukrainian Music Industry: Listen, Protect What's Yours", held under the patronage of the Office of the President of Ukraine; IP Week 2025 "IP and Music: Hear What's Yours"; the 4th National Forum on Intellectual Property and Innovation "Intellectual Property: Law, Economy, Technology" (IP LET Forum 2025), organized with the support of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine, EUIPO, the EU4IP project, WIPO and the EPO; as well as COLLABORATE TO INNOVATE 2025 "Start-ups Speak the Language of Innovation, Investors – the Language of Solutions". The very composition of the partners involved in these events demonstrates that, in 2025, the dialogue was not confined to a narrow professional circle, but took place in a broad cross-sectoral format involving the state, international institutions, business, the creative industries, the innovation ecosystem and the legal community.



Olena Orliuk, Mykola Pototskyi, Natalia Kuznetsova, Oleksiy Kot and civil law scholars, practicing lawyers and representatives of public authorities during the roundtable discussion "Property and Economic Rights in Intellectual Property"

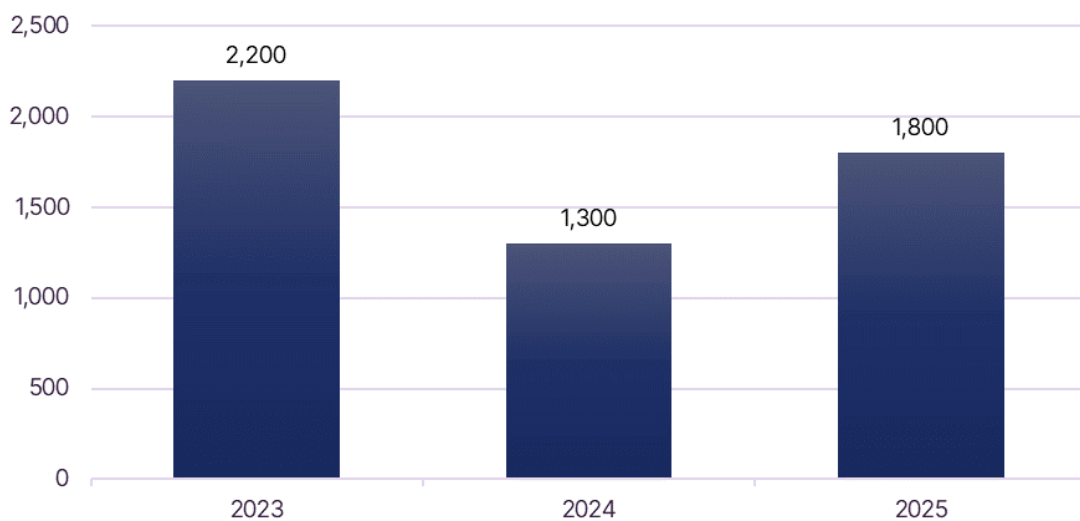
The 4th IP LET Forum 2025 deserves special mention as one of the most representative platforms for professional dialogue of the year. According to the materials prepared for this section, the forum brought together specialists in intellectual property, law and economics, representatives of business, the creative and innovation industries, sectoral associations, academics and inventors. Compared with 2024, when the 3rd IP LET Forum had already served as an important professional platform, in 2025 this format became even more established and broader in terms of the composition of participants. This means that the dialogue was strengthened not only in scale, but also in the level of cross-sectoral representation.

Figure 14.1. Number of Registered Participants in the IP LET Forum, 2023–2025



It should also be noted that the number of views of the event's online broadcast increased, confirming growing interest in the IP LET Forum. In 2023, the highest figure was recorded, with more than 2,200 views, which was due to the two-day format of the event. In 2024, the number of views stood at around 1,300, while in 2025 it increased to 1,800.

Figure 14.2. Number of Views of IP LET Forum Online Broadcasts, 2023–2025



The IP LET Forum 2025 addressed key issues in the field of intellectual property in the European and international context, including its role in technological development, the business environment and the creative industries, as well as practices for applying IP tools in Ukraine and the EU.

During the forum, significant attention was paid to Ukraine's positioning within the global intellectual property system, the protection of national identity, the digitalization of IP services, European integration and the use of European and international initiatives in the field of IP. The discussions also focused on the relationship between intellectual property, business and innovation, including the financing of rights protection, the management of intellectual assets and their impact on investment attractiveness.

A separate thematic block was devoted to future technologies and the creative industries, in particular the role of intellectual property in the development of artificial intelligence, agricultural and defense

technologies, as well as copyright issues, the digitalization of cultural processes, and the protection and promotion of Ukrainian narratives.

An important component of the IP LET Forum 2025 was a series of workshops for creators, innovators and the professional community, focused on practical issues of intellectual property protection and enforcement.



IP LET FORUM 2025, November 27, 2025

Cooperation between UANIPIO and the professional community of patent attorneys deepened significantly. In 2025, an open dialogue was held on current issues related to the certification of patent attorneys, with the participation of UANIPIO's management, representatives of the Certification Commission, patent attorneys and candidates for patent attorneys. This format is important not only as communication on a specific procedure, but also as a tool for engaging the professional community in discussions on market-sensitive issues, including access to the profession, standards and procedures. This demonstrates that dialogue with the professional community in 2025 was not episodic, but was linked to actual institutional processes and decisions.



On April 28, 2025, UANIPIO hosted an expert discussion on potential mechanisms for implementing the new law providing for the repeal of Law No. 2174 and the restoration of standard time limits for actions related to intellectual property protection.

In 2025, dialogue with the academic and educational community also expanded. One illustrative example was the All-Ukrainian Scientific and Practical Conference dedicated to the reform of intellectual property law in the context of the recodification of Ukraine's civil legislation. According to the materials prepared for the event, academics and practitioners were involved in the discussion, and the participants included representatives of leading universities and research institutions, in particular Ivan Franko National University of Lviv, the National University "Odesa Law Academy", the Intellectual Property Scientific Research Institute of the National Academy of Legal Sciences of Ukraine, and Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv. This format demonstrates that UANIPIO worked not only with practical users of the IP system, but also with the community that shapes doctrine, legal expertise and future approaches to legislative reform.

Dialogue with the innovation, research and entrepreneurial ecosystem also intensified significantly. In 2025, UANIPIO continued to develop practice-oriented support programs, in particular Lab2Market MedTech, Neuro Impact Challenge and the second season of Lab2Market Veterano. These programs are positioned as instruments for supporting researchers, inventors, start-up teams, universities, veterans, engineers, creators and small businesses. The Neuro Impact Challenge, implemented jointly with the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine and YURIA-PHARM LLC, is particularly noteworthy, as it demonstrates a tripartite format of interaction between the state, business and the innovation ecosystem. Compared with 2024, when Lab2Market Veterano was still a pilot project, in 2025 such programs were no longer isolated initiatives, but elements of a sustainable model of communication and support for different groups of innovators.

Another important dimension was the strengthening of engagement with businesses, investors and regional economic ecosystems. In 2025, UANIPIO held consultation events and working meetings on the development of innovation activities in industrial parks and regional economic development in cooperation with the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine, the Kyiv Regional Military Administration, and representatives of industrial enterprises, universities and industrial parks. In parallel, more than 50 working meetings were held with innovation stakeholders. UANIPIO also participated in events of the National Platform "Government-Business Dialogue" for entrepreneurs from Kyiv, Lviv, Kirovohrad and Zaporizhzhia regions, as well as in meetings of the Committee on Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises of the Donetsk Chamber of Commerce and Industry. This area of work particularly clearly demonstrates that, in 2025, UANIPIO's dialogue acquired not only a nationwide but also a regional dimension and was aimed at bringing together the interests of government, business, research, academia and investors.

The practical orientation of this dialogue was further strengthened by work on financial and grant opportunities for innovators and businesses. Whereas in 2024 UANIPIO organized eight educational webinars on grant literacy, published digests of grant programs and supported awareness-raising regarding the SME Fund 2024, in 2025 this line of work was continued and expanded through targeted events for researchers, innovators and business representatives, in particular in cooperation with the European Business Association. The materials prepared separately highlight the webinar "Grant Opportunities: Completing an Application and the SME Fund", confirming that UANIPIO acted not only as a source of legal information, but also as a guide to practical tools for mobilizing resources for the development of IP and innovation projects.

In 2025, the dialogue increasingly relied on analytical and digital tools. The development of the IP4R Index methodology, the methodology for assessing the economic contribution of IP-intensive industries, the creation of interactive regional profiles, and the preparation of information and analytical materials on industrial parks created a qualitatively new level of interaction with stakeholders. This means that discussions in the IP field increasingly relied on data, indicators, sectoral analysis and well-founded management conclusions. Unlike in 2024, when analytical and information tools were already being used to support regional administrations, universities, innovation funds and other users, in 2025 they became more visibly integrated into the broader ecosystem of dialogue between the state, regions, business and the innovation sector.

The growth of the Office's public communication capacity is also an indicator of the scale of this dialogue. In 2025, 681 news items were published on the UANIPIO website; the website was visited by

125,400 users, which is 1.7 times higher than in 2024, while the number of page views reached almost 745,000, representing a 2.3-fold increase. Visitors came from 149 countries around the world. These data are important not only for characterizing information activities. It shows that, in 2025, dialogue increasingly took place through continuously accessible digital channels and therefore became broader geographically, more inclusive and more user-oriented.

The combination of dialogue with recognition of the contributions made by different participants in the IP field deserves special attention. One illustrative example was Inventors' and Innovators' Day 2025, during which the most active inventors, innovators and institutions were recognized based on the results of the previous year. Such formats have more than reputational or symbolic value. They create an environment of professional visibility in which inventors, researchers, development teams and organizations become not merely statistical indicators, but visible participants in the national innovation ecosystem. In this sense, UANIPIO's dialogue in 2025 also acquired a dimension of institutional recognition and community integration.

Overall, 2025 demonstrated that UANIPIO works with virtually all key stakeholders in the field of intellectual property: the professional community of patent attorneys and lawyers; academics, universities, researchers and inventors; innovators, start-ups, investors and small businesses; authors and the creative industries; regional structures, chambers of commerce and industry, and business associations; central executive authorities, parliamentary structures and international partners. This breadth of coverage, combined with a variety of formats – from forums, open dialogues, conferences and webinars to acceleration programs, methodological support, analytical products and digital communications – provides grounds for characterizing UANIPIO in 2025 as a high-quality, large-scale and substantive platform for dialogue in the field of intellectual property. Whereas in 2024 the focus was primarily on establishing and expanding individual formats of interaction, in 2025 these elements came together into a more mature, systematic and practically effective model of communication that meets the objectives of modern IP policy and Ukraine's European integration.

15. FOSTERING A CULTURE OF RESPECT FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY. IMPROVING PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE

15.1. Partnership with the WIPO Academy: Developing Competencies and Strengthening Human Resources in Ukraine

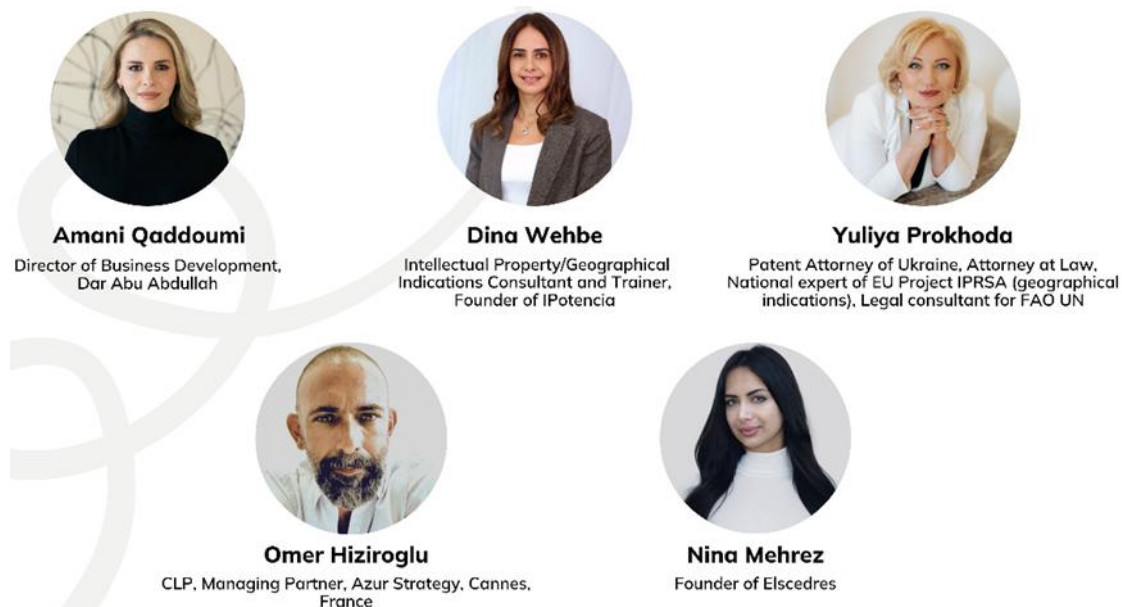
In 2025, the National Intellectual Property Training Center (IP Academy of Ukraine) has implemented a series of initiatives aimed at promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities, as well as at training, retraining, and enhancing the professional competence of specialists in the intellectual property field. A significant component of these activities was the cooperation with the WIPO Academy, within the framework of which joint educational projects and events were implemented, aimed at strengthening human capacity and enhancing practical competencies in the field of intellectual property in Ukraine.



The offline event "IP Dialogue with Folk Craft Artisans"

One of the key joint projects of the IP Academy and the WIPO Academy was the project *for folk arts and crafts artisans*, "Project for Folk Craft Entrepreneurs (Build Back Fund)", which was implemented in

2024–2025. Folk crafts are bearers of unique knowledge, techniques, and cultural memory, and their preservation and development require not only support for the folk craft artisans but also effective mechanisms for the legal protection of the results of their creative work. Therefore, the project was aimed at developing practical skills that help folk craft artisans protect their own creations, responsibly advance their activities, and enhance the recognition of traditional products.



Experts involved in the training course within the framework of the project
"Project for Folk Craft Entrepreneurs (Build Back Fund)"

In 2024, a training course for folk craft artisans was held with 40 participants. In 2025, the project was further developed through a mentoring program focused on helping the artisans develop individual intellectual property strategies. As part of the program, which ran for two months, 24 online sessions (four individual sessions for each participant) were held for six craftswomen. This approach enabled the shift from basic knowledge to practical solutions. Participants were provided with the tools to secure their intellectual property rights, select the best protection methods, and plan the future development of their products and brands. This enhances the competitiveness of folk craft artisans while also helping to preserve and celebrate Ukrainian cultural identity.

The final stage of the project was the *offline event "IP Dialogue with Folk Craft Artisans"*, which took place on May 21, 2025. It brought together more than 80 participants and served as a platform for professional collaboration focused on preserving traditions. The event was organized with the support of the WIPO Academy, in collaboration with the Ministry of Culture of Ukraine, the Ukrainian Cultural Foundation, and the State Agency of Ukraine for Arts and Art Education. It combined an exhibition of artisans' works with a professional discussion involving representatives of the museum sector, folk craft artisans, the creative industries, and intellectual property experts. A special highlight of the program was the presentation of the outcomes of a specialized training course and mentoring program, which demonstrated the approaches participants use to secure intellectual property rights, develop personalized IP strategies, and enhance the competitiveness of their products.

During the panel discussions, participants identified common priorities for the government, cultural institutions, and the business community in preserving traditions, summarized the project's achievements,

and outlined areas for future collaboration to support folk craft artisans and relevant institutions. The discussion focused on practical solutions that help preserve and promote folk crafts, prevent misappropriation, and strengthen the economic sustainability of local initiatives.



The offline event "IP Dialogue with Folk Craft Artisans"

To further support folk craft artisans, a set of practical resources was developed and made available, including the guide "Intellectual Property for Folk Crafts", the digest "Folk Crafts: A Journey Through the Traditions of the World", and the checklist "Nine Key Steps to Business Growth and Scaling". These publications combine legal and practical solutions and enable project participants to apply these proven approaches in their daily work: systematically formalizing and protecting the results of their creative efforts, planning for growth and expansion into broader markets, while preserving the authenticity of traditional Ukrainian crafts.

The second joint project between the IP Academy of Ukraine and the WIPO Academy is the initiative "*Women Innovation and Startup Empowerment*", which is being implemented with the support of the Korean Intellectual Property Office. The project is of utmost importance to Ukraine, as it enhances women's participation in the development of the innovation economy and creates the practical conditions for transforming ideas and technological solutions into competitive products with adequate legal protection.

The goal of the project is to provide participants with up-to-date knowledge and practical skills for the effective protection and commercialization of intellectual property, the development of startups, and the promotion of technological innovations in the goods and services market. The first phase features an intensive training program consisting of eight one-month sessions, which was attended by more than 680 women from various regions of Ukraine, thereby demonstrating the high public demand for specialized knowledge in this field. The program involved six speakers from UANIPIO and seven experts invited by the WIPO Academy, ensuring a high standard of content and teaching methods.



Experts participating in the training course within the framework of the project
"Women Innovation and Startup Empowerment"

The second phase comprises a mentoring program, through which four participants received personalized support packages designed to increase project visibility, strengthen competitive advantages, and prepare for market entry. The package includes the preparation of an investor presentation (pitch deck), the creation of a landing page, the development of visual content for social media, a one-page informational brochure, and a promotional video. The completion of the mentoring phase is scheduled for 2026.

The third joint project between the IP Academy of Ukraine and the WIPO Academy, launched in 2024, was the adaptation of distance learning (DL) courses for the eLearning Center platform. This initiative is of systemic importance for Ukraine, as it creates a solid foundation for raising awareness of intellectual property among both the wide audience and professional communities that require practical skills to work with intellectual property, innovations, and creative products.

As part of the project, two key courses have been adapted: *DL 001 "Primer on Intellectual Property"* and *DL 101 "General Course on Intellectual Property"*. Thus, for the first time, the WIPO Academy platform will feature full-fledged online courses in Ukrainian, which significantly expands the Ukrainian audience's

access to structured and standardized knowledge in the field of intellectual property and supports the development of digital learning in line with WIPO's approaches.

To assess the quality and practical relevance of the courses, the first pilot delivery of the DL 101 course was held. The test group of 15 participants demonstrated a high level of mastery of the material, and the diverse participant group (lawyers, educators, researchers, entrepreneurs, and representatives of the creative industries) confirmed the courses' universality and their practical value for various sectors.

Going forward, there are plans to offer these courses on a regular basis, with two training cycles per year, which will provide a predictable and sustainable framework for developing foundational and professional competencies in the field of intellectual property for all interested individuals in Ukraine. At the same time, the DL 201 course, "Copyright and Related Rights", was translated and adapted, with a pilot launch scheduled for 2026.

The cooperation between IP Academy of Ukraine and the WIPO Academy in 2025 has proven to be highly effective and of strategic importance for Ukraine. The projects implemented covered both the cultural dimension (preservation and promotion of traditional folk crafts) and the innovative and economic dimensions (support for women in startups), and also ensured the creation of sustainable tools for systematic learning through the adaptation of basic online courses into Ukrainian. This multi-level partnership model has improved access for Ukrainian audiences to standardized knowledge and practical skills in the field of intellectual property, strengthened cross-sectoral collaboration, and laid the foundation for scaling up educational programs and expanding their impact in 2026.

15.2. Development of Professional Competencies and Practical Skills in the Intellectual Property Field

The challenges faced today by government institutions, the business community, the creative industries, and the legal profession require not only a general understanding of intellectual property but also practical competencies, namely the ability to select the appropriate legal protection regime, properly register rights, prevent infringements, and respond to them effectively. In this context, the IP Academy of Ukraine is systematically building a professional development ecosystem by combining training programs, specialized events, and practical resources that help various target groups apply their knowledge in their daily work and strengthen Ukraine's institutional capacity in the field of intellectual property.

At the request of government authorities, in partnership with the Research Service of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, an online training course titled "A Brand is a Key Intangible Asset in the Modern Political Context" (March 18–20, 2025) was held, which consisted of three sessions and brought together over 60 participants (civil servants of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, staff of constituency offices, members of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, and their assistants and advisors). The course focused on developing practical skills in the legal protection of trademarks in political communication, with an emphasis on registration procedures in Ukraine and the EU, commercialization, and enforcement mechanisms in case of infringement.

A separate initiative aimed at strengthening institutional capabilities was a specialized seminar for representatives of the State Customs Service of Ukraine (October 29, 2025), during which participants discussed the topic "Registration of Intellectual Property Rights in Ukraine: Functions and Services of UANIPIO. Verification, Scope of Protection, and Identification of Rights at the Customs Border". The discussion focused on practical procedures for verifying rights, tools for identifying objects, and cooperation in cases of counterfeit risks, which is of direct importance to economic security and international cooperation.

In response to entrepreneurs' need for practical knowledge, an online course "Intellectual Property and Business" was created and published for the first time in Ukraine on the national Diia.Business portal

(in cooperation with the Entrepreneurship and Export Promotion Office and the Diia.Business project). The course assists entrepreneurs in transforming designs, technologies, and other outcomes of creative and intellectual activity into assets, mitigating legal risks, increasing company value, and generating competitive advantages. Representatives of the IP Office of Ukraine were involved in the project, including senior management and relevant deputy directors, who directly participated in the filming process and ensured the professional quality of the produced content. The course consists of 11 episodes, includes test questions for each episode, and a final assessment, ensuring systematic comprehension of the material and effective monitoring of learning outcomes. From December 26, 2025, the course has been opened to the wide audience on the Diia.Business platform in the Education section.

The creative community's strong demand for clear and practical guidance served as the basis for the development of the *"IP Tips" series of checklists*, designed for quick application in professional practice.

A checklist titled *"Copyright in Literature: Writers' Rights"* has been prepared, which contains relevant questions and answers regarding the practical application of copyright and related rights in literary activities.

Three checklists on copyright in the field of photographic art have also been developed, each of which contains relevant questions and answers regarding typical situations involving the use of visual content. Two parts of *"Photographic Art: Boundaries of Permission and Limitations. Photographers' Rights"* cover, in particular, issues related to the originality of photographs, copyright, the use of ordered photographs, and procedures for the commercial use of images. A separate checklist titled *"Photographic Art: Boundaries of Permissibility and Limitations. Models' Rights"* helps those involved in the photographic process properly document consent and define the boundaries of what is permissible regarding the use of a person's image.

The project *"Case Law of the Court of Justice of the European Union"* was continued in 2025 for intellectual property professionals, patent attorneys, lawyers, and judges. Within the framework of the initiative, an unofficial translation was completed and *"A Catalogue of Selected Key Judgments of the CJEU: Part 2. The Deceptive Nature of Trademarks"* was prepared. The catalog facilitates access to practical examples for the legal community, thereby helping to bring national law enforcement practices in line with European standards.

To develop specialized competencies among mediators in the field of intellectual property, a curriculum has been developed for *the training course "Mediation of Intellectual Property Disputes"* (in cooperation with the Mediation and Arbitration Center). Within the framework of the program, two lectures were held: *"Introduction to Intellectual Property. The Intellectual Property Roadmap"* (October 13, 2025) and *"Protecting Individuality: Other Means of Distinction in Intellectual Property"* (October 20, 2025), which laid the foundation for the further development of practical skills in handling disputes in this area.

The preparation and delivery of the *series of online interviews "Law, Medicine, and Ethics: Points of Intersection"* (in cooperation with the Intellectual Property Law Development Center) was also coordinated. Four interviews were held, attracting over 100 participants and focusing on the following topics: *"Human Genome Editing: Legal and Ethical Perspectives"*, *"Access to Medicines and Globalization Issues"*, *"Intellectual Property in the Pharmaceutical Sector in the EU"*, and *"Mediation in Medicine: How to Negotiate When Emotions Are Running High"*. The project has strengthened interdisciplinary dialogue between legal and medical professionals and has helped foster a modern culture of discussion regarding complex legal and ethical issues.

The Center for Intellectual Property Law Development carried out research, analytical, and expert activities aimed at developing professional competencies in the field of intellectual property and supporting the formulation and implementation of public policy in this area.

Within the scope of these activities, the Center:

Organized the All-Ukrainian Scientific and Practical Conference «Reforming Intellectual Property Law in the Context of the Recodification of Civil Legislation of Ukraine» (October 2, 2025), held jointly with the Institute of Lawmaking and Scientific-Legal Expertise of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine

Conducted the round table «Inheritance and Other Grounds for the Transfer of Rights to Intellectual Property Objects in Notarial Practice» (October 9, 2025), held in cooperation with the Notary Chamber of Ukraine, following which a memorandum of cooperation was concluded

Delivered the open lecture «Intellectual Property as a Component of State Sovereignty» at the West Ukrainian National University (November 7, 2025)

Participated in the round table «Support and Development of the National Pharmaceutical Sector in Conditions of War and Post-War Recovery: Legal Aspect» (November 26, 2025)

The Center also provided expert and analytical support for legislative changes in the field of intellectual property, including:

Supported the preparation and adoption of the Law of Ukraine «On Amendments to Certain Laws of Ukraine Regarding the Implementation of the Bolar Provision», which entered into force on June 5, 2025

Prepared an analytical report on the compliance of Ukrainian patent legislation with the EU acquis

Conducted a review of the European Commission's legal position on compulsory licensing of medicinal products

Developed a comparative table assessing the alignment of the EU acquis with the draft Law of Ukraine on Inventions submitted to the European Commission for review

Within the framework of scientific activity, the article "New inventive step requirements to pharmaceutical inventions in Ukraine: will it help protect the balance between public and private interests" was published in the professional journal "Theory and Practice of Intellectual Property" (No. 4, 2025).

In addition, expert participation of a representative of the Center was ensured as a member of the Commission of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine on the termination of marketing authorizations for medicinal products.

Thus, in 2025, a comprehensive approach to the development of professional competencies in the field of intellectual property was ensured, ranging from training for the public sector and strengthening customs capacity to practical education for the business sector, creative industries, and the legal community. The combination of training programs, digital educational products, and practical materials produces a sustainable effect: it improves the quality of law enforcement, reduces the risk of violations, supports innovative development, and fosters a culture of responsible intellectual property use. The results achieved in 2025 lay the foundation for further scaling up educational solutions and deepening cross-sectoral cooperation in 2026.

15.3. Educational Initiatives for Educational Institutions: Developing Intellectual Property Competencies

Integrating intellectual property knowledge into the educational environment is of strategic importance for Ukraine, as it is educational institutions that foster a culture of ethical creation and use of

the results of intellectual and creative activity. The partnership between the IP Academy of Ukraine and educational institutions makes it possible to systematically enhance the professional competencies of teaching and academic staff, expand the practical skills of learners, and ensure the continuous updating of educational programs in line with the evolving challenges of the digital economy, science, and the creative industries.

Throughout 2025, a series of practice-oriented initiatives were implemented for pre-higher and higher education institutions, research institutions, and representatives of vocational education, aimed at enhancing competencies regarding the lawful use of intellectual property, management of intellectual property rights, and the commercialization of research and creative development outcomes.

At the request of the Kyiv City Medical College, a vocational pre-higher education institution, a training session for faculty members titled *"Academic Integrity in Teaching: Principles, Challenges, and Practical Solutions"* was held (June 12, 2025). 22 teachers participated in the event. The training was aimed at strengthening skills in the legitimate use of educational content, preventing copyright infringements in the educational process, and implementing ethical standards as a practical tool for ensuring educational quality.

A specialized session of the *All-Ukrainian Educational Stream "IP&Music. Feel the Beat of Intellectual Property"* (May 24, 2025), held as part of Ukrainian Intellectual Property Week 2025, served as a public communication platform for the academic community. The event focused on the legal protection and commercialization of intellectual property in the music industry and demonstrated a high level of engagement, with faculty members and students from across Ukraine actively discussing practical case studies and raising applied questions.

In response to the growing demand for expertise at the intersection of technology and law, the *"AI, Code & IP" Summer School* has been organized (June 30, 2025–July 4, 2025). The program lasted one week and consisted of five online sessions (each lasting over three hours), with more than 150 participants from across Ukraine taking part. The event provided attendees with practical guidance on protecting intellectual property in the digital environment and an understanding of legal risks in the information technology (IT) sector.

To expand students' access to practical knowledge, as part of the project *"IP Connecting Students 2.0"*, 21 lectures were held with the participation of representatives from relevant departments of the IP Office (September–November 2025). More than 400 students from 15 higher education institutions in Ukraine took part in the events. This form has made it possible to strengthen the "practical component" of intellectual property studies, taking into account the industry-specific nature of the students' training.

In response to a consistent institutional demand from the education and research sectors, a training course (a series of video lectures) was developed and presented: *"Intellectual Property Rights to Works Created under Employment Contracts at Higher Education Institutions and Research Organizations"* (October 06, 2025–December 10, 2025). The course covered key issues related to the legal regime of employment-related intellectual property objects, the allocation of rights, methods of protection, commercialization, and mechanisms for managing rights. The program included 8 recorded video lectures, practical assignments, additional materials, a final test, and online Q&A sessions. A total of 29 representatives from educational and research institutions completed the professional development course. In light of positive feedback and subsequent requests, expansion of enrolment is planned for 2026.

The discussion on the topic of employment-related intellectual property objects continued in the form of an open discussion: at the initiative of the State Scientific Institution "Ukrainian Institute of Scientific and Technical Expertise and Information", a webinar titled *"Current Issues in the Creation and Use of Employment-Related Intellectual Property Objects in Education and Science"* was held on October 28, 2025, during which participants exchanged best practices and asked questions regarding the application of regulations in real-world situations.

An important part of preparing the academic and professional communities for the changes brought about by European integration was the *webinar series "IP Insight: The European Reform Agenda"* (October–November 2025), dedicated to the implementation of specific EU legal acts in the areas of copyright and related rights, trademarks, geographical indications, as well as inventions, utility models, and industrial designs.

In total, more than 400 participants joined three webinars, confirming the high demand for a comprehensive explanation of the changes and their practical implications.

To consolidate the acquired knowledge and ensure long-term support for target groups, publications intended for students, lecturers, and researchers were prepared and published, including the *guide "11 Steps from Creation to Commercialization of Employment-Related Intellectual Property Objects"*, as well as two issues of the informational and analytical series "Lifelong Learning: Opportunities for Continuous Education in the Field of Intellectual Property": "*The Profession Formula: Intellectual Property through the Eyes of Teachers and Learners*" and "*Expert Advice for Students and Future Professionals*". Together, these materials strengthen the link between theory and practice, provide guidelines for professional development, and lower the barriers to accessing structured knowledge.

Fostering a culture of respect for intellectual property among young people requires systematic approaches and long-term solutions. It is precisely for this purpose that the project "*The Key to Innovative Education: Implementing IP Basics in School Curricula*" was launched, with its implementation scheduled to continue through 2030. The project aims to gradually integrate intellectual property knowledge into the educational process, foster a culture of legal awareness, and raise awareness among educational stakeholders.

The first step was an evidence-based assessment of the system's needs: a *large-scale survey of 9,555 educators from over 1,500 educational institutions in Ukraine was conducted*. The study's findings are summarized in the publication "*Information and Analytical Study on Teachers' Awareness of Intellectual Property Rights*". In particular, it was found that 82% of the surveyed teachers regularly face the need to explain to students the rights and obligations regarding the results of their creative work, while only 43% of respondents had already undergone specialized training. These findings confirmed the need to expand professional development opportunities and provide educators with practical teaching resources.

Based on the findings of the study, a draft document titled "*The Concept of Introducing Intellectual Property Knowledge in Institutions of Secondary and Extracurricular Education*" was developed, which outlines practical approaches to helping students develop the skills to use the results of creative work lawfully and to respect the rights of other authors. As a means of testing conceptual approaches, a pilot training course titled "*Professional Upgrade: Intellectual Property for Educators*" (4 sessions) was held for the first time in Ukraine for 148 teachers, representatives of the State Institution "School of Superheroes", who provide education to children undergoing inpatient treatment or rehabilitation.

To foster a professional community and promote ongoing dialogue, the *IP Academy Networking Club* was launched: the first meeting took place on December 11, 2025, and brought together more than 80 representatives from secondary schools. The discussion focused on current challenges and practical concerns raised by educators in the context of the project's implementation.

At the same time, educational programs for students and teachers have been expanded. In particular, lessons titled "*Intellectual Property and Music: Feel the Beat of Intellectual Property*" were conducted (April–May 2025) in general secondary education institutions (Lyceum No. 142 in Kyiv – April 29, 2025; Claris Verbis School in Kyiv – May 15, 2025), as well as a specialized session of the stream "*IP&Music. Feel the Beat of Intellectual Property*" (May 24, 2025) for students and teachers. To mark Inventor and Innovator Day, an educational stream "*A Voyage Through Inventions: From the Spark of "What If..." to the Metaverse*" (September 19, 2025) was held, as well as an offline lecture for students in grades 5–8 of the gymnasium "Unique School" (October 20, 2025), on the topic "*Ideas That Change Lives: An Introduction to Intellectual Property*". Together, these activities helped engage young people through easy-to-understand examples and forms that boost motivation to create and use content responsibly.



A workshop at the "School of Superheroes" educational center at the National Children's Specialized Hospital "Okhmatdyt"

To support teachers, students, and parents, a series of resources has been developed to expand opportunities for learning and self-education: *the guide "Think. Create. Respect IP: 11 Tips for Nurturing a Young Creator"*, as well as informational and reference publications in the series *"Lifelong Learning: Opportunities for Continuing Education in the Field of Intellectual Property"*, which provide practical support for the educational process and contribute to the development of a culture of legal awareness among children and youth, specifically:

Part 6 "Enhancing the Professional Competence of Secondary School Teachers", which includes a selection of national and international training courses and webinars on intellectual property, aimed at developing teachers' professional competencies, updating their knowledge, and introducing modern approaches into the educational process;

Part 7 "An Ecosystem of Creative Opportunities for the Development of Children and Youth in Ukraine", which presents a selection of state programs, civic initiatives, digital platforms, educational spaces, events, and competitions that help develop curiosity, engineering and critical thinking, entrepreneurship, and creativity in children;

Part 8 "A Selection of Projects and Programs for Developing Creativity and Engineering Skills in Children and Youth Implemented in Foreign Countries", which contains up-to-date information on the best programs, competitions, and initiatives from different countries around the world aimed at fostering creativity and engineering skills in children and young people;

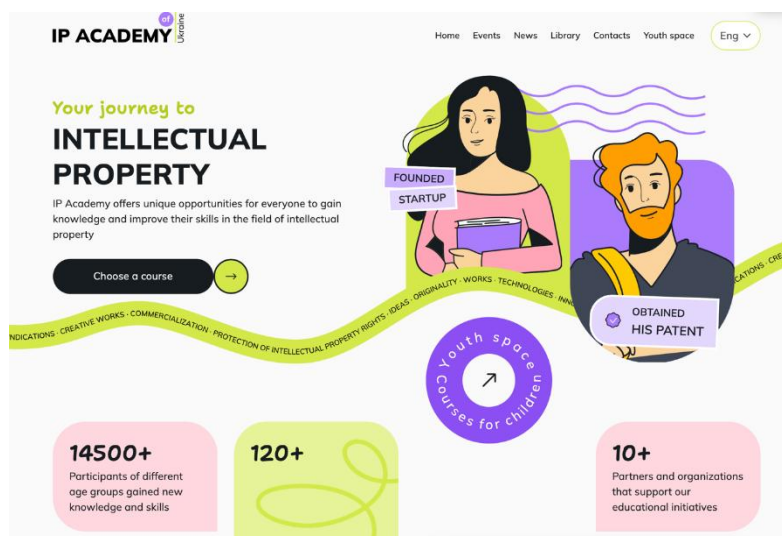
Part 9 "Intellectual Property for Children: A Collection of Materials for Extracurricular Learning", which includes a selection of animated films, books, comics, and educational materials for children that enable them to explore the world of intellectual property in an engaging and independent way.

In 2025, IP Academy's cooperation with educational institutions demonstrated a comprehensive approach: a combination of educational events, professional development programs, evidence-based analytics, and instructional resources. This model creates a stable environment for developing intellectual property competencies at all levels of education, reduces the risk of infringements, strengthens a culture of academic integrity, and helps foster a generation capable of responsibly creating, utilizing, and commercializing the results of intellectual and creative endeavors.

15.4. Popularizing Intellectual Property Awareness: Public Communications and Enlightenment

Systematic content for the wide audience is a key instrument for fostering legal culture and respect for the results of intellectual and creative work, especially in the context of the rapid development of the digital environment, the growing role of creative industries, and the increased risk of unlawful use of content. For this purpose, the IP Academy of Ukraine regularly updates its website and maintains an active presence on social media (Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn), using these platforms as gateways to knowledge: from simple explanations and practical advice to announcements of educational opportunities, self-study materials, and coverage of project outcomes and partnerships. This approach enables us to reach a wide audience, support professional communities, and build trust towards intellectual property as a practical tool for development.

A key milestone in the development of IP Academy's public outreach activities was the *online "IP Academy Open Day" event* (October 3, 2025), held to mark the anniversary of the Academy's founding. As part of the event, [the Academy's website](#) was presented, having been developed with the needs of different target audiences in mind. The platform compiles information about IP Academy's activities, educational programs, and training courses, and also contains informational, methodological, and analytical materials on intellectual property issues, which are available to a wide range of users. During the development of the resource, priority was given to content systematization, user-friendly navigation, and interactive modules that support independent learning pathways and facilitate access to practical information and solutions. More than 80 participants took part in the event, noting their positive experience working with the IP Academy and expressing their willingness to continue cooperation.



Throughout the year, representatives of the Academy actively participated in national and international educational and scientific events upon invitation, which made it possible to amplify the educational impact, disseminate current approaches to the protection and use of intellectual property, and build lasting partnerships with professional communities.

In particular, on January 17, 2025, they participated as speakers in the *webinar "New Year, New Me"*, presenting on the topic *"Tips for Young Lawyers on Deepening Their Knowledge of Trademarks"* (organized by the INTA Young Practitioners Committee). The event turned out to be a practical platform for sharing professional development tips and fostering a practical approach to working with trademarks.

On February 6, 2025, they served as members of the jury for the *24th All-Ukrainian Championship in Information Technologies "Ecosoft 2025"* and the *16th National Round of the International Competition*

"INFOMATRIX 2025" (organized by the National Ecological and Naturalistic Center for Student Youth of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine). Such participation is important to support young people who are developing technological solutions, while also emphasizing the need for legal protection of innovations in the early stages of project development.

On February 20, 2025, representatives of the IP Academy served as experts at an academic event tentatively titled "*Intellectual Property Issues in Military-Patriotic Projects on Cyber Platforms*" (Faculty of Law, European University). The discussion was focused on the legal protection of intellectual property in the digital environment and its significance for initiatives of public importance.

On March 14, 2025, representatives of the IP Academy participated as speakers in the *online seminar "Compliance with Authors' Rights in Library Practice"* (organized by the Maksymovych Scientific Library of Taras Shevchenko Kyiv National University). The event highlighted practical issues related to copyright compliance in library practices and the strengthening of a culture of legal compliance in the field of intellectual property.

On March 21, 2025, representatives of the IP Academy were engaged as experts in the evaluation of an integrated school lesson based on the standards of the New Ukrainian School, using cloud-based space organization technologies, within the project "CyberDzura: Intellectual Gaming Platform "The Overton Window" (organized by the International Geoinformatics Academy in cooperation with the State University of Trade and Economics). Such expertise supports the integration of intellectual property knowledge into modern educational forms and fosters the development of creativity and critical thinking among students.



The 12th All-Ukrainian Tournament in Natural Sciences "NATURE"
organized by the National Ecological and Naturalistic Center of Student Youth
of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine

On April 30, 2025, representatives of the IP Academy served as members of the jury for the *final round of the 12th All-Ukrainian Natural Sciences Tournament "Nature"* (organized by the National Ecological and Naturalistic Center for Student Youth of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine). This strengthens the support for gifted young people and promotes an essential idea: scientific achievements and inventions require not only recognition but also adequate legal protection.

A logical continuation of cooperation with youth and educational initiatives was participation on June 11, 2025 in the event marking the 100th anniversary of the National Ecological and Naturalistic Center for Student Youth of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine, as a form of support for young people and strengthening motivation for learning, creativity, and self-development.



The 24th All-Ukrainian Championship in Information Technologies "EcoSoft 2025" organized by the National Ecological and Naturalistic Center of Student Youth of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine

In the context of strategic discussions on the development of future education, representatives of the IP Academy participated as speakers in the panel discussion "A Constellation of Collaborative Efforts: Shaping the Education of Tomorrow" at the forum "Education of the Wonder World 2025" (October 5, 2025). The participation in the forum helped promote the idea that a culture of intellectual property should be fostered in the educational environment alongside the development of creativity and entrepreneurship.

The practical value of intellectual property for business and the market was further emphasized during the Business Consulting Academy webinar (October 07, 2025), titled "Intellectual Property in a New Reality: Why It is the Key Asset in 2025", where the strategic role of intellectual property in competitiveness, as well as applied approaches to its commercialization and protection, were discussed.

A special focus on creative industries was implemented through the workshop for painters "Creativity and Law" at the IV National Forum on Intellectual Property and Innovation "IP LET FORUM 2025" (November 27, 2025). The workshop provided artists with basic benchmarks for copyright protection, practical recommendations for rights management, and a step-by-step guide for dealing with infringements.

To ensure the lasting impact of its educational efforts and make knowledge accessible in convenient forms, IP Academy is systematically developing video content that includes both presentations and educational materials.

A promotional video for IP Academy has been developed to introduce the audience to the key areas of its work and to help increase brand awareness, strengthen communications with partners, and engage participants in educational initiatives.

A video for the International Day of Women and Girls in Science with young female researchers on creativity, science, and innovation was created as a tool to promote the role of girls in STEM, showcase examples of successful young researchers, and encourage the development of intellectual potential.

In addition, a series of thematic animated videos was developed to raise awareness of intellectual property issues for different target audiences: "IP for Creative Industries", "IP for Business Representatives", "IP for Students", and "What is IP".

To preserve and disseminate the results of IP Academy projects, a video from the offline event "IP Dialogue with Folk Craft Artisans" was prepared within the framework of the project "Project for Folk Craft Entrepreneurs (Build Back Fund)". This material enables readers to learn about the discussions, participants' experiences, and practical approaches to the protection and development of intellectual property in the field of folk crafts.

A separate block of video materials was prepared for publication on the UANIPIO YouTube channel. In particular, video recordings of the series of online interviews "Law, Medicine, and Ethics: Points of Intersection" were published on the following topics:

- 1 } «Human Genome Editing: Legal and Ethical Perspectives»
- 2 } «Access to Medicines and Globalization Issues»
- 3 } «Intellectual Property in the Pharmaceutical Sector in the EU»
- 4 } «Mediation in Medicine: How to Negotiate When Emotions Are Running High»

To expand basic legal awareness, the video project "IP Train: Lectures on Intellectual Property by the IP Academy of Ukraine" was launched, targeting a broad audience, including students, lawyers, entrepreneurs, and all interested parties. Within the framework of the project, 25 video lectures were published, including recordings from the training course "Intellectual Property and Emerging Technologies" and the summer school "AI, Code & IP". This form ensures the consistency and scalability of the educational impact, as the materials can be used both for self-study and as a supplementary resource in the learning process.

In addition to video content, IP Academy develops a series of written and visual materials that strengthen regular communication with its audience and make it possible to explain complex intellectual property concepts in a clear and accessible way through practical examples.

A series of informational and reference publications "IP Generation" was prepared, highlighting stories of children and young people who bring their own creative ideas, projects, and inventions to life. The series serves as a source of motivation, demonstrating that intellectual property is an important intangible asset and that even young authors and inventors can be its creators. The series includes four publications: "Literary Chronicles of War: Stories Captured in Works", "NFTs and the New Generation of Creators", "Young Inventors", and "Youth Ambassadors for Intellectual Property".

The guide "[Intellectual Property and Music: Feel the Beat of Intellectual Property](#)" was published, presenting in an accessible form the types of intellectual property objects created and used in the music industry and explaining why legal protection is an essential part of a creator's professional culture.

To regularly explain basic concepts in 2025, the project "IP Monday: Simplifying Complexity" was launched in the form of a series of informational cards (18 editions), including the following: "Intellectual Property", "Idea", "Work", "Author", "Co-author", "Invention", "Industrial Design", "Geographical Indication", "Trade Secret", "Utility Model", "Patent Troll", "Counterfeit", "Camcording", "Work Made for Hire", "Royalties", "Public Domain", "Meaning of the Symbols ©, ®, ™, ℠, ®", "License", and "Creative Commons License". The series builds an intellectual property "vocabulary" for a broad audience and lowers the barrier to engaging with the subject.

A separate communication stream has been the series of informational cards, which ensure a continuous presence of intellectual property topics in the public space and enable engagement with different target audiences in clear and relatable contexts. The content covers several thematic areas, including cards dedicated to calendar and thematic events, materials promoting traditional crafts and intangible cultural heritage, as well as series aimed at explaining basic intellectual property concepts in an accessible way. Interactive forms play a key role in boosting audience engagement, for instance, quizzes,

cards featuring quotes from children and young people, as well as informational and explanatory materials that shed light on educational processes, highlight feedback from event participants, and provide expert evaluations. This approach makes it possible to combine educational, cultural, and communication elements and foster a lasting interest in intellectual property.

To support the audience's educational and career guidance, we have launched a series of interviews titled "*Your Step Toward Knowledge: Educational Programs on Intellectual Property*" (10 interviews with program coordinators and department chairs) and a series of interviews titled "*Tips for a Successful Start and Career Development in the Field of Intellectual Property*" (6 interviews, including with IP office management).

A separate direction of external communication was the publication of an article on the website of the magazine "*Ukrainka (Ukrainian Woman)*" (May 21, 2025), titled "*Traditions Under Protection: How IP Helps Preserve Ukrainian Heritage*", which highlights the role of crafts as a means of cultural self-expression and the importance of intellectual property as a tool for preserving, developing, and gaining international recognition for Ukrainian traditions.

By using the [website](#) in conjunction with active management of its Facebook, Instagram, and LinkedIn pages, IP Academy of Ukraine is able to build a comprehensive educational ecosystem ranging from regular short explanations and interactive forms to in-depth materials, video lectures, and event announcements. This model ensures a consistent focus on intellectual property issues, fosters dialogue with various target groups, and enhances the practical value of communications: the audience not only receives information but also gains the tools to use content lawfully, protect their own work, and interact responsibly with the creative output of others.

Thus, by promoting knowledge through content, public events, partner presentations, and scalable educational materials in 2025, the IP Academy of Ukraine made a significant contribution to the development of a legal culture in Ukraine. By combining accessible forms with high-quality content, the IP Academy of Ukraine was able to engage both a broad audience and professional communities, raising awareness and reinforcing the understanding of intellectual property as a practical resource for creative, educational, scientific, and business development.

The 2025 results confirm the sustained demand for practical knowledge of intellectual property across all key sectors, ranging from the public sector and business to education, science, the creative industries, and the innovation ecosystem. Quantitative indicators of engagement clearly demonstrate the scale of participation: more than 680 participants in the program for women in innovation and startups, over 400 participants in webinars on European integration topics, more than 150 participants in the "AI, Code & IP" Summer School, over 400 students involved in the "IP Connecting Students 2.0" project, as well as a large-scale survey of 9,555 teachers serving as an evidence base for integrating intellectual property education into secondary education. Overall, the data shows that demand is driven not only by professional communities but also by a broad audience that needs accessible forms and clear step-by-step instructions.

The implemented initiatives have produced a measurable impact across three dimensions: (1) strengthening competencies and the quality of practices through training courses, workshops, checklists, and other practical tools; (2) enhancing institutional capacity through cooperation with public authorities and the education sector; and (3) expanding access to knowledge through digital products, including the Diia.Business online course and the adaptation of WIPO DL courses into Ukrainian, as well as systematic communication via the website and social media channels. Importantly, alongside educational outreach, the component of practical implementation has been strengthened, from developing individual intellectual property strategies for artisans to supporting startups through mentorship packages.

In 2026, the demand for short-term educational projects and standardized training programs focused on digital technologies, commercialization, and European integration changes is expected to grow. The priorities should include scaling distance learning courses into regular forms (two enrollments per year), launching a pilot of DL 201 "Copyright and Related Rights", expanding enrollments for the video course on employment-related intellectual property objects, as well as developing long-term educational projects for secondary schools through 2030 based on the collected analytical data. This development logic will ensure a systemic effect, including higher legal awareness, reduced risks of infringement, and the transformation of intellectual property into an accessible tool for development in creativity, science, and business.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSTITUTIONAL RESILIENCE

Risks and Risk Management System

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to develop the risk management system as a component of overall corporate governance, operational continuity and service quality assurance. Risk management was carried out on a systematic basis with the involvement of the relevant structural units within their competence. The approach was based on regular risk assessment, prioritization of the most critical threats, implementation of preventive measures and involvement of personnel in the risk-oriented model of work. In the context of full-scale armed aggression, special attention was focused on environmental risks that directly affect the ability of UANIPIO to perform the functions of the National Intellectual Property Authority.

During the year, UANIPIO maintained operational continuity, manageability of processes and an appropriate level of service quality. The Office ensured the stable functioning of key processes, digital availability of services and an appropriate level of internal coordination.

■ Operational Risks

In 2025, the main operational risks remained the risks of disrupting the continuity of processes, overloading certain functional areas, reducing the speed or quality of services, as well as the risks associated with working under martial law. In practice, these risks were contained due to the combination of digitalization of services, management by goals and results, the functioning of the quality management system and constant internal control. The high share of electronic submission of applications has become one of the key factors that has reduced the dependence of the main procedures on physical presence, local interruptions and other external constraints.

At the same time, among the key challenges of the year were work under martial law, the need to maintain a stable quality of services under a significant load and the need to further improve the performance of individual units. This means that the operational risk in 2025 was not eliminated, but was within the controlled limits. Its impact was manifested primarily in increased requirements for redundancy of processes, standardization of procedures, efficiency of management decisions and targeted support of individual units with lower performance indicators.

■ Personnel Risks

Personnel risks in 2025 were assessed through the prism of preserving examination capacity, maintaining critical competencies and ensuring the professional development of personnel in conditions of war.

A significant factor in mitigating personnel risks in 2025 was systematic work on advanced training. 100% of the examination staff took part in at least one external specialized course, training or seminar during the year. Examiners participated in distance learning events of the WIPO Academy, events of the Academy of the European Patent Office, as well as in other professional programs. In addition, there were internal

training formats, mentoring for newly hired examiners. This reduced the risks of loss of quality, fragmentation of examination practice and dependence on individual employees.

■ War Risks

War risks remained the basic factor of the external environment that determined the architecture of the risk management system in 2025. A critically high share of environmental risks led to their prioritization, and the unpredictable and difficult to predict nature of such risks, including missile attacks, destruction of infrastructure and loss of communications, required preventive measures. That is why the institutional stability of UANIPIO in 2025 was based not only on management procedures, but also on the ability to work in a mode of constant external turbulence.

In fact, war risk was the cause of other – operational, IT, personnel and reputational risks. Its impact was manifested in increased requirements for digital continuity, redundancy of functions, speed of internal coordination, protection of personnel and stability of the information infrastructure. The fact that the institution was able to maintain high performance of the strategic plan, the functioning of the quality system and the stable provision of services indicates a sufficient level of organizational adaptation to the high threat environment.

■ Reputational Risks

For UANIPIO, reputational risk is directly related to the quality of decisions, stability of services, compliance with deadlines, reliability of digital infrastructure, integrity of processes and trust of the professional community, applicants and international partners. In 2025, this risk was contained primarily by maintaining high management and quality standards. One of the main factors of reputation sustainability was the positive opinion of the International Bureau of WIPO on the report on the quality management system in accordance with Chapter 21 of the PCT Manual.

■ IT, Cybersecurity & Cyber Hygiene

IT and cybersecurity in 2025 were one of the central building blocks of the institutional resilience framework. UANIPIO manages state information resources, databases and registers in the IP field, so the protection of information infrastructure had a direct impact on the stability of services, data integrity and user trust. In the context of full-scale armed aggression and the intensification of hybrid threats in cyberspace, the protection of information resources has become a critical factor in the institutional sustainability of the Office.



In 2025, the transformation of the cybersecurity system was launched. Among the recorded areas is integration with the national cybersecurity ecosystem and the introduction of automated exchange of threat indicators with CERT-UA. Internal lectures on cybersecurity and cyber hygiene organized by the Security Department, as well as the integration of cyber issues into the system of professional development of employees, have become an additional element of strengthening cyber resilience.

In 2025, realizing the strategic value of the unique arrays of intellectual property data and state registers operated by UANIPIO, a radical transformation of the cybersecurity system was launched. The Office has made the transition from reactive incident support to a proactive model of cybersecurity, which allows to detect and neutralize threats at the stage of their occurrence.

Strategic achievements and innovations:

integration with the national cybersecurity ecosystem – the project of automated exchange of threat indicators with the CERT-UA database was implemented. This allowed real-time blocking of compromised IP addresses and domains using a national DNS service with a filtering function;

implementation of modern standards – the transformation of the protection system in accordance with the European directive NIS2 and NIST/ISO standards implemented by national standards and regulations has begun. This is one of the elements of increasing the investment attractiveness of Ukraine, since it guarantees international companies the protection of their intellectual property rights at the world level;

application of the Zero Trust architecture – the principles of “zero trust” and multifactor authentication have been introduced, which minimizes the risks of internal threats and unauthorized access;

increasing responsibility – the principle of personal responsibility is being introduced, which should radically change the management culture.

Performance in figures, number of issues blocked by means of protection in 2025:

more than 3,500 virus attacks and 400 attempts to infect end devices;

112 million advertising requests and 63 million requests that violate corporate policy (according to the network traffic monitoring system).

Cybersecurity is a shared responsibility, it is impossible to build a reliable cyber protection without proper knowledge and skills of the staff. While implementing this policy, UANIPIO conducted the following actions in 2025:

12 thematic cyber hygiene exercises for all staff;

70 briefings for new employees;

45 warnings of target groups and all personnel about cyberattacks/cyber threats, which allowed them to be detected and localized in a timely manner.

Due to the systematic work in 2025, in extremely difficult wartime conditions UANIPIO not only ensured the continuity of work of state registers 24/7, but also created a reliable foundation for their development in the future.

Therefore, in 2025, UANIPIO demonstrated the ability to maintain functional resilience in a complex external environment and combine risk-based management with the implementation of strategic goals. The strengths of the system were: a systematic approach to risk assessment, prioritization of external threats, a high share of electronic services, the presence of an existing quality management system, developed internal control mechanisms, increased cyber protection and a high level of personnel expertise.

17. TRANSPARENCY OF UANIPIO'S ACTIVITIES AND CORPORATE CULTURE

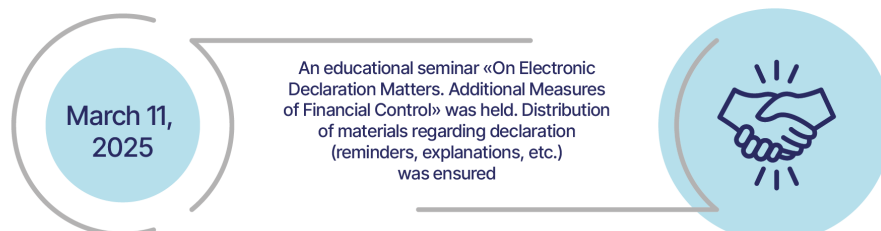
17.1. Compliance with Anti-Corruption Legislation

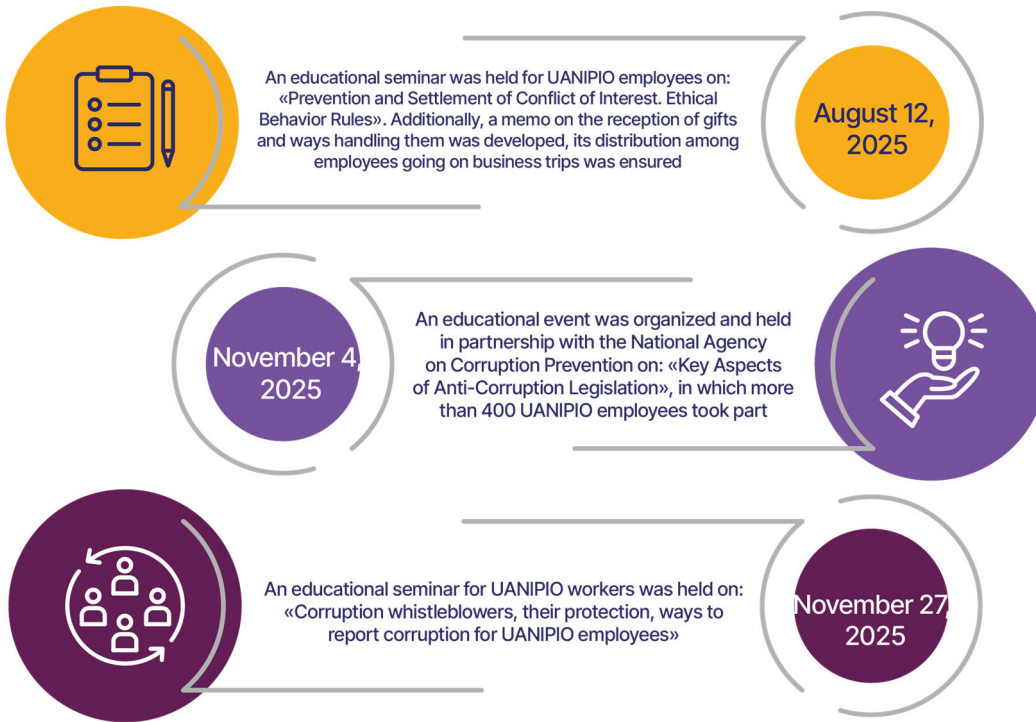
Declaring the principle of zero tolerance for corruption, UANIPIO in 2025 ensured the organization of effective work to prevent corruption in accordance with the anti-corruption legislation and local policies to prevent corruption and corruption-related offenses through the implementation of a number of measures.

These measures include, in particular:

- conducting due diligence reviews of business partners (counterparties);
- conducting background checks of job applicants and analysis of integrity questionnaires of candidates for positions in UANIPIO;
- analysis of draft acts, agreements and other documents on the activities of UANIPIO;
- verification of the facts of submission/timeliness of submission of declarations by the subjects of UANIPIO declaration and informing the National Agency for Prevention of Corruption about cases of violations;
- taking measures to identify conflicts of interest among UANIPIO employees;
- development and implementation of the Corruption Prevention and Counteraction Policy of the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations", the purpose of which is to ensure the functioning of an effective system for preventing and combating corruption, compliance of UANIPIO activities with the requirements of anti-corruption legislation, and establishes a set of measures (rules, standards and procedures) to prevent, detect and combat corruption in the activities of UANIPIO;
- development and implementation of the Procedure for the transfer of gifts received as gifts to the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations";
- updating the UANIPIO Anti-Corruption Program for 2025-2027;
- together with the HR department, the development and implementation of a new version of the Code of Corporate Ethics.

In terms of the implementation of educational measures to prevent corruption and corruption-related offenses in UANIPIO by the sector of corruption prevention:





In terms of providing methodological and consulting assistance to UANIPIO employees on compliance with anti-corruption legislation of Ukraine, the sector of corruption prevention provided methodological and consulting assistance to UANIPIO employees on compliance with anti-corruption legislation of Ukraine.

In terms of monitoring the procurement procedures, the corruption prevention sector conducted 207 inspections of business partners (counterparties), as well as monitored 228 procurement procedures.

In September 2025, UANIPIO successfully passed the first supervisory audit of compliance with the international standard ISO 37001:2016 "Anti-bribery management systems – Requirements with guidelines for use" and DSTU ISO 37001:2018 (ISO 37001:2016, IDT) "Anti-Corruption Management Systems. Requirements and guidelines for use". According to the results, compliance with the requirements of DSTU ISO 37001:2018 (ISO 37001:2016, IDT) and ISO 37001:2016 standards was confirmed, in connection with which the validity of certificates No. 80143.ABMS/064-24 No. 80143, dated October 04, and 2024.ABMS.064/01-24, dated October 04, 2024 was extended.



The implementation, as a participating party, of measures to minimize corruption risks in the field of intellectual property, defined by the State Anti-Corruption Program for 2023-2025, approved by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 220 dated March 04, 2023 (as amended), was also ensured, namely measure 2.6.1.4.3, during which UANIPIO took part, together with the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine, the Ministry of Economy, the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine, the State Space Agency of Ukraine, JSC "Ukrainian Defense Industry" and the State Scientific Institution "Ukrainian Institute of Scientific and Technical Expertise and Information", in the development of the draft order of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Approval of the Policy of Intellectual Property Management in the Military-Industrial Complex of Ukraine".

The draft order defines the creation of a unified information base of research and development works, results of intellectual activity and technologies of military, special and dual purpose, design documentation for military products in interaction with registers of design documentation.

17.2. Observance of Financial Discipline



Yulia Borko, Head of the Department of Financial and Economic Activities, Chief Accounting Officer

The receipt and use of revenues from fees for actions related to the protection of rights to intellectual property objects are carried out in accordance with the procedure stipulated by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 1716 dated December 23, 2004 (as amended), and in accordance with the Procedure for the Use of Revenues from Fees for Actions Related to the Protection of Intellectual Property Rights, approved by the Order of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine No. 4850 dated November 28, 2022. The funds received by UANIPIO for actions related to the protection of rights to intellectual property objects are intended for a specific purpose and are used exclusively to ensure the development and functioning of the state system of legal protection of intellectual property in accordance with the estimate of UANIPIO and the financial plan approved by the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine.

Funds received by UANIPIO for the provision of paid services, as well as from other types of economic activity, are used exclusively to finance the statutory tasks of UANIPIO in the field of intellectual property and innovations. The receipt of funds for the provision of paid services is carried out on the basis

of the Procedure for the Provision of Paid Services of the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations" and the List of paid services of UANIPIO approved by the Order of UANIPIO No. 62/2025 dated March 19, 2025 (as amended by the order of UANIPIO No. 159/2025 dated June 27, 2025), which are provided by the State Organization "Ukrainian National Office for Intellectual Property and Innovations". The use of funds is carried out in compliance with financial discipline, taking into account the status of UANIPIO as a state non-profit organization.

Financial statements, reports on the implementation of the financial plan of UANIPIO for the relevant tax periods were submitted on time and in full, within the deadlines specified by the legislation of Ukraine.

17.3. Internal Control and Audit

UANIPIO ensured the submission of all analytical, statistical and reporting documentation to relevant state authorities in accordance with the requirements of the current legislation of Ukraine.

Pursuant to the Order of the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine "On approval of the Instructions on the organization and implementation of internal control in the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine, at enterprises, institutions and organizations subordinated to the Ministry of Economy" No. 2035 dated April 11, 2023, UANIPIO annually submits to the Ministry of Economy a list of identified risks and a plan of measures to control identified risks.

To ensure the implementation of the functions and tasks legally assigned to UANIPIO, compliance with the legality and efficiency of the use of financial resources in order to achieve the specified goal and objectives, an internal control system has been introduced and operates in UANIPIO – a holistic process carried out by the management and employees of UANIPIO and covers the issues of planning activities, managing financial, human and other resources, maintaining accounting and preparing financial statements, ensuring the protection of assets from losses, targeted and effective use of financial resources and other issues.

The organization and development of internal control in UANIPIO is carried out taking into account the requirements of Article 26 of the Budget Code of Ukraine and the Basic Principles of Internal Control by Budget Fund Managers, approved by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine No. 1062 dated December 12, 2018, the Instructions on the organization and implementation of internal control in the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine, at enterprises, institutions and organizations subordinated to the Ministry of Economy, approved by the Order of the Ministry of Economy No. 2035 dated April 11, 2023, and the Methodological recommendations on the organization of internal control by budget fund managers in their institutions and in subordinate budgetary institutions, approved by the Order of the Ministry of Finance No. 995 dated September 14, 2012.

The IP Office has ensured the organization and conduct of internal audits in accordance with the legislation in order to provide objective and independent audit opinions and recommendations on the internal control system functioning and its improvement.

In order to implement the strategic development plan of UANIPIO for 2024-2028, UANIPIO annually develops an operational plan of activities for the reporting year, which in turn additionally provides support for the internal control system.

Procurement is carried out in accordance with the current legislation of Ukraine, using the Prozorro electronic public procurement system. UANIPIO ensures the formation of monthly procurement reports. The policy of compliance with financial discipline introduced in UANIPIO in terms of procurement has allowed to save UAH 7,390,083.64 during 2025.

A mandatory audit of the financial statements for 2025 was conducted in UANIPIO, which resulted in the Independent Auditor's Report on the results of the audit of the annual financial statements for 2025, according to which no violations were detected.

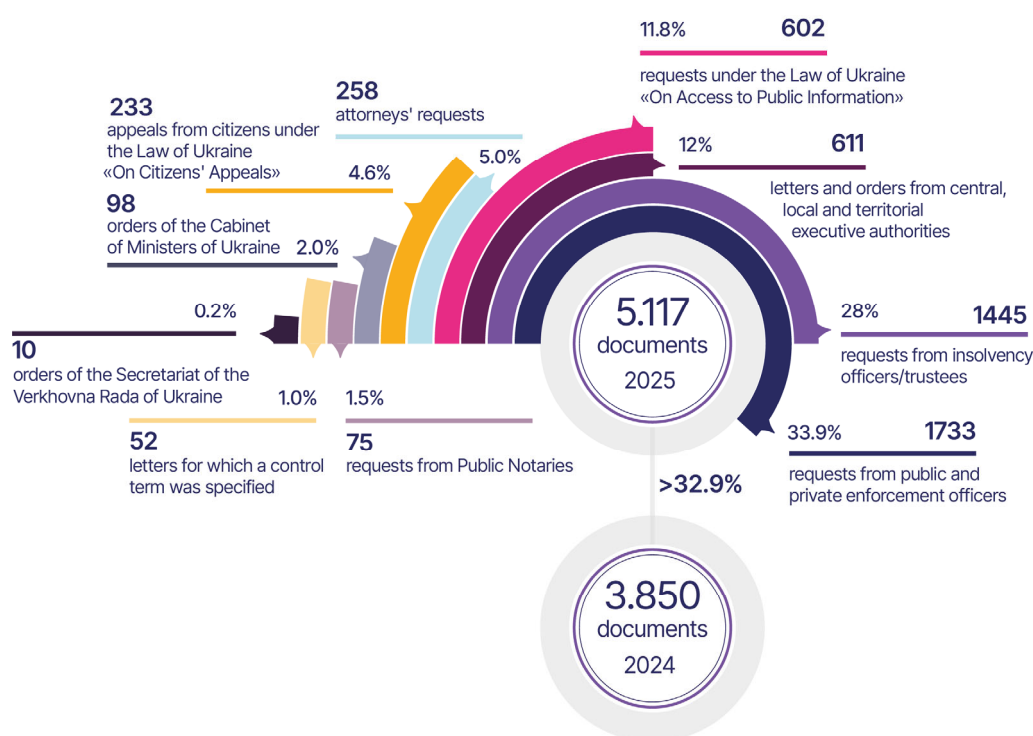
17.4. Processing of Public Appeals

UANIPIO in its activities, like most foreign, regional and international intellectual property offices, is guided by the principle of openness, which involves the creation of an accessible, transparent and understandable mechanism for obtaining the necessary information in the field of intellectual property, which has a positive impact on the formation of a system of protection of intellectual property rights.

In 2025, UANIPIO records an increase in the number of requests/appeals aimed at obtaining information about registered objects of intellectual property rights. There is also an increase in requests from subjects of state power who apply to UANIPIO for information on intellectual property rights from the relevant state registers or court rulings on temporary access to things and documents within the scope of criminal proceedings.

To exercise the right of an individual (legal entity/natural person) and the professional community to access information (in particular, public information), 53,385 documents were submitted to UANIPIO for consideration in 2025, 5,117 of which were placed under control (Fig. 17.1).

Figure 17.1. Distribution of Documents Placed Under Control by Sources of Origin

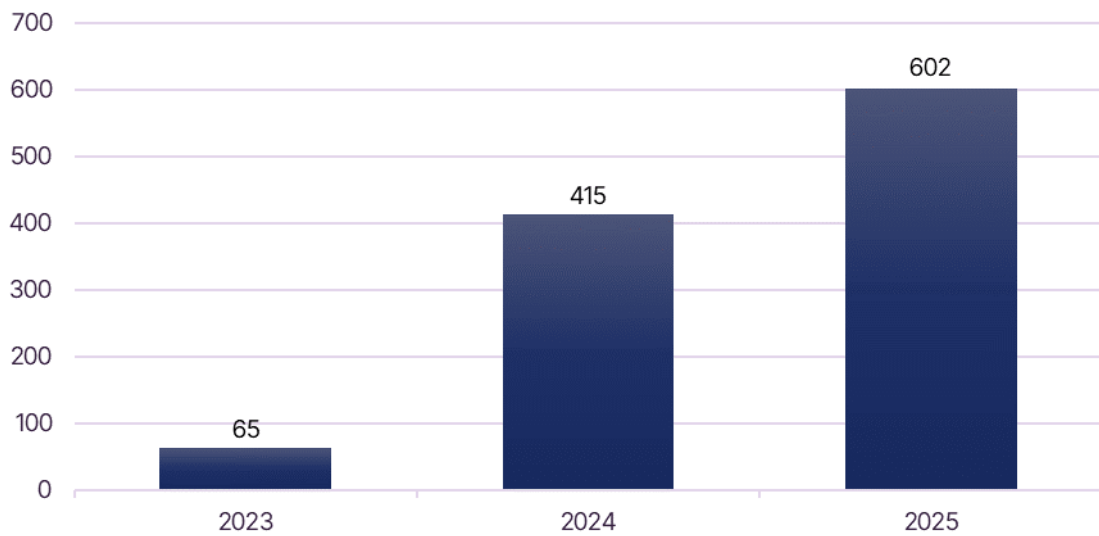


■ Work with Requests for Public Information

In 2025, UANIPIO received 602 requests for public information, of which: 454 – from natural persons, 146 – from legal entities, and 2 – from the media (Fig. 17.2).

All received requests for information were considered in accordance with the requirements of the Law of Ukraine "On Access to Public Information" within the time limits established by the law - up to 5 business days.

Figure 17.2. Indicators of Public Information Requests Processing

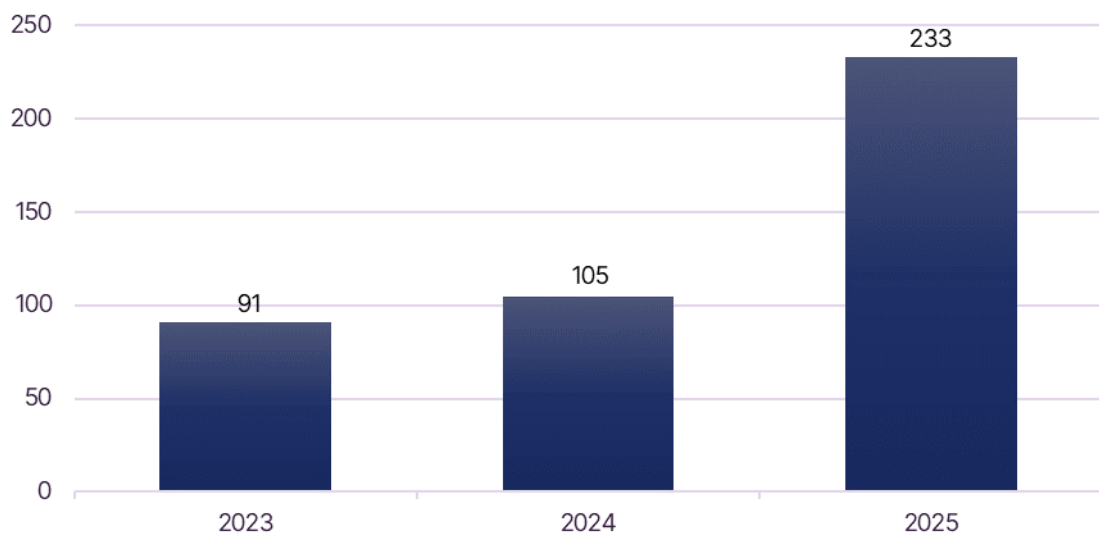


■ Processing of Citizens' Appeals

During 2025, 233 appeals from citizens were received, the answers to which were provided within the time limits set by law.

In the dynamics of 2023-2025, the number of citizens' appeals increased significantly in accordance with the following indicators (Fig. 17.3).

Figure 17.3. Indicators of Citizens' Appeals Processing



The analysis of the structure of appeals regarding intellectual property rights showed that the most dynamic growth in the number of requests in 2025 was formed by four key groups of state institutions: state bailiffs departments, departments of compulsory enforcement of judgements, bodies of the State Tax Service and the National Agency of Ukraine for Finding, Tracing and Management of Assets Derived from Corruption and Other Crimes (Asset Recovery and Management Agency or ARMA). It is these bodies that ensure the implementation of property rights, financial control and asset management, which leads to an increased need for prompt access to information on IP rights.

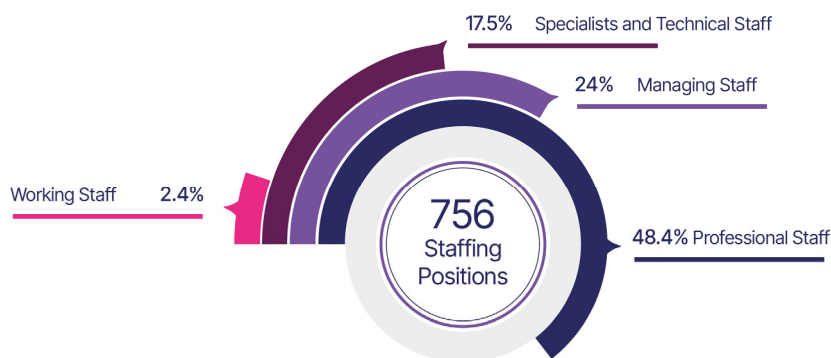
The increase in the number of requests indicates the strengthening of the role of UANIPIO in providing the authorities with relevant, timely and reliable information in the field of IP. Such dynamics reflects the growing need of state institutions to use data on IP rights in the processes of enforcement, financial control, management of seized assets and protection of property rights.

17.5. Human Resources Policy, Professional Development of Employees and the Development of Corporate Culture

Given UANIPIO’s role in building the state system of legal protection of intellectual property in Ukraine, ensuring the protection of intellectual property rights and developing the innovation ecosystem and creatorship in Ukraine, personnel occupy a leading position in building UANIPIO’s resource base and its development. Caring for its positive employer brand, UANIPIO builds its HR policy on the principles of attracting qualified employees and their continuous development, high engagement and responsibility for collective results, inclusivity, high corporate culture, ethical standards and integrity.

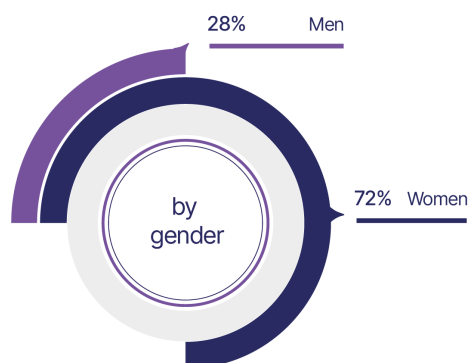
As of December 31, 2025, the authorized staffing level comprised 756 staff positions. Throughout the year, the staffing fill rate reached 92%.

Figure 17.4. Staffing structure by professional categories and position



The workforce of UANIPIO as of 31 December 2025 amounted to 694 employees. The gender distribution of personnel is presented in Figure 17.5.

Figure 17.5. Gender distribution of UANIPIO personnel

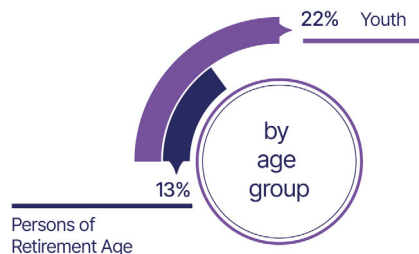


UANIPIO has created proper working conditions that allow women and men to perform their duties in compliance with the principle of gender equality, which is reflected in the implemented approach to recruitment, career advancement, etc. Under the conditions of full-scale military aggression, UANIPIO

employees fulfil their constitutional duties and ensure the defence of Ukraine within the units of the Armed Forces of Ukraine and the Defence Forces; each of them retains their workplace in accordance with the current legislation. Office employees also take an active part in volunteer activities.

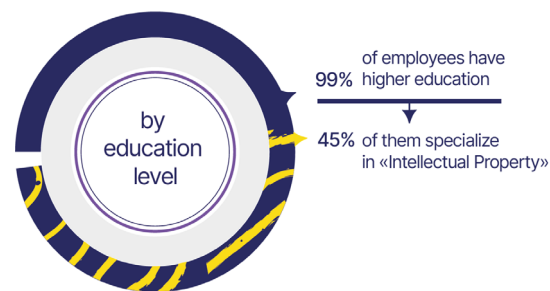
The age distribution of employees is shown in Figure 17.6.

Figure 17.6. Age Distribution of UANIPIO Employees



The distribution of employees by educational level is shown in Figure 17.7.

Figure 17.7. Distribution of UANIPIO Employees by Level of Education



Academic titles and degrees held by staff: Associate Professor – 13, Full Professor – 4; Doctor of Sciences – 10, Candidate of Sciences – 38, Doctor of Philosophy in Law – 4, Doctor of Philosophy in Electronics and Communications – 1; the honorary title “Honoured Lawyer of Ukraine” – 1.

UANIPIO constantly works on creating competitive conditions and incentive mechanisms to attract and retain personnel, specifically the development of a positive employer brand has evolved into a structured approach to searching, selecting and hiring personnel through compliance with the “Regulations on Personnel Selection and Hiring” approved by Order No. 36/2025, dated February 12, 2025.

In 2025, UANIPIO employees participated in:

International internship at the invitation of the European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO);

Cooperation program with Singapore at the invitation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs: “Paving the Way for Effective IP Commercialization”;

31st series of the WIPO-BCC Executive Program on Copyright and Related Rights, organized by the World Intellectual Property Organization and the British Copyright Council in partnership with the UK Government Intellectual Property Office;

“Macroeconomic Diagnostics” training course at the invitation of the IMF Institute at the Joint Vienna Institute;

6-week training program to acquire knowledge and analytical skills for representatives of the Ukrainian public administration at the invitation of the European Union, titled “NatoIn4Capacity Building Phase II – Strengthening Ukrainian Public Administration for EU Integration” at the College of Europe in Natolin;

Two-day training event on investor service standards based on the educational game “Invest in Ukraine” organized by the Polish Investment and Trade Agency under project DWR/ADM 2024/002/3 “Supporting the development of entrepreneurship and competitiveness of Ukrainian regions-continuation” – 2 employees;

Regional Workshop on Patent Drafting for Central European, Baltic and Mediterranean Countries, organized by the World Intellectual Property Organization in cooperation with the Intellectual Property Office of the Republic of Serbia – 2 employees. Participation in these events was aimed at enhancing the professional capacity of UANIPIO specialists in terms of practical support for inventive activity, conducting patent analytics and providing patent information support;

Workshop on patent examination of applications related to public health technologies, organized jointly by the World Health Organization and the Egyptian Patent Office.

Participation in the workshops was of great institutional importance in the context of European integration processes and Ukraine’s international positioning. UANIPIO representatives joined the professional dialogue with national and regional intellectual property offices of European countries, which contributes to the harmonization of approaches in the field of legal protection of IP, the strengthening of international cooperation and confirms the active role of UANIPIO in developing Ukraine’s innovation ecosystem in line with European standards, taking into account the challenges associated with post-war recovery and the protection of national interests.

UANIPIO Order No. 232/2025, dated October 6, 2025, approved the “Regulations on Employee Training and Internships” according to which a training plan for UANIPIO employees for 2025 was established, taking into account the needs to improve the quality of job performance to achieve UANIPIO’s long-term strategic goals, as well as the assessment of skills acquired after training.

At the end of 2025, the training plan for UANIPIO employees for 2026 was approved, which will help improve efficiency, reduce employee turnover, achieve business objectives and enhance labour productivity.



In 2025, fifteen UANIPIO employees obtained Master’s diplomas:

- Ukrainian State University of Science and Technologies (Dnipro) – 14
- Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv – 1



24 employees UANIPIO have started their studies:



Master`s degree – 22:

- Ukrainian State University of Science and Technologies – 10
- Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv – 9

- Ternopil Ivan Puluj National Technical University – 1

- Zhytomyr Polytechnic State University – 2



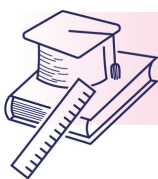
PhD program – 1:

- Intellectual Property Scientific Research Institute of the National Academy of Legal Sciences of Ukraine – 1



Postgraduate education (1 employee):

- Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv – 1



15 employees continue their studies in master`s degree programs:

- Ukrainian State University of Science and Technologies (Dnipro) – 7

- Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv – 7

- Kyiv National Economic University named after Vadym Hetman – 1

UANIPIO has introduced the signing of internal bilateral agreements between UANIPIO and employees receiving the specialized higher education at the expense of the organization.

During the reporting period, training courses and events organized by the EPO Academy, the World Health Organization, commercial database providers, WIPO, etc., played an important role in the professional development of UANIPIO experts in patent law, which contributed not only to qualification upgrades but also ensured the unification of approaches and consistency of decisions with European experts, facilitating integration into the European patent community.

About 80 UANIPIO employees took part in the following training courses and events:

WIPO

PATENTSCOPE Overview;

CEBSMC Trademark Examiner Training: Relative Grounds for Refusal | Session 3;

WIPO Pilot Project for Needs-Assessment, Network Building and Capacity Building of Trademark Examiners in the CEBSMC region;

Discover the Power of Orbit Intelligence for Smarter Prior Art Searches;

CEBSMC Trademark Examiner Training: Relative Grounds for Refusal | Session 4;

CEBSMC Trademark Examiner Training: Relative Grounds for Refusal | Session 5;
CEBSMC Trademark Examiner Training: Relative Grounds for Refusal | Session 6;
Specialized Course on the Madrid System for the International Registration of Marks;
CEBSMC Trademark Examiner Training: Relative Grounds for Refusal | Session 7;
Standard Essential Patent (SEP) declarations in PATENTSCOPE;
Orbit Intelligence Training;
Patents (self-study);
Patent information search (self-study);
General Course on Intellectual Property (version 2);
Webinar "Orbit Intelligence Advanced";
PCT/MIA Quality Subgroup;
32nd session of PCT/MIA meetings;
Advanced searches in PATENTSCOPE;
WIPO Dialogue on Information and Communication Technologies;
DL – 201 E (Copyright and Related Rights);
DL – 203 E (Intellectual Property, Traditional Knowledge and Traditional Cultural Expressions);
DL – 302 E (Trademarks, Industrial Designs and Geographical Indications);
DL – 317 E (Arbitration and Mediation Procedure under the WIPO Rules).

EPO

The Ansera-based search tool for beginners;
Search and Examination Matters 2025 Forum: EPO Academy Conference on Search and Examination Issues;
Training for EPAC candidates;
EPO search tools to improve business decisions;
Growth financing with IP – HTB forum;
Novelty in the fields of chemistry, pharmacy and biotechnology;
Unitary Patent protection legal events in INPADOC: detailed event code descriptions, statistics and latest additions;
Tackling the Future lecture series: Cross-field inventions in additive manufacturing;
Tackling the Future lecture series: Cross-field inventions in quantum computing;
Tackling the Future lecture series: Cross-field inventions in the medical field;
PCT for paralegals and patent agents;
Making the most of Espacenet technology platforms;
How to make best use of the Unitary Patent system;
IP strategy evolution: High-growth technology business forum;
Registers at the EPO;
Mastering the ANSERA-based SEARCH tool in specific technical fields;
Mastering the ANSERA-based SEARCH tool in specific technical fields (repeated);
Intellectual property in the field of pharmacy in the EU;
Clarity and sufficiency of disclosure;
From idea to patent;
Best Practices for Smart Patent Research;
Invention Search Engine;
Patenting innovation.

REAXYS

Reaxys Webinar – How to use Structure Editor;
Reaxys Webinar – Using Query Builder for advanced queries.

CAS STNext

Introductory session on CAS STNext for UANIPIO;
Advanced session on CAS STNext for UANIPIO.

WHO

Substantive Patent Examination from a Public Health Perspective;
Egipa-WHO workshop on substantive Patent examination of pharmaceutical Inventions.

EUIPO

EUIPO Webinar on common practices on trademarks contrary to public policy or to accepted principles of morality.

INTERNSHIPS

In 2025, internships for 52 students from higher education institutions (HEIs) at UANIPIO were conducted in accordance with the "Regulations on Student Internships" (approved by Order No. 30/2025 dated February 3, 2025).

Additionally, students from HEIs in Ukraine and the United Kingdom completed internships at UANIPIO.

To ensure smooth onboarding into the organization, newly appointed employees undergo adaptation based on the developed and approved "Regulations on Employee Adaptation" No. 209/2025, dated September 15, 2025.

In 2025, UANIPIO updated its documentation by conducting an audit of 657 job descriptions and 134 regulations on structural subdivisions and verifying their compliance with the staffing table. Based on the changes, relevant updates are being made to the regulations on structural subdivisions and job descriptions. The updated regulations on subdivisions, which were approved by UANIPIO Order No. 219-N/2023, dated December 11, 2023, are issued in a new edition by Order No. 105/2025, dated May 8, 2025.

UANIPIO is constantly working on developing its employer brand, improving its systematic approach and increasing its visibility in the labour market.

The annual measurement of employee engagement provides an understanding of the team's needs, enables prompt tracking and identification of potential risks regarding employee turnover and hidden issues and ensures timely responses to retain talent, which directly affects productivity and the achievement of business goals.

By UANIPIO Order No. 203/2025, dated September 3, 2025, was approved an updated Code of Corporate Ethics, which defines the mission, vision, goal, values, standards of ethical behaviour and rules of business communication and addresses mobbing and other aspects to shape relationships within the workforce and build awareness of one's role in implementing the organization's development strategy.

UANIPIO conducts corporate events on a regular basis that align with the organization's corporate goals and values to incentivize employees.

The possibility of recognition with awards at UANIPIO was approved by Order No. 297/2025, dated December 9, 2025, "Regulations on Incentive Awards of UANIPIO" and "Regulations on the Commission for Incentive Awards".

Constantly caring for its employees, the management of UANIPIO continuously improves workplaces and creates comfortable working conditions. Employees have opportunities for development and career growth.

The Human Resources Department plans to continue working on high-quality personnel potential to attract the best specialists to UANIPIO, which will be aimed at achieving long-term strategic goals, namely: strategic workforce planning, improving the employer brand, talent management and succession planning, corporate culture development, creating a competitive motivation system and change management to ensure UANIPIO's flexibility to operate in today's challenging realities of our state.

17.6. Ensuring Systematic, Transparent and Holistic Approach to the Management of the Organization

In 2025, UANIPIO continued to develop a management model based on a combination of strategic planning, performance measurement, process standardization, internal control, risk management, human capacity and transparent reporting. For an institution that performs the functions of the National Intellectual Property Authority and actually exercises delegated authority in the IP field, the quality of management has a direct impact not only on internal efficiency, but also on the trust of applicants, the professional community, business, the state and international partners. That is why the consistency, transparency and integrity of management in 2025 were not auxiliary characteristics for UANIPIO, but the basic condition for the proper performance of its functions.

The basis of this approach remained the Strategic Development Plan for 2024-2028. The management in UANIPIO was based not on a fragmented response to current needs, but on a predetermined architecture of goals, priorities and management actions.

The management logic demonstrated by UANIPIO generally corresponds to the best practices that can be traced in the reports of the IP offices of the leading countries of the world. Consequently, the approach where strategy, execution, risk, control and reporting form a single management cycle is typical for mature European and partner IP offices.

For UANIPIO, this cycle manifested itself in 2025, firstly, in connection with the strategy and implementation, secondly, in connection with quality and control, and thirdly, in connection with the organizational structure and responsibility of units. It is important that the implemented OKR and KPI system is implemented not as a formal assessment tool, but as a comprehensive method that forms a holistic approach to managing and measuring the achievements of strategic success, increases productivity, streamlines processes and provides transparent management of team performance. In the context of good governance, this is of fundamental importance: the institution moves from the model of "performing functions" to the model of "managing the result based on measured parameters".

The second pillar of holistic management in UANIPIO in 2025 was the quality management system. For internal coordination in the field of quality, there was a Coordination Council for the development, implementation and operation of QMS. This means that management in UANIPIO relied not only on managerial will, but also on a formalized process model suitable for verification, evaluation and adjustment.

The third key element of transparent and holistic governance was internal control. UANIPIO ensured the submission of all analytical, statistical and reporting documentation to the relevant state authorities in accordance with the requirements of the law, and also annually submitted to the Ministry of Economy a list of identified risks and a plan of measures to control these risks in accordance with the Office internal control instructions. This practice is important not only from the standpoint of formal compliance with the requirements of the governing body. It indicates that managerial decisions in UANIPIO in 2025 were included in the broader framework of state accountability and control. Separately, the financial dimension of holistic management should be noted. The receipt of funds for the provision of paid services was carried out on the basis of the approved Procedure and the List of Paid Services, the use of funds in – compliance with financial discipline, taking into account the status of UANIPIO as a state non-profit organization, and the financial statements and reports on the implementation of the financial plan were submitted on time and in full.

The fourth component of the systematic approach was the streamlining of the organizational structure, functions and personnel procedures. This confirms that the management in UANIPIO in 2025 was not limited to strategic documents, but was supported by an up-to-date internal regulatory framework that distributes powers, functions and responsibilities. The fifth dimension of a holistic management approach was working with people and corporate culture. UANIPIO logically links the quality of management and staff development: employees have opportunities for development and career growth, corporate events are held, there are provisions for incentive awards and the relevant commission, and

management pays attention to improving working conditions. In a public organization, this is of direct managerial importance, since the sustainability of processes, the quality of decisions and the integrity of procedures depend on the stability of the team and understandable internal rules.

The sixth element is the integration of transparency into the governance format, that is, the structuring of objectives, the clarity of roles, the predictability of procedures, the ability to track progress and the availability of accountability channels. It is the combination of these tools that gives grounds to talk not just about transparency as a value, but about its institutionalization in the management system.

In view of the above, UANIPIO has demonstrated that even in conditions of full-scale armed aggression, increased external risks and increasing workload, it is possible to maintain systematic management of the organization if it relies on strategy, measurable results, standardized processes, internal control, financial discipline, personnel orderliness and a culture of responsibility. 2025 witnessed the transition of UANIPIO from a model of predominantly functional administration to a model of more mature, systematically organized management, compatible with the approaches used by leading IP offices in Europe.

In the future, this direction should be strengthened. If in 2025 the main achievement was the actual combination of strategy, KPIs, quality, control and HR streamlining, then the next logical step should be an even more streamlined implementation of this practice in the form of a holistic management structure: with a clear link between strategic goals, decision-making processes, risk management, internal audit, digital transformation, HR policy, accountability and interaction with stakeholders. It is this approach that corresponds to the European principles of good governance and is most relevant for UANIPIO as an institution operating in the public space and for the implementation of public interests, ensures the implementation of state policy in the field of intellectual property and at the same time integrates into the European institutional space.

ANNEXES STATISTICS

1. Applications for Inventions by Origin

Code	Country	Under the national procedure					Under the PCT procedure				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		1,574	1,017	1,187	1,155	1,303	1,816	1,741	1,721	1,403	1,317
UA	Ukraine	1,294	792	1,002	967	1,073	6	3	7	3	2
AT	Austria	2	–	2	2	–	24	24	11	14	18
AU	Australia	2	–	–	–	3	13	12	9	9	5
BE	Belgium	6	4	2	4	2	47	47	29	43	30
BG	Bulgaria	1	–	–	1	2	1	1	–	–	1
CA	Canada	4	–	1	5	9	22	21	23	17	10
CH	Switzerland	13	21	9	3	13	199	188	213	136	156
CN	China	4	7	3	1	4	127	72	46	61	46
CY	Cyprus	5	–	5	3	8	1	3	–	–	1
CZ	Czechia	1	–	4	3	4	16	7	5	6	4
DE	Germany	39	21	13	10	12	177	201	196	135	113
DK	Denmark	3	7	–	–	1	29	37	20	27	31
ES	Spain	1	1	–	1	–	22	17	12	8	5
FI	Finland	1	–	–	–	2	11	8	10	5	32
FR	France	11	8	3	9	10	56	51	62	55	37
GB	United Kingdom	22	17	18	12	5	150	183	173	142	49
IE	Ireland	3	2	–	1	2	11	7	9	8	11
IL	Israel	3	5	1	3	4	17	16	11	16	12
IN	India	5	4	–	–	4	26	24	25	13	17
IT	Italy	2	–	–	2	2	43	40	40	39	24
JP	Japan	4	2	6	8	6	60	60	65	44	47
KR	Republic of Korea	13	1	6	8	9	35	30	87	41	69
LU	Luxembourg	4	2	–	1	1	51	53	76	72	104
MT	Malta	1	1	1	–	–	7	10	3	5	10
MU	Mauritius	1	1	–	–	–	2	8	10	14	9
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	4	3	5	17	11	40	37	47	21	29
NO	Norway	–	2	–	1	1	17	5	7	9	5
PL	Poland	5	9	7	4	3	6	17	21	14	18
SE	Sweden	2	1	1	1	–	32	31	46	34	39
SG	Singapore	–	–	–	–	2	3	1	2	1	1
SK	Slovakia	6	3	13	13	15	1	3	2	2	–
TR	Türkiye	–	–	–	–	–	5	7	5	3	5
US	United States of America	92	98	77	69	93	481	488	417	379	356
	Others	20	5	8	6	2	78	29	32	27	21

2. Resident Applications for Inventions by Regions of Ukraine

Region	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	1,300	795	1,009	970	1,075
The Autonomous Republic of Crimea	1	–	1	–	–
regions					
Vinnitsia	27	19	25	19	14
Volyn	10	6	3	6	6
Dnipropetrovsk	145	96	99	119	103
Donetsk	30	6	19	21	7
Zhytomyr	12	10	8	11	20
Zakarpattia	24	16	23	45	25
Zaporizhzhia	43	25	31	26	25
Ivano-Frankivsk	34	16	27	20	31
Kyiv Region	58	33	57	51	80
Kirovohrad	12	7	9	6	13
Luhansk	10	2	7	2	4
Lviv	74	63	88	65	73
Mykolaiv	18	10	8	8	12
Odesa	82	44	43	51	47
Poltava	16	2	9	28	17
Rivne	3	2	2	2	5
Sumy	33	20	23	16	21
Ternopil	11	9	27	25	35
Kharkiv	208	124	127	110	122
Kherson	13	4	5	4	11
Khmelnyskyi	4	1	5	8	6
Cherkasy	3	10	8	6	24
Chernivtsi	3	3	3	6	2
Chernihiv	9	2	4	6	6
cities					
Kyiv	416	265	348	309	364
Sevastopol	1	–	–	–	–
Others	–	–	–	–	2

3. Applications for Inventions by Technology Fields

Technology field	By residents					By non-residents				
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	1,300	795	1,009	970	1,075	2,090	1,963	1,899	1,588	1,545
Electrical engineering										
Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy	62	39	52	33	24	38	41	49	37	38
Audio-visual technology	5	5	3	2	5	22	19	4	8	7
Telecommunications	13	2	8	9	12	6	5	2	8	6
Digital communication	5	–	1	4	4	12	12	4	4	24
Basic communication processes	12	6	8	19	3	2	–	2	2	5
Computer technology	31	15	21	21	7	20	26	17	28	31
IT methods for management	5	4	3	2	4	16	7	11	4	4
Semiconductors	2	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Instruments										
Optics	14	6	10	5	8	1	3	3	1	2
Measurement	88	55	75	69	43	33	24	27	25	23
Analysis of biological materials	15	8	9	7	3	17	11	19	7	11
Control	26	16	10	21	13	13	8	10	6	8
Medical technology	61	26	57	31	25	36	34	27	28	21
Chemistry										
Organic fine chemistry	27	25	20	27	12	191	200	158	135	121
Biotechnology	14	14	14	3	6	193	219	176	180	168
Pharmaceuticals	65	32	53	37	31	458	409	345	286	313
Macromolecular chemistry, polymers	8	11	4	9	7	18	13	10	7	7
Food chemistry	45	45	43	35	31	52	61	55	47	26
Basic materials chemistry	48	16	16	23	15	173	146	149	139	111
Materials, metallurgy	82	53	91	69	43	79	81	96	81	101
Surface technology, coating	46	24	29	37	30	29	27	26	26	36
Micro-structural and nano-technology	12	10	8	3	5	1	1	1	–	1
Chemical engineering	50	41	39	40	22	41	40	42	27	29
Environmental technology	31	18	24	18	13	18	9	16	9	12
Mechanical engineering										
Handling	27	17	13	13	11	43	26	40	28	17
Machine tools	25	31	39	42	19	28	22	19	18	20
Engines, pumps, turbines	60	27	44	51	34	37	29	33	15	15
Textile and paper machines	3	5	10	6	5	17	18	15	16	11
Other special machines	106	73	86	109	81	105	103	106	84	75
Thermal processes and apparatus	20	13	26	15	12	22	23	26	13	21
Mechanical elements	41	17	20	16	16	20	18	19	10	7
Transport	75	48	41	35	26	28	24	34	32	38
Other fields										
Furniture, games	24	11	8	6	16	23	12	23	15	14
Other consumer goods	16	9	12	14	6	224	219	269	201	78
Civil engineering	73	37	68	61	27	68	55	59	42	41
Unknown	63	34	44	77	456	6	18	7	19	103

4. Distribution of Applications for Inventions by Classes of IPC

IPC class	Class heading	Number of applications	By residents	By non-residents
A61	Medical or veterinary science; hygiene	339 (12.9%)	61 (5.7%)	278 (18%)
C07	Organic chemistry	298 (11.4%)	8 (0.7%)	290 (18.8%)
A01	Agriculture; forestry; animal husbandry; hunting; trapping; fishing	156 (6%)	22 (2%)	134 (8.7%)
A24	Tobacco; cigars; cigarettes; simulated smoking devices; smokers' requisites	82 (3.1%)	–	82 (5.3%)
G01	Measuring; testing	80 (3.1%)	47 (4.4%)	33 (2.1%)
C12	Biochemistry; beer; spirits; wine; vinegar; microbiology; enzymology; mutation or genetic engineering	80 (3.1%)	10 (0.9%)	70 (4.5%)
H04	Electric communication technique	53 (2%)	13 (1.2%)	40 (2.6%)
C22	Metallurgy; ferrous or non-ferrous alloys; treatment of alloys or non-ferrous metals	45 (1.7%)	8 (0.7%)	37 (2.4%)
F41	Weapons	44 (1.7%)	36 (3.3%)	8 (0.5%)
E04	Building	43 (1.6%)	10 (0.9%)	33 (2.1%)
C21	Metallurgy of iron	42 (1.6%)	5 (0.5%)	37 (2.4%)
A23	Foods, foodstuffs or non-alcoholic beverages; preparation, treatment or preservation thereof	36 (1.4%)	26 (2.4%)	10 (0.6%)
B01	Physical or chemical processes or apparatus in general	30 (1.1%)	14 (1.3%)	16 (1%)
H01	Electric elements	28 (1.1%)	10 (0.9%)	18 (1.2%)
G06	Computing or calculating; counting	27 (1%)	7 (0.7%)	20 (1.3%)
C01	Inorganic chemistry	26 (1%)	11 (1%)	15 (1%)
H02	Generation, conversion, or distribution of electric power	25 (1%)	15 (1.4%)	10 (0.6%)
C04	Cements; concrete; artificial stone; ceramics; refractories	24 (0.9%)	12 (1.1%)	12 (0.8%)
B64	Aircraft; aviation; cosmonautics	24 (0.9%)	20 (1.9%)	4 (0.3%)
B22	Casting; powder metallurgy	23 (0.9%)	7 (0.7%)	16 (1%)

5. Patents Granted for Inventions by Origin

Code	Country	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		2,298	1,566	1,158	1,262	1,224
UA	Ukraine	990	630	429	386	386
AT	Austria	29	19	10	8	14
AU	Australia	11	5	4	2	6
BE	Belgium	41	24	12	28	16
BG	Bulgaria	2	1	1	1	–
BM	Bermuda	–	1	–	–	–
BR	Brazil	–	2	2	1	4
CA	Canada	8	5	7	4	8
CH	Switzerland	152	102	76	101	89
CN	China	34	35	41	53	28
CY	Cyprus	9	1	3	–	4
CZ	Czechia	5	4	6	15	3
DE	Germany	170	126	72	87	78
DK	Denmark	23	15	21	15	18
ES	Spain	14	6	7	10	15
FI	Finland	11	7	4	3	2
FR	France	50	24	26	33	33
GB	United Kingdom	58	43	54	101	54
HU	Hungary	7	1	1	–	3
IE	Ireland	7	5	1	1	4
IL	Israel	7	6	7	9	4
IN	India	15	19	14	13	13
IT	Italy	37	15	24	24	24
JP	Japan	56	32	21	34	38
KR	Republic of Korea	17	31	24	30	36
LU	Luxembourg	54	49	42	39	49
LV	Latvia	2	–	–	–	–
MT	Malta	4	1	2	3	3
MX	Mexico	5	–	1	–	–
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	45	17	25	28	17
NO	Norway	5	13	5	2	4
PL	Poland	14	12	12	5	7
PT	Portugal	3	1	–	–	–
SE	Sweden	26	16	17	11	8
SG	Singapore	1	1	1	1	2
SK	Slovakia	6	7	–	2	–
TR	Türkiye	5	1	3	1	1
US	United States of America	309	268	168	201	237
	Others	66	21	15	10	16

6. Patents Granted for Inventions by Technology Fields

Technology field	Resident grants					Non-resident grants				
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	990	630	429	386	386	1,308	936	729	876	838
Electrical engineering										
Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy	50	25	23	30	27	33	18	11	26	23
Audio-visual technology	4	4	3	1	1	7	3	2	18	12
Telecommunications	8	5	10	1	2	1	2	3	3	2
Digital communication	3	1	2	1		5	3	3	10	6
Basic communication processes	10	8	6	7	5	3	1	–	1	–
Computer technology	12	10	8	10	8	17	6	5	7	13
IT methods for management	3	–	1	–	–	8	5	2	4	2
Semiconductors	7	5	4	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Instruments										
Optics	5	3	3	3	4	3	–	1	1	1
Measurement	83	72	43	30	28	21	13	7	13	10
Analysis of biological materials	19	8	9	8	4	9	8	5	7	2
Control	18	13	9	2	7	8	1	5	4	2
Medical technology	54	28	14	9	5	28	19	18	18	14
Chemistry										
Organic fine chemistry	29	11	7	17	11	143	89	57	58	69
Biotechnology	13	8	7	4	8	84	86	59	63	55
Pharmaceuticals	70	40	21	24	29	257	190	118	143	159
Macromolecular chemistry, polymers	11	9	2	4	5	29	20	7	7	7
Food chemistry	32	32	24	19	18	35	19	19	21	19
Basic materials chemistry	42	21	14	13	14	108	95	71	74	66
Materials, metallurgy	53	40	47	33	56	72	60	45	47	67
Surface technology, coating	32	26	14	22	32	21	18	16	19	14
Micro-structural and nano-technology	7	4	3	6	4	–	–	–	–	1
Chemical engineering	70	30	29	23	14	37	28	21	22	23
Environmental technology	24	16	8	13	9	10	7	4	4	5
Mechanical engineering										
Handling	23	12	9	3	5	53	17	12	17	27
Machine tools	38	20	15	19	19	28	13	22	12	11
Engines, pumps, turbines	41	22	7	5	8	20	14	10	9	10
Textile and paper machines	2	2	1	–	6	20	8	6	4	9
Other special machines	84	41	42	42	22	62	43	47	43	48
Thermal processes and apparatus	19	12	4	4	3	22	16	11	9	10
Mechanical elements	21	31	9	4	4	16	13	8	14	10
Transport	40	23	8	4	9	21	18	14	18	6
Other fields										
Furniture, games	11	10	3	3	1	16	9	14	9	11
Other consumer goods	5	7	6	1	3	71	66	88	143	103
Civil engineering	43	29	10	18	12	39	27	16	28	21
Unknown	4	2	4	2	2	1	1	2	–	–

7. Applications and Patents Granted for Utility Models by Origin

Code	Country	Applications					Patents Granted				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		4,427	2,378	3,505	3,749	4,032	4,363	2,074	2,712	3,174	3,718
UA	Ukraine	4,335	2,326	3,432	3,686	3,985	4,214	2,031	2,675	3,099	3,666
AE	United Arab Emirates	3	1	–	6	–	3	–	1	–	1
AT	Austria	–	–	–	3	2	–	–	–	–	4
BG	Bulgaria	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	2
CA	Canada	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
CH	Switzerland	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
CM	Cameroon	–	6	–	–	–	–	4	2	–	–
CN	China	2	1	–	2	–	1	–	–	2	1
CY	Cyprus	16	16	36	10	13	15	9	19	29	14
CZ	Czechia	1	–	1	3	3	1	–	1	1	1
DE	Germany	1	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–
EE	Estonia	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
ES	Spain	2	1	–	–	–	2	1	1	–	–
FI	Finland	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	–
FR	France	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
GB	United Kingdom	3	2	–	–	–	1	2	–	–	–
GE	Georgia	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	1	1	–
HK	Hong Kong, China	–	–	–	1	–	51	–	–	–	–
HR	Croatia	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
HU	Hungary	–	–	2	1	1	–	–	–	1	1
IE	Ireland	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
IN	India	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
KZ	Kazakhstan	–	1	1	–	3	1	–	–	1	–
LT	Lithuania	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
LU	Luxembourg	4	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1
LV	Latvia	–	2	–	1	4	–	–	2	–	4
MH	Marshall Islands	4	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–
MU	Mauritius	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
NO	Norway	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
PL	Poland	25	9	6	13	6	34	11	3	6	9
RO	Romania	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
SG	Singapore	–	–	–	–	5	–	–	–	–	2
SK	Slovakia	6	3	14	15	6	2	5	3	24	9
SZ	Eswatini	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
TR	Türkiye	2	–	1	1	–	1	1	1	1	1
US	United States of America	4	1	3	3	2	4	3	1	3	1
	Others	17	5	–	–	–	27	4	–	–	–

8. Applications for Utility Models by Regions of Ukraine

Region	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	4,335	2,326	3,432	3,686	3,985
The Autonomous Republic of Crimea	-	-	-	-	-
regions					
Vinnycia	172	65	246	197	152
Volyn	58	42	71	58	61
Dnipropetrovsk	402	240	321	324	602
Donetsk	87	17	101	85	48
Zhytomyr	31	17	18	20	31
Zakarpattia	37	24	31	59	42
Zaporizhzhia	251	36	78	71	94
Ivano-Frankivsk	68	46	43	46	58
Kyiv Region	103	65	111	144	130
Kirovohrad	52	35	52	28	77
Luhansk	82	33	29	29	27
Lviv	188	146	182	217	217
Mykolaiv	64	20	53	56	53
Odesa	177	92	129	144	122
Poltava	133	89	97	160	136
Rivne	37	44	34	62	55
Sumy	73	60	81	68	88
Ternopil	302	56	101	97	103
Kharkiv	681	373	529	604	601
Kherson	55	21	21	42	38
Khmelnyskyi	63	47	73	74	56
Cherkasy	85	71	76	119	137
Chernivtsi	63	28	44	42	53
Chernihiv	30	21	24	25	43
cities					
Kyiv	1,039	633	884	914	960
Sevastopol	1	-	3	-	-
Others	1	5	-	1	1

9. Applications and Patents Granted for Utility Models by Technology Fields

Technology field	Applications					Patents Granted				
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	4,427	2,378	3,505	3,749	4,032	4,363	2,074	2,712	3,174	3,718
Electrical engineering										
Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy	134	66	134	120	56	158	58	87	134	94
Audio-visual technology	22	8	20	12	28	31	6	12	19	18
Telecommunications	45	20	36	53	48	55	24	29	26	60
Digital communication	7	4	8	13	29	9	3	4	10	21
Basic communication processes	36	24	25	28	10	38	10	29	22	29
Computer technology	69	25	55	68	55	57	28	32	34	60
IT methods for management	24	9	17	11	13	22	4	5	14	10
Semiconductors	8	4	7	9	3	31	22	15	9	14
Instruments										
Optics	34	15	19	24	18	30	18	15	19	27
Measurement	527	261	377	434	285	490	248	350	366	437
Analysis of biological materials	101	44	83	107	41	108	54	52	72	110
Control	145	71	87	78	48	109	77	93	78	73
Medical technology	319	134	239	172	126	301	125	174	184	192
Chemistry										
Organic fine chemistry	41	20	30	55	36	32	23	20	36	55
Biotechnology	33	20	27	26	22	33	11	23	26	33
Pharmaceuticals	108	60	76	90	71	146	54	48	77	82
Macromolecular chemistry, polymers	16	22	17	22	11	19	17	16	12	24
Food chemistry	197	145	194	170	130	209	99	159	177	201
Basic materials chemistry	106	56	77	87	53	126	37	72	66	82
Materials, metallurgy	152	74	101	116	88	137	70	84	103	130
Surface technology, coating	73	32	52	65	38	70	35	36	63	56
Micro-structural and nano-technology	112	11	11	15	5	113	6	13	16	10
Chemical engineering	198	102	139	145	129	222	86	111	136	168
Environmental technology	130	63	78	85	44	123	72	73	81	85
Mechanical engineering										
Handling	112	66	74	118	76	102	65	73	82	113
Machine tools	144	69	113	122	86	153	66	88	110	127
Engines, pumps, turbines	121	59	82	82	71	111	64	75	85	87
Textile and paper machines	19	19	22	8	16	21	13	20	15	16
Other special machines	359	243	443	432	358	396	198	321	388	492
Thermal processes and apparatus	83	52	74	70	52	86	47	67	75	68
Mechanical elements	128	36	72	62	51	132	54	56	61	68
Transport	187	117	167	205	154	192	106	130	168	215
Other fields										
Furniture, games	95	62	49	53	41	86	45	55	35	53
Other consumer goods	83	38	66	68	44	90	35	43	60	66
Civil engineering	327	199	284	294	203	318	187	209	285	270
Unknown	132	128	150	230	1,493	7	7	23	30	72

10. Distribution of Applications for Utility Models by Classes of IPC

IPC Class	Class heading	Number of applications	By residents	By non-residents
G01	Measuring; testing	339 (8.4%)	338 (8.5%)	1 (2.1%)
A61	Medical or veterinary science; hygiene	207 (5.1%)	199 (5%)	8 (17%)
A01	Agriculture; forestry; animal husbandry; hunting; trapping; fishing	186 (4.6%)	185 (4.6%)	1 (2.1%)
F41	Weapons	101 (2.5%)	100 (2.5%)	1 (2.1%)
A23	Foods, foodstuffs or non-alcoholic beverages; preparation, treatment or preservation thereof	101 (2.5%)	101 (2.5%)	0 (0%)
B64	Aircraft; aviation; cosmonautics	93 (2.3%)	93 (2.3%)	0 (0%)
B01	Physical or chemical processes or apparatus in general	79 (2%)	79 (2%)	0 (0%)
E04	Building	68 (1.7%)	67 (1.7%)	1 (2.1%)
G06	Computing or calculating; counting	68 (1.7%)	68 (1.7%)	0 (0%)
H04	Electric communication technique	66 (1.6%)	66 (1.7%)	0 (0%)
F42	Ammunition; blasting	66 (1.6%)	66 (1.7%)	0 (0%)
E21	Earth or rock drilling; mining	65 (1.6%)	65 (16%)	0 (0%)
B65	Conveying; packing; storing; handling thin or filamentary material	57 (1.4%)	57 (1.4%)	0 (0%)
B60	Vehicles in general	45 (1.1%)	44 (1.1%)	1 (2.1%)
F24	Heating; ranges; ventilating	38 (0.9%)	38 (1%)	0 (0%)
E02	Hydraulic engineering; foundations; soil-shifting	38 (0.9%)	38 (1%)	0 (0%)
B23	Machine tools; metal-working not otherwise provided for	38 (0.9%)	38 (1%)	0 (0%)
F16	Engineering elements or units; general measures for producing and maintaining effective functioning of machines or installations; thermal insulation in general	33 (0.8%)	33 (0.8%)	0 (0%)
H01	Electric elements	33 (0.8%)	31 (0.8%)	2 (4.3%)
H02	Generation, conversion, or distribution of electric power	30 (0.7%)	30 (0.8%)	0 (0%)

11. Industrial Design Applications and Registrations by Origin

Code	Country	Applications					Registrations				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		1,836	825	1,112	1,059	1,029	1,751	656	778	911	1,099
UA	Ukraine	1,679	735	958	964	941	1,538	601	687	774	1,010
AU	Australia	1	–	–	2	1	1	–	–	–	2
BG	Bulgaria	1	–	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	1
CH	Switzerland	18	9	3	2	5	10	9	9	4	4
CN	China	24	5	13	21	11	35	9	9	12	11
CO	Colombia	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1
CY	Cyprus	21	10	29	5	19	22	6	15	27	10
CZ	Czechia	1	–	–	–	5	8	–	–	–	2
DE	Germany	5	3	5	13	5	5	–	1	5	13
FI	Finland	1	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–
FR	France	5	3	4	3	3	5	6	5	1	3
GB	United Kingdom	4	–	–	–	2	4	2	–	–	2
GE	Georgia	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
HK	Hong Kong, China	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
IN	India	1	–	–	3	–	1	–	–	1	2
IT	Italy	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	4	1
JP	Japan	1	8	31	2	–	16	–	15	22	2
KR	Republic of Korea	–	4	–	–	–	3	1	3	–	–
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	2	–	1	–	2	1	1	1	–	–
NO	Norway	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
PL	Poland	5	4	7	5	9	3	2	3	–	4
PT	Portugal	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–
RO	Romania	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	1
SE	Sweden	–	1	1	3	5	1	–	2	1	2
SG	Singapore	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
SK	Slovakia	1	–	1	2	1	1	–	–	1	1
TR	Türkiye	1	–	–	3	5	–	1	–	1	3
US	United States of America	25	18	46	15	9	35	8	22	44	17
	Others	37	20	10	11	–	58	8	4	13	7

12. Resident Applications for Industrial Designs by Regions of Ukraine

Region	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	1,679	735	958	964	941
The Autonomous Republic of Crimea	-	-	-	-	-
regions					
Vinnitsia	19	9	22	24	15
Volyn	34	11	19	17	13
Dnipropetrovsk	154	74	161	173	115
Donetsk	26	7	13	6	5
Zhytomyr	30	13	5	27	65
Zakarpattia	8	8	7	8	18
Zaporizhzhia	33	7	13	19	30
Ivano-Frankivsk	14	13	16	18	10
Kyiv Region	99	29	51	67	52
Kirovohrad	6	3	11	7	6
Luhansk	10	4	-	3	2
Lviv	49	68	59	49	63
Mykolaiv	21	5	10	10	2
Odesa	87	43	53	52	43
Poltava	136	17	47	54	47
Rivne	38	35	24	34	20
Sumy	12	3	13	11	11
Ternopil	12	4	14	8	16
Kharkiv	165	59	136	86	107
Kherson	18	2	2	5	3
Khmelnyskyi	9	9	16	18	22
Cherkasy	16	10	15	10	19
Chernivtsi	6	12	9	5	9
Chernihiv	10	5	12	10	5
cities					
Kyiv	667	285	230	243	243
Sevastopol	-	-	-	-	-

13. Industrial Design Registrations by Classes of the LOC

Ranking	Class	Class heading	Registrations	
			qty	%
1	19	Stationery and office equipment, artists' and teaching materials	178	16.2
2	9	Packaging and containers for the transport or handling of goods	149	13.6
3	32	Graphic symbols and logos, surface patterns, ornamentation, arrangement of interiors and exteriors	128	11.6
4	23	Fluid distribution equipment, sanitary, heating, ventilation and air-conditioning equipment, solid fuel	96	8.7
6	11	Articles of adornment	74	6.7
5	25	Building units and construction elements	53	4.8
7	12	Means of transport or hoisting	52	4.7
8	3	Travel goods, cases, parasols and personal belongings, not elsewhere specified	50	4.5
9	6	Furnishing	43	3.9
10	2	Articles of clothing and haberdashery	41	3.7
11	14	Recording, telecommunication or data processing equipment	30	2.7
12	1	Foodstuffs	26	2.4
13	21	Games, toys, tents and sports goods	26	2.4
14	29	Devices and equipment against fire hazards, for accident prevention and for life saving	22	2.0
15	8	Tools and hardware	16	1.4
16	15	Machines, not elsewhere specified	15	1.4
17	20	Sales and advertising equipment, signs	15	1.4
18	13	Equipment for production, distribution or transformation of electricity	14	1.3
19	27	Tobacco and smokers' supplies	13	1.2
20	22	Arms, pyrotechnic articles, articles for hunting, fishing and pest killing	12	1.1
21	28	Pharmaceutical and cosmetic products, toilet articles and apparatus	11	1.0
22	7	Household goods, not elsewhere specified	8	0.7
23	26	Lighting apparatus	7	0.6
24	5	Textile piece goods, artificial and natural sheet material	4	0.4
25	10	Clocks and watches and other measuring instruments, checking and signalling instruments	4	0.4
26	24	Medical and laboratory equipment	4	0.4
27	30	Articles for the care and handling of animals	3	0.3
28	31	Machines and appliances for preparing food or drink, not elsewhere specified	3	0.3
29	16	Photographic, cinematographic and optical apparatus	2	0.2

14. International Registrations under the Hague Agreement by Origin

Code	Country	Registrations				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		505	441	490	470	514
AT	Austria	4	1	6	5	7
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	1	–	2	–	–
BG	Bulgaria	2	2	7	6	1
CA	Canada	3	1	4	2	1
CH	Switzerland	107	111	117	142	142
CN	China	34	34	46	24	40
CY	Cyprus	11	1	13	8	11
CZ	Czechia	7	12	8	19	14
DE	Germany	44	34	39	27	38
DK	Denmark	5	5	1	3	6
EE	Estonia	3	1	1	3	2
ES	Spain	14	8	9	16	4
FI	Finland	1	1	5	2	1
FR	France	72	42	82	35	30
GB	United Kingdom	10	6	8	7	6
HR	Croatia	2	6	4	4	2
HU	Hungary	3	2	3	3	–
IL	Israel	1	2	1	1	2
IT	Italy	47	41	30	37	54
JP	Japan	8	11	1	10	3
KR	Republic of Korea	3	5	8	11	8
LI	Liechtenstein	2	1	–	–	–
LV	Latvia	1	1	–	–	2
MD	Republic of Moldova	2	1	1	1	1
MT	Malta	4	5	2	–	–
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	17	26	22	20	23
NO	Norway	1	2	–	1	1
PL	Poland	17	20	8	15	12
RS	Serbia	1	2	–	1	1
SE	Sweden	3	8	10	6	8
SI	Slovenia	1	–	1	1	1
SK	Slovakia	2	–	–	1	2
TR	Türkiye	12	12	6	14	14
UA	Ukraine	17	7	9	15	18
US	United States of America	20	12	13	20	37
VN	Viet Nam	2	1	1	1	1
	Others	21	17	22	9	21

15. International Design Registrations by Classes of the LOC

Ranking	Class	Class heading	Registrations	
			qty	%
1	10	Clocks and watches and other measuring instruments, checking and signalling instruments	86	16.7
2	12	Means of transport or hoisting	62	12.1
3	9	Packaging and containers for the transport or handling of goods	53	10.3
4	11	Articles of adornment	40	7.8
5	7	Household goods, not elsewhere specified	40	7.8
6	14	Recording, telecommunication or data processing equipment	24	4.7
7	2	Articles of clothing and haberdashery	23	4.5
8	3	Travel goods, cases, parasols and personal belongings, not elsewhere specified	20	3.9
9	32	Graphic symbols and logos, surface patterns, ornamentation, arrangement of interiors and exteriors	17	3.3
10	15	Machines, not elsewhere specified	16	3.1
11	21	Games, toys, tents and sports goods	15	2.9
12	23	Fluid distribution equipment, sanitary, heating, ventilation and air-conditioning equipment, solid fuel	15	2.9
13	24	Medical and laboratory equipment	14	2.7
14	13	Equipment for production, distribution or transformation of electricity	14	2.7
15	25	Building units and construction elements	12	2.3
16	8	Tools and hardware	11	2.1
17	6	Furnishing	10	1.9
18	28	Pharmaceutical and cosmetic products, toilet articles and apparatus	7	1.4
19	26	Lighting apparatus	6	1.2
20	19	Stationery and office equipment, artists' and teaching materials	6	1.2
21	31	Machines and appliances for preparing food or drink, not elsewhere specified	4	0.8
22	5	Textile piece goods, artificial and natural sheet material	3	0.6
23	4	Brushware	3	0.6
24	1	Foodstuffs	2	0.4
25	16	Photographic, cinematographic and optical apparatus	2	0.4
26	27	Tobacco and smokers' supplies	2	0.4
27	22	Arms, pyrotechnic articles, articles for hunting, fishing and pest killing	2	0.4
28	30	Articles for the care and handling of animals	2	0.4
29	20	Sales and advertising equipment, signs	1	0.2
30	17	Musical instruments	1	0.2
31	18	Printing and office machinery	1	0.2

16. Trademark Applications and Registrations under the National Procedure by Origin

Code	Country	Applications					Registrations				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		31,346	16,173	25,224	23,817	24,704	22,455	16,029	14,530	14,743	20,281
UA	Ukraine	27,025	13,857	22,474	20,974	22,081	19,166	13,072	12,128	12,438	17,651
AE	United Arab Emirates	87	26	23	42	42	43	34	24	36	18
AM	Armenia	1	7	3	18	8	3	5	3	9	3
AR	Argentina	7	-	2	-	1	1	7	3	-	4
AT	Austria	44	14	27	17	11	32	38	19	19	17
AU	Australia	11	5	2	-	8	5	6	5	5	2
AZ	Azerbaijan	-	2	15	-	-	5	-	-	-	3
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	-	6	1	-	5	-	-	6	-
BE	Belgium	15	9	6	8	8	5	16	4	12	12
BG	Bulgaria	14	3	21	17	8	7	10	5	10	7
BM	Bermuda	6	1	1	1	-	6	4	3	-	4
BR	Brazil	10	3	3	7	4	9	3	8	2	3
BS	Bahamas	3	-	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	6
CA	Canada	15	14	12	14	4	21	19	14	11	12
CH	Switzerland	459	201	300	347	313	314	285	291	194	248
CL	Chile	1	1	1	-	-	5	6	-	3	-
CN	China	300	172	185	214	309	223	165	182	213	207
CO	Colombia	1	2	-	8	2	2	-	1	-	4
CU	Cuba	3	12	-	-	-	-	-	3	11	-
CW	Curaçao	3	1	4	7	7	4	3	3	-	1
CY	Cyprus	438	278	392	331	349	333	311	163	197	330
CZ	Czechia	16	7	11	15	22	10	-	10	8	8
DE	Germany	225	106	147	119	97	97	134	98	145	135
DK	Denmark	15	16	17	17	5	8	14	6	17	14
EE	Estonia	45	13	71	33	33	25	32	8	14	63
ES	Spain	79	15	11	24	28	28	27	25	13	16
FI	Finland	12	6	5	8	6	15	28	11	7	8
FR	France	121	29	39	65	67	58	62	61	44	39
GB	United Kingdom	207	155	237	187	162	183	146	116	158	251
GE	Georgia	36	24	13	9	20	9	8	18	22	15
GR	Greece	-	-	2	4	8	6	4	-	2	1
HK	Hong Kong, China	35	34	43	23	17	19	43	22	31	32
HR	Croatia	18	-	1	2	4	2	12	11	1	1
HU	Hungary	35	7	15	10	44	12	15	9	7	14
IE	Ireland	21	16	6	9	18	16	30	14	15	8
IL	Israel	24	18	26	9	7	46	36	21	13	18
IM	Isle of Man	-	-	2	1	-	4	1	6	-	2
IN	India	147	38	46	76	53	145	62	78	63	45
IT	Italy	61	11	19	25	29	39	40	27	13	22
JE	Jersey	18	-	-	-	-	2	-	18	-	-
JO	Jordan	6	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	4
JP	Japan	81	46	59	38	42	90	103	59	46	63
KR	Republic of Korea	88	83	45	55	61	118	93	56	78	61
KY	Cayman Islands	12	10	6	9	1	10	28	8	5	5
KZ	Kazakhstan	3	43	-	1	2	6	2	-	-	29
LI	Liechtenstein	17	4	20	20	29	14	9	14	8	14
LK	Sri Lanka	1	1	3	-	4	3	2	1	1	2

Code	Country	Applications					Registrations				
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
LT	Lithuania	27	14	35	32	12	31	27	17	12	25
LU	Luxembourg	17	5	8	20	10	51	23	9	10	16
LV	Latvia	9	5	33	48	24	20	9	3	7	34
MC	Monaco	1	–	–	14	4	1	1	–	–	10
MD	Republic of Moldova	20	6	5	6	4	3	2	9	4	3
MK	North Macedonia	17	52	9	7	2	6	7	36	29	6
MT	Malta	33	6	16	13	3	19	23	14	6	11
MU	Mauritius	7	15	8	72	6	1	2	4	10	10
MX	Mexico	14	–	6	4	1	8	5	10	1	8
MY	Malaysia	2	2	11	3	1	3	1	2	2	9
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	79	68	36	20	41	37	46	39	29	56
NO	Norway	1	3	1	3	–	–	6	2	–	1
NZ	New Zealand	1	–	4	10	7	5	3	1	–	2
PA	Panama	8	–	–	3	–	2	1	3	–	–
PL	Poland	107	64	141	151	111	101	65	42	52	122
PT	Portugal	6	3	26	2	2	2	–	2	5	7
QA	Qatar	–	3	–	6	–	4	2	–	3	–
RO	Romania	31	13	6	3	1	12	9	7	7	6
RS	Serbia	2	1	–	5	–	5	–	1	2	–
SA	Saudi Arabia	2	2	9	–	4	1	4	1	5	4
SC	Seychelles	9	2	–	4	5	14	6	4	–	–
SE	Sweden	12	12	15	26	26	29	18	8	14	20
SG	Singapore	34	22	39	27	19	21	23	34	18	30
SI	Slovenia	6	–	5	1	–	12	9	–	–	–
SK	Slovakia	15	5	11	9	4	3	9	7	7	8
TH	Thailand	30	2	8	2	20	15	11	17	5	4
TR	Türkiye	65	30	36	30	25	26	43	25	14	28
TW	Taiwan	20	9	7	6	12	22	17	16	11	10
US	United States of America	862	478	392	503	413	703	685	632	569	425
VG	British Virgin Islands	14	32	19	6	8	9	12	8	25	15
	Others	129	27	10	12	21	133	43	19	16	9

17. Distribution of Applications for Trademarks by Classes of NCL

NCL Class	Class Heading	Number of applications	By residents	By non-residents
35	Advertising; business management, organization and administration; office functions.	10,169 (21.3%)	9,702 (22.4%)	467 (10.7%)
41	Education; providing of training; entertainment; sporting and cultural activities.	3,847 (8.1%)	3,666 (8.5%)	181 (4.2%)
5	Pharmaceuticals, medical and veterinary preparations; sanitary preparations for medical purposes; dietetic food and substances adapted for medical or veterinary purposes, food for babies; dietary supplements for human beings and animals...	2,325 (4.9%)	1,672 (3.9%)	653 (15%)
9	Scientific, research, navigation, surveying, photographic, cinematographic, audiovisual, optical, weighing, measuring, signalling, detecting, testing, inspecting, life-saving and teaching apparatus and instruments...	2,096 (4.4%)	1,742 (4%)	354 (8.1%)
30	Coffee, tea, cocoa and substitutes therefor; rice, pasta and noodles; tapioca and sago; flour and preparations made from cereals...	2,057 (4.3%)	1,936 (4.5%)	121 (2.8%)
44	Medical services; veterinary services; hygienic and beauty care for human beings or animals; agriculture, aquaculture, horticulture and forestry services	2,044 (4.3%)	2,007 (4.6%)	37 (0.8%)
42	Scientific and technological services and research and design relating thereto...	1,918 (4%)	1,758 (4.1%)	160 (3.7%)
43	Services for providing food and drink; temporary accommodation.	1,864 (3.9%)	1,813 (4.2%)	51 (1.2%)
25	Clothing, footwear, headwear.	1,699 (3.6%)	1,612 (3.7%)	87 (2%)
3	Non-medicated cosmetics and toiletry preparations; non-medicated dentifrices; perfumes; bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use; cleaning, polishing and abrasive preparations.	1,587 (3.3%)	1,277 (2.9%)	310 (7.1%)
37	Construction services; installation and repair services; mining extraction, oil and gas drilling	1,377 (2.9%)	1,333 (3.1%)	44 (1%)
29	Meat, fish, poultry and game; meat extracts for culinary purposes; preserved, frozen, dried and cooked fruits, vegetables and seaweeds; jellies, jams, compotes; eggs; milk, cheese, butter, yogurt and other milk products; oils and fats for food	1,258 (2.6%)	1,197 (2.8%)	61 (1.4%)
36	Financial, monetary and banking services; insurance services; real estate services	1,204 (2.5%)	1,124 (2.6%)	80 (1.8%)
16	Paper and cardboard; printed matter; bookbinding material; photographs; stationery and office requisites, except furniture; adhesives for stationery or household purposes; drawing materials and materials for artists; paintbrushes; instructional and teaching materials; plastic sheets, films and bags for wrapping and packaging; printers' type, printing blocks.	991 (2.1%)	934 (2.2%)	57 (1.3%)
32	Beers; non-alcoholic beverages; mineral and aerated waters; fruit beverages and fruit juices; syrups and other preparations for making non-alcoholic beverages	863 (1.8%)	745 (1.7%)	118 (2.7%)
33	Alcoholic beverages, except beers; alcoholic preparations for making beverages	793 (1.7%)	618 (1.4%)	175 (4%)
39	Transport; packaging and storage of goods; travel arrangement	776 (1.6%)	733 (1.7%)	43 (1%)
45	Legal services; security services for the physical protection of tangible property and individuals; dating services, online social networking services; funerary services; babysitting	775 (1.6%)	750 (1.7%)	25 (0.6%)
12	Vehicles; apparatus for locomotion by land, air or water	751 (1.6%)	662 (1.5%)	89 (2%)
31	Raw and unprocessed agricultural, aquacultural, horticultural and forestry products; raw and unprocessed grains and seeds; fresh fruits and vegetables, fresh herbs; natural plants and flowers; bulbs, seedlings and seeds for planting; live animals; foodstuffs and beverages for animals; malt	630 (1.3%)	582 (1.3%)	48 (1.1%)

18. Trademark Applications under the Madrid System by Origin

Code	Country	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total		8,121	6,919	5,566	5,267	5,312
AE	United Arab Emirates	9	29	13	28	22
AM	Armenia	28	12	20	25	9
AT	Austria	100	105	103	71	77
AU	Australia	56	60	48	48	23
AZ	Azerbaijan	3	8	6	4	1
BE	Belgium	106	77	68	59	72
BG	Bulgaria	71	198	181	194	224
BR	Brazil	8	7	6	5	8
CA	Canada	67	43	42	37	15
CH	Switzerland	460	363	307	310	252
CN	China	1,055	826	725	845	775
CY	Cyprus	47	59	24	35	30
CZ	Czechia	94	75	72	45	93
DE	Germany	1,133	974	758	597	685
DK	Denmark	59	51	35	52	46
EE	Estonia	23	28	19	18	23
EG	Egypt	1	11	4	3	5
ES	Spain	149	121	116	100	106
FI	Finland	51	53	44	27	30
FR	France	520	395	391	415	424
GB	United Kingdom	197	214	179	150	157
GE	Georgia	20	7	9	17	7
GR	Greece	4	12	13	11	5
HR	Croatia	13	14	11	12	12
HU	Hungary	162	139	95	203	162
IE	Ireland	37	36	30	10	17
IL	Israel	36	44	29	20	14
IN	India	30	25	27	36	25
IR	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	11	10	11	7	6
IS	Iceland	8	3	-	2	4
IT	Italy	458	400	321	326	355
JP	Japan	170	162	112	96	123
KR	Republic of Korea	202	154	150	137	155
KZ	Kazakhstan	37	44	19	11	12
LI	Liechtenstein	19	11	12	3	5
LT	Lithuania	34	29	22	23	15
LU	Luxembourg	40	52	42	29	28
LV	Latvia	32	26	11	12	16
MA	Morocco	7	13	12	1	6
MC	Monaco	10	2	3	11	6
MD	Republic of Moldova	60	30	20	21	21
MK	North Macedonia	3	7	17	21	12
MT	Malta	24	16	7	9	3
MX	Mexico	5	9	8	3	6
MY	Malaysia	5	4	-	-	2
NL	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	135	130	119	80	93
NO	Norway	27	22	14	6	7
NZ	New Zealand	1	5	8	-	7
OM	Oman	7	6	2	3	6
PL	Poland	241	154	164	117	128
PT	Portugal	21	21	11	16	11
RO	Romania	19	31	19	16	28
RS	Serbia	18	21	17	13	12
SE	Sweden	81	87	87	64	77
SG	Singapore	45	47	47	54	46
SI	Slovenia	16	67	24	84	54
SK	Slovakia	19	18	6	20	29
TH	Thailand	7	1	1	-	3
TR	Türkiye	293	302	245	228	170
US	United States of America	758	653	524	397	473
UZ	Uzbekistan	6	11	11	7	10
VG	British Virgin Islands	9	3	6	4	2
VN	Viet Nam	16	17	10	13	10
	Others	738	365	109	56	52

19. Correspondence of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report with the Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028

№	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
1	2. Sustainability, Social Impact and Institutional Accountability	KO 7.1 – Development of innovations, commercialization of intellectual property, and effective operations of the National IP&Innovations Hub; KO 7.2 – a wide range of intellectual property services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators; KO 7.8 – expansion of the TISC network; Strategic Direction 9 – transparency of UANIPIO’s activities; Section 6 of the Strategic Plan – potential risks and risk management
2	3. Performance and Quality of Service Indicators	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – ensuring reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 2.4 – effective management of expert staff; resource goal 2.1 – a quality management system in accordance with the requirements of ISO 9001:2015; resource goal 2.2 – a system for managing goals and evaluating staff using the KPI methodology
3	4. International Cooperation in the Field of Intellectual Property	Strategic Direction 1 – development of international cooperation in the field of intellectual property; SO 1.1 – representation of Ukraine’s interests in WIPO; SO 1.2 – harmonization of the legal system for the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights in Ukraine and the EU; SO 1.3 – regional and bilateral cooperation
4	4.1. Cooperation with the World Intellectual Property Organization	SO 1.1 – representation of Ukraine’s interests in WIPO; SO 2.3 – compliance with the standards for ISA/IPEA status; SO 8.3 – training, re-training and professional development of specialists in the field of intellectual property
5	4.2. Cooperation with the European Institutions and the Promotion of European Integration	SO 1.2 – harmonization of the legal framework for the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights in Ukraine and the EU; SO 4.1 – alignment with EU law and participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU Membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – research on legislation and preparation of proposals for legislative updates, as well as the unification and simplification of procedures
6	4.3. Regional and Bilateral Cooperation Network	SO 1.3 – building a close network of regional and bilateral cooperation
7	4.4. Expansion of International Cooperation in the Field of Intellectual Property Commercialization and Technology Transfer	KO 7.6 – strengthening cooperation between the public and private sectors, and supporting activities and institutions; KO 7.7 – strengthening links between national and international innovation systems; KO 7.2 – a wide range of IP services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators
8	5. Examination of Applications for Industrial Property Rights	Strategic Direction 2 – reliable protection of applicants’ IP rights; SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of IP applications; SO 2.2 – reasonable terms for the examination of applications; SO 2.4 – effective expert staffing potential; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of issues related to the acquisition of IP rights
9	5.1. Inventions	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of applications for the acquisition of intellectual property rights
10	5.2. Utility Models	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of applications for the acquisition of intellectual property rights
11	5.3. Industrial Designs	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of applications for the acquisition of intellectual property rights; SO 4.2 – updating legislation, standardizing and simplifying procedures
12	5.4. Trademarks	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for examining applications; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of applications for the acquisition of intellectual property rights; SO 4.2 – updating legislation, unifying and simplifying procedures; SO 1.2 – harmonization of the legal protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights in Ukraine and the EU

№	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
13	5.5. Geographical Indications	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 4.1 – participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – updating legislation, standardizing and simplifying procedures
14	5.6. Layouts of Semiconductor Products	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of applications for the acquisition of intellectual property rights
15	5.7. Performance of the Functions of the International Searching Authority and International Preliminary Examining Authority	SO 2.3 – compliance with the standards for ISA/IPEA status; SO 1.1 – cooperation with WIPO; SO 2.1 – improving the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights
16	5.8. Participation in the Implementation of Sanctions Policy in the Field of Intellectual Property	SO 5.5 – UANIPIO’s active participation in the implementation of sanctions policy in the field of intellectual property; SO 5.6 – improving the effectiveness of intellectual property rights protection
17	6. Development of the Industrial Property Protection	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of applications for industrial property rights; SO 2.5 – methodological support for the examination of issues related to the acquisition and exercise of intellectual property rights; SO 4.1 – alignment with EU law and participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – researching legislation and preparing proposals for legislative updates, as well as unifying and simplifying procedures; SO 4.3 – researching issues related to the application of intellectual property law mechanisms to non-traditional intellectual property objects and other results of intellectual and creative activity; SO 4.4 – research and preparation of proposals for national legislation on the development of innovative entrepreneurship, the building of an innovation ecosystem, and the commercialization of IP, with consideration of the EU’s experience
18	6.1. Legal and Methodological Support for the Field of Industrial Property	SO 4.1 – alignment with EU law and participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU Membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – research on legislation and preparation of proposals for legislative updates, unification, and simplification of procedures; SO 4.3 – research on the application of intellectual property law mechanisms to protect non-traditional intellectual property objects and other results of intellectual and creative activity; SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of IP rights
19	6.2. Providing Information and Clarifications Regarding the Implementation of State Policy in the Field of Industrial Property Rights Protection	SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights; KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication in the field of intellectual property; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge regarding intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
20	6.3. State Registration of Industrial Property Rights	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of IP applications; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 3.1 – digitization of IP service delivery processes
21	6.4. Local Budget Revenues from Activities Related to the Obtaining of Patents/Certificates for Industrial Property Rights	Strategic Direction 9 – transparency of UANIPIO’s activities; the resource segment of the Strategic Plan regarding financial discipline and systematic management
22	7. Development of the Field of Copyright and Related Rights	SO 4.1 – alignment with EU law and participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU Membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – research on legislation and preparation of proposals for legislative updates, as well as the unification and simplification of procedures; SO 4.3 – research on the application of intellectual property law mechanisms to protect non-traditional intellectual property objects and other results of intellectual and creative activity; KO 6.1 – a professional and high-quality platform for communication in the field of IP with the creative industries; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge regarding intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
23	7.1. Legal and Methodological Support for the Field of Copyright and Related Rights	SO 4.1 – alignment with EU law and participation in the implementation of Ukraine’s Roadmap for EU Membership in the field of intellectual property; SO 4.2 – research on legislation and preparation of proposals for legislative updates, as well as the unification and simplification of procedures; SO 4.3 – research on issues related to the application of intellectual property law mechanisms to protect non-traditional intellectual property objects and other results of intellectual and creative activity

№	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
24	7.2. Promoting the Development of the Creative Sectors of the Economy	KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication in the field of intellectual property, facilitating communication between rights holders, businesses, and the creative industries with government institutions; KO 7.2 – a wide range of services for authors and creators in the field of intellectual property and innovation; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge regarding intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
25	7.3. Informing and Providing Clarifications on the Implementation of State Policy in the Field of Copyright and Related Rights Protection	KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication in the field of intellectual property, facilitating communication between rights holders, businesses, and the creative industries with government institutions; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SC 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
26	7.4. State Registration of Copyright	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of IP applications; SO 2.2 – reasonable timeframes for the examination of applications; SO 3.1 – digitization of IP service delivery processes
27	7.5. State Registration of Contracts Related to the Author's Right in a Work	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of IP applications; SO 2.2 – reasonable examination timeframes for applications; SO 4.2 – updating legislation, standardizing and simplifying procedures; CC 7.2 – a wide range of services for authors and creators in the field of IP and innovation
28	7.6. Providing Methodological Assistance to Collective Management Organizations and Monitoring of Their Activities	SO 4.2 – research on the application of legislation, updating legislation, and unifying and simplifying procedures; SO 5.3 – monitoring the enforcement of laws; KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for dialogue with rights holders and the creative industries in the field of intellectual property
29	7.7. Revenue to the State Budget from the processing of applications for the state registration of copyright and contracts concerning proprietary rights in copyright works	Strategic Direction 9 – transparency of operations; the resource segment of the Strategic Plan regarding financial discipline
30	8. Client-centricity	SO 3.1 – digitization of IP service delivery processes; SO 3.2 – new online services for applicants; KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication in the field of IP; KO 7.2 – services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators in the field of IP and innovation
31	9. Digital Transformation	Strategic Direction 3 – digital transformation; SO 3.1 – widespread digitization of IP service delivery processes; SO 3.2 – new online services for applicants and a digital platform for communication in the IP sector
32	9.1. Extensive Digitalization of the Processes of Providing Services in the Field of Intellectual Property	SO 3.1 – widespread digitization of IP service delivery processes
33	9.2. Online Services and Development of Digital Platform for Communication in the Field of Intellectual Property	SO 3.2 – new online services for applicants and a digital platform for communication in the IP sector SO 3.2 – new online services for applicants and a digital platform for communication in the IP sector
34	9.3. Interactive Databases and Reference Systems	SO 3.1 – digitization of IP service delivery processes; SO 3.2 – new online services for applicants; KO 7.3 – an information cluster as the foundation of the National IP&Innovations Hub digital platform
35	10. Protection of Intellectual Property Rights	Strategic Direction 5 – effective protection of intellectual property rights
36	10.1. Ensuring the Representation of UANIPIO's interests in judicial proceedings concerning the protection of Intellectual Property Rights	SO 5.2 – timely and effective representation of UANIPIO's interests before Ukrainian courts in cases concerning the protection of intellectual property rights
37	10.2. Enforcement of Court Decisions on Intellectual Property Issues	SO 5.2 – timely and effective representation of UANIPIO's interests before Ukrainian courts in cases concerning the protection of intellectual property rights; SO 5.3 – monitoring law enforcement and compiling case law on the protection of intellectual property rights
38	10.3. Ensuring the Introduction of Mediation and Promoting Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanisms in the Field of Intellectual Property in Ukraine	SO 5.4 – promoting alternative dispute resolution mechanisms in Ukraine and ensuring the implementation of mediation
39	10.4. Ensuring the Implementation and Realization of Monitoring Measures on Intellectual Property Rights Infringements	SO 5.3 – monitoring law enforcement and compiling case law on the protection of intellectual property rights; SO 5.6 – improving the effectiveness of intellectual property rights protection in Ukraine and cooperating on combating intellectual property rights infringements

№	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
40	11. Ensuring the Activities of Collegial Bodies of UANIPIO	SO 5.1 – work of the Appeals Chamber; SO 2.6 – Commission’s activities regarding the granting of permission to use state symbols in trademarks; KO 6.3 – certification of patent attorneys and improving the quality of professional representation in the field of intellectual property
41	11.1. Ensuring the Activities of the Appeals Chamber of UANIPIO	SO 5.1 – impartial and competent work of the Appeals Chamber
42	11.2. Ensuring the Activity of the Commission concerning the Granting of Permission to Use the Official Name and International Letter Code of the State of Ukraine and/or to Include an Imitation of the Small State Emblem Of Ukraine in the Trademark Image	SO 2.6 – improvement of the Commission’s activities regarding the granting of permission to use state symbols in trademarks
43	11.3. Ensuring the Activities of the Attestation Commission of the UANIPIO and the Appeals Commission of the UANIPIO	KO 6.3 – certification of patent attorneys and improving the quality of professional representation in the field of intellectual property
44	12. Information Support in the Field of Intellectual Property Rights Protection	SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights; SO 3.1–3.3 – extensive digitization of IP service delivery processes and information systems; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
45	12.1. Internet Resources of UANIPIO	SO 3.2 – a digital platform for communication in the IP sector; KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication with stakeholders in the IP sector; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities
46	12.2. Publications in the Field of Intellectual Property Legal Protection	SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
47	12.3. Patent Information Resources	SO 2.1 – raising the standards for the examination of IP applications; SO 2.3 – compliance with standards for the status of an ISA/IPEA; SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of IP rights; KO 7.2 – services in the field of IP and innovation; KC 7.3 – an information cluster as the foundation of a digital platform
48	12.4. International Classifications in the Ukrainian Translation: New Versions/Editions	SO 1.2 – harmonization of the legal system for the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights in Ukraine and the EU; SO 2.5 – methodological guidance on the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights; SO 4.2 – unification and simplification of procedures
49	12.5. WIPO International Standards in the Ukrainian Translation	SO 1.1 – cooperation with WIPO; SO 2.5 – methodological support regarding the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights; SO 4.2 – research on legislation and preparation of proposals for updating and standardizing procedures
50	13. Innovation as a Strategic Resource for Ukraine’s Recovery and Development	Strategic Direction 7 – innovative breakthrough as the fundamental guiding principle for Ukraine’s recovery and development
51	13.1. Building Ukraine’s Innovation Ecosystem. Development and Implementation of Support Mechanisms for the Application of the Results of Inventive Activity, the Commercialization of Intellectual Property, and Technology Transfer	KO 7.1 – regulatory and legal framework for innovation and commercialization; KO 7.2 – IP and innovation services provided by the National IP&Innovations Hub for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators; KO 7.3 – an information cluster as the foundation of the National IP&Innovations Hub digital platform; KO 7.4 – incubation and acceleration through the National IP&Innovations Hub; KO 7.6 – strengthening cooperation between the public and private sectors, and supporting the activities of relevant institutions; Strategic Direction 4.4 – research and preparation of proposals for national legislation on the development of innovative entrepreneurship, the building of an innovation ecosystem, and the commercialization of intellectual property
52	13.2. Promotion of the Development Of Intellectual Property Rights And Innovations In The Field Of Security And Defense	KO 7.1 – regulatory and legal framework for innovation and commercialization; KO 7.2 – intellectual property and innovation services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators; KO 7.6 – strengthening cooperation between the public and private sectors, supporting activities and institutions; KO 6.4 – dialogue with innovation stakeholders; SO 4.4 – research and preparation of proposals for national legislation on the development of innovative entrepreneurship, the development of an innovation ecosystem, and the commercialization of intellectual property

№	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
53	13.3. Expansion of the TISC Network and Support for Regional TISC Network Projects	KO 7.8 – expansion of the TISC network and support for regional projects; KO 7.2 – intellectual property and innovation services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators; KO 7.5 – the National IP&Innovations Hub as a knowledge hub; KO 6.4 – dialogue with innovation stakeholders
54	13.4. Trends in Consultations Provided by UANIPIO on Other Intellectual Property and Innovation Matters in 2024–2025	KO 7.2 – intellectual property and innovation services for inventors, innovators, authors, and creators; KO 7.5 – the National IP&Innovations Hub as a knowledge hub; KO 7.8 – expansion of the TISC network and support for regional projects; SO 2.5 – methodological guidance on the acquisition and management of intellectual property rights
55	13.5. Improving the Regulatory Framework to Promote the Development of Innovation and the Commercialization of Intellectual Property	SO 4.4 – preparing proposals for national legislation on the development of innovative entrepreneurship, the development of an innovation ecosystem, and the commercialization of intellectual property; KO 7.1 – regulatory and legal framework for innovation and commercialization
56	13.6. Interactive Information Resources and Analytical Materials	KO 7.3 – information cluster as the foundation of a digital platform; KO 7.5 – National IP&Innovations Hub as a knowledge hub; SO 3.3 – online services for developing an innovative environment
57	13.7. Trends in the Use of Artificial Intelligence in the Field of Intellectual Property and Innovation	SO 3.3 – online services for developing an innovative environment; KO 7.3 – information cluster as the foundation of a digital platform; SO 4.3 – research on the application of intellectual property law mechanisms to protect non-traditional intellectual property objects and other results of intellectual and creative activity
58	14. UANIPIO – a Platform for Quality Dialogue in the Field of Intellectual Property	Strategic Direction 6 – UANIPIO as a high-quality platform for dialogue; KO 6.1 – professional and high-quality dialogue with rights holders, businesses, and the creative industries in the field of intellectual property; KO 6.2 – dialogue with the professional community; KO 6.4 – dialogue with innovation stakeholders
59	15. Fostering a Culture of Respect for Intellectual Property. Improving Professional Competence	Strategic Direction 8 – fostering a culture of and respect for intellectual property; SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.3 – training, re-training, and professional training of specialists
60	15.1. Partnership with the WIPO Academy: Developing Competencies and Strengthening Human Resources in Ukraine	SO 8.3 – professional training of specialists; SO 1.1 – cooperation with WIPO; SO 2.4 – development of human resource and expert potential
61	15.2. Development of Professional Competencies and Practical Skills in the Field of Intellectual Property	SO 8.3 – training, re-training and professional development of specialists; SO 2.4 – development of expert human resources; KO 6.3 – certification of patent attorneys and improvement of the level of professional representation in the field of intellectual property
62	15.3. Educational Initiatives for Educational Institutions: Developing Intellectual Property Competencies	SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – public education in the field of intellectual and creative activities
63	15.4. Popularizing Intellectual Property Awareness: Public Communications and Enlightenment	SO 8.1 – promoting knowledge about intellectual and creative activities; SO 8.2 – raising awareness in the field of intellectual and creative activities; KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication with the public and stakeholders in the field of intellectual property
64	16. Risk Management and Institutional Resilience	Section 6 of the Strategic Plan – potential risks and risk management; resource objective 2.1 – a quality management system in accordance with the requirements of ISO 9001:2015; resource objective 2.2 – a system for managing objectives and evaluating staff using the KPI methodology; strategic direction 9 – transparency of operations and accountability
65	17. Transparency of UANIPIO's Activities and Corporate Culture	Strategic direction 9 – transparency and accountability; resource segment of the Strategic Plan, part 1 – a qualified team, a culture of innovation and learning; resource segment of the Strategic Plan, part 2 – managing UANIPIO as a unified system
66	17.1. Compliance with Anti-Corruption Legislation	SO 9.2 – compliance with anti-corruption laws and effective operation of the corruption prevention unit
67	17.2. Observance of Financial Discipline	Strategic direction 9 – transparency and accountability; the resource segment of the Strategic Plan regarding financial discipline and systematic management
68	17.3. Internal Control and Audit	SO 9.3 – implementation and effective operation of internal audit at UANIPIO
69	17.4. Processing of Public Appeals	KO 6.1 – a professional, high-quality platform for communication with the public and stakeholders in the field of intellectual property; strategic direction 9 – transparency and accountability
70	17.5. Human Resources Policy, Professional Development of	SO 2.4 – management of HR expert potential; resource objectives 1.2–1.7 – employer brand, training, onboarding, corporate culture, effective HR; resource

Nº	Section of the UANIPIO 2025 Annual Report	Objectives of the UANIPIO Strategic Plan for 2024–2028
	Employees and the Development of Corporate Culture	objective 2.3 – implementation of a staff motivation system focused on achieving the organization's strategic objectives; resource objective 2.4 – research on employee engagement and satisfaction
71	17.6. Ensuring Systematic, Transparent and Holistic Approach to the Management of the Organization	Resource objective 2.1 – a quality management system in accordance with the requirements of ISO 9001:2015; resource objective 2.2 – a system for managing objectives and evaluating staff using the KPI methodology; resource objective 2.3 – implementation of a staff motivation system focused on achieving the organization's strategic objectives; resource objective 2.4 – research on employee engagement and satisfaction; strategic direction 9 – transparency of operations and accountability
72	Annexes	Supporting evidence of the implementation of the relevant strategic priorities; specifically, strategic direction 9 – transparency and accountability – as well as Section 7 of the Strategic Plan – key performance indicators

Legend: SO – strategic objective; KO – key objective; resource objective – objective from the “Resources” Section of the Strategic Plan

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